Cambridge International Examinations<br>Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## ACCOUNTING <br> 0452/13

Paper 1
October/November 2016
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 120

## Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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## Glossary for Q1

(c) $\mathrm{A}+50-80+10=\$ 20$ credit

B $+50-80-10=\$ 40$ credit
C $+50+80-10=\$ 120$ debit
D $+50+80+10=\$ 140$ debit
(f) A $(60000-6000) \times 1 / 2+4000-18000=\$ 13000$

B $(60000-6000) \times 1 / 2=\$ 27000$
C $(60000-6000) \times 1 / 2+2000=\$ 29000$
D $(60000-6000) \times 1 / 2+4000=\$ 31000$
(g) A 85000-15000-10000 $=\$ 60000$

B $30000+85000-15000-10000=\$ 90000$
C $30000+85000-15000=\$ 100000$
D $30000+85000-10000=\$ 105000$
(i) A $6100 / 90000 \times 365=25$ days

B $6100 / 84000 \times 365=27$ days
C $7400 / 90000 \times 365=31$ days
D $7400 / 84000 \times 365=33$ days

## Mark scheme

1 (a) D
(b) D
(c) B
(d) B
(e) $B$
(f) D
(g) C
(h) $A$
(i) B
(j) C

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

2 (a) A decrease in a non-current asset account requires a credit (1) entry.
An increase in a liability account requires a credit (1) entry.
An increase in an expense account requires a debit (1) entry.
(b) Any reasonable example for (1) mark, e.g. bank overdraft, loan, trade payable
(c)

| debit entry | credit entry |
| :---: | :---: |
| income statement (1) | provision for depreciation (1) |

(d) to simplify information in the ledger
to allow book-keeping duties to be shared
to reduce the number of entries in the ledger
as an aid for posting to the ledger
to gather and summarise information
to facilitate preparation of control accounts
to group similar transactions together
any one for (1) mark
(e)

| book of prime (original) entry | source document |
| :--- | :--- |
| cash book | cheque counterfoil/bank <br> statement/till roll <br> receipt/voucher <br> petty cash book <br> sales journal <br> sales returns journal <br> purchases journal <br> purchases returns journal <br> general journal |
| credit note issued <br> purchase invoice <br> credit note received <br> invoice for non-current asset <br> purchased on credit or other <br> suitable document |  |

Any two books for (1) mark each plus two related documents for (1) mark each. Allow other reasonable suggestions for document.
(f) A trading business buys and sells goods. (1) A service business provides a service instead. (1) A trading business produces a trading account (1) and a service business does not.(1) A trading business holds inventory. (1) A service business holds no inventory. (1)
[max 2 for each type of business]
[max 3]

| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

(g)

|  | trading business <br> only | service business <br> only | both |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cost of sales | $\checkmark(\mathbf{1 )}$ |  |  |
| gross profit | $\checkmark(1)$ |  |  |
| discount allowed |  |  | $\checkmark(1)$ |
| profit for the year |  |  | $ل(\mathbf{1})$ |

(h)

|  | principle |
| :--- | :--- |
| the same accounting treatment should be <br> applied to similar items at all times | consistency (1) |
| transactions should be expressed in <br> monetary terms | money measurement (1) |
| financial statements should assume that a <br> business will continue to operate indefinitely | going concern (1) |


| Page 5 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

3
(a) $(8 \times 1200)+(4 \times 1000)=\$ 13600(1)$
(b) one month's rent accrued/unpaid (1)
(c)

| 2015 | Winston Rent account |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ |  | 2015 |  | \$ |
| Sept 4 | Bank | 6000 | \} | Sept 1 | Balance b/d | 1000 |
| 2016 |  |  |  | 2016 |  |  |
| Mar 1 | Bank | 7400 | \} | Aug 31 | Income statement | 13600 |
| July 9 | Bank | 3600 | \} (1) |  | Balance c/d | 2400 |
|  |  | 17000 |  |  |  | 17000 |
| Sept 1 | Balance b/d | 2400 | (1of) |  |  |  |

(d)

|  |  |  | Winston Sales ledger Jared account |  |  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2016 |  | \$ |  | 2016 |  |  |  |
| Aug 1 | Balance b/d | 300 | (1) | Aug 6 | Sales returns | 40 | (1) |
| Aug 3 | Sales | 480 | (1) | Aug 9 | Bank | 291 | (1) |
| Aug 18 | Sales | 320 | (1) |  | Discount allowed | 9 | (1) |
|  |  |  |  | Aug 31 | Balance c/d | 760 |  |
|  |  | 1100 |  |  |  | 1100 |  |
| Sept 1 | Balance b/d | 760 | (1of) |  |  |  |  |

$+(1)$ for dates
(e)

| account debited | account credited |
| :--- | :---: |
| Jared (purchases ledger <br> account) | Jared (sales ledger account) |

(f) work in progress (1)

| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

(g)

|  | manufacturing <br> account | income statement |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| purchases of raw <br> materials | $\checkmark$ |  |
| salesman's wages |  | $\checkmark$ |
| carriage outwards |  | $\checkmark$ |
| purchases of finished <br> goods |  | $\checkmark$ |
| machine operator's wages | $\checkmark$ |  |
| factory supervisor's salary | $\checkmark$ |  |
| inventory of raw materials | $\checkmark$ |  |
| carriage inwards | $\checkmark$ |  |
| inventory of finished <br> goods |  | $\checkmark$ |

Any two correct for (1) mark

4 (a) to access additional capital
for additional expertise/more ideas
to share responsibilities/cover sickness and holidays
to shares losses/risks
Any one reason for (1) mark
(b) to avoid disagreements in the future
(c) capital contribution by each partner
profit sharing ratio
interest on capital
interest on drawings
partners' salaries
interest on partners' loans
Any two for (1) mark each

| Page 7 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

(d)

| debit entry | credit entry |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drawings Rajiv (1) | Bank (1) |

(e)

| debit entry | credit entry |
| :---: | :---: |
| Current account Rajiv (1) | Drawings Rajiv (1) |

(f)

Friedrich and Graham
Trial Balance at 31 July 2016

|  | \$ | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank | 4800 |  |  |
| Cash | 200 |  |  |
| Fees |  | 81000 | (1) |
| Rent | 12000 |  |  |
| Wages | 6800 |  | \} (1) |
| Administration costs | 19500 |  |  |
| Drawings - Friedrich | 25000 |  |  |
| - Graham | 16100 |  | \} (1) |
| Equipment | 24200 |  |  |
| Provision for depreciation |  | 6500 | \} (1) |
| Trade receivables | 17400 |  |  |
| Other payables |  | 1100 | \} (1) |
| Capital account - Friedrich |  | 20000 |  |
| - Graham |  | 15000 | \} (1) |
| Current account - Friedrich | 900 |  | (1of) |
| - Graham |  | 3300 |  |
|  | 126900 | 126900 | (1) |


| Page 8 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

5 (a)

| Boris |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2015 |  | Total trade receivables account |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | \$ |  | 2016 |  | \$ |  |
| Jul 1 | Balance b/d | 300 | (1) | Jun 30 | Bank/cash/cash book | 6800 | (1) |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  | Bad debts | 250 | (1) |
| Jun 30 | Sales | 7770 | (1) |  | Sales returns | 480 | (1) |
|  |  |  |  |  | Balance c/d | 540 | (1of) |
|  |  | 8070 |  |  |  | 8070 |  |

2016
Jul 1 Balance b/d 540
(b)

| Total trade payables account |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2016 \\ & \text { Jun } 30 \end{aligned}$ |  | \$ |  | 2015 |  | \$ |  |
|  | Bank/cash/cash book | 4320 | (1) | Jul 1 | Balance b/d | 710 | (1) |
|  | Discount received | 210 | (1of) | 2016 |  |  |  |
|  | Balance c/d | 680 | (1) | Jun 30 | Purchases | 4500 | (1) |
|  |  | 5210 |  |  |  | 5210 |  |
|  |  |  |  | $2016$ | Balance b/d | 680 |  |

[5]
(c)

Boris
Statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2016

| Statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  |
|  | Cost | Acc dep |  | NBV |  |
| Non-current assets | $\underline{7100}$ | $\underline{3230}$ | (1) | $\underline{3870}$ | (1of) |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory |  |  |  | 700 | (1) |
| Trade receivables |  |  |  | 540 | (1of) |
|  |  |  |  | 1240 |  |
| Total assets |  |  |  | $\underline{5110}$ |  |
| Capital |  |  |  |  |  |
| At 1 July 2015 |  |  |  | 5010 | (1) |
| Profit for the year |  |  |  | 1070 | (1of) |
| Drawings |  |  |  | (2050) | (1) |
|  |  |  |  | 4030 | (1of) |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade payables |  |  |  | 680 | (1) |
| Other payables |  |  |  | 100 | (1) |
| Bank |  |  |  | 300 | (1) |
|  |  |  |  | 1080 |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | $\underline{5110}$ |  |


| Page 9 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

(d) Drawings are high/too high (1)

Drawings are almost twice profit (1)
Drawings are about half the capital (1)
Excessive drawings are causing a shortage of cash in the business (1)
Funds should be left in the business so that it can function or grow (1)
Profits need to be higher to finance the level of drawings (1)
Drawings need to be lower to enable the business to continue/may have financial problems in the future (1)
Answers to be based on OF profit
[Total: 24]

6 (a)

> Chess Club
> Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2015

(b)

## Chess Club

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2015

Subscriptions 17700 + 950 (1) - 550 (1)
Less expenditure
Loss for the year
Depreciation of equipment (1)
$3100+3800-5150 \quad 1750$ (1)
Rent
Wages
Sundry expenses
Deficit
\$ \$
18100
650 (1of)

4800
8400 (1) $4300\}$ \}

| Page 10 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - October/November 2016 | 0452 | 13 |

(c) $\frac{550}{6150}$ (1of) 1 of) $\times \frac{100}{1}=8.94 \%$ (1of)
(d)

| Chess Club <br> Statement of revised profit |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| \$ | \$ |
|  | 8610 |
|  | 6150 |
|  | 2460 |
| 1722 (1of) |  |
| 500 (1) |  |
|  | 2222 |
|  | 238 |

OR

|  | \$ |  | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Increase in revenue/gross profit | 1910 | (1of) |  |
| Original wages | 1200 | (1) | 3110 |
| Commission | 1722 | (1of) |  |
| Computer costs | 500 | (1) |  |
| Less original loss | 650 | (1of) | 2872 |
| Profit for the year |  |  | 238 |

(e) Increase subscription rate

Increase membership
Increase selling price in shop
Reduce cost of sales in shop
Reduce expenses in shop
Sell off unused equipment
Obtain a loan
Start fundraising
Seek donations
Sponsorship
Or other acceptable suggestions
Any two reasonable suggestions for (1) mark each
(f) Members have not invested capital in the organisation (1) and therefore cannot earn a return on their investment (1). Any surplus is retained in the organisation (1).

