## MARK SCHEME for the November 2004 question papers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published Report on the Examination.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

- CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.

Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0610/03 (Biology) in the November 2004 examination.

|  | maximum | minimum mark required for grade: |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mark <br> available | A | C | E | F |  |
| Component 3 | 80 | 52 | 39 | 26 | 21 |  |

The threshold (minimum mark) for $B$ is set halfway between those for Grades $A$ and $C$. The threshold (minimum mark) for $D$ is set halfway between those for Grades $C$ and $E$. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the $E$ threshold is above it.
Grade $\mathrm{A}^{*}$ does not exist at the level of an individual component.

## INTERNATIONAL GCSE

## MARK SCHEME

## MAXIMUM MARK: 80

## SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/03 BIOLOGY <br> Paper 3 (Extended Theory)

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(a) (i) (ANIMAL CELLS) B, C + (PLANT CELLS) A, D
(ii) Ref. to (cell) wall/(sap) vacuole; © chloroplast
(b) MARK COLUMNS INDEPENDENTLY

| CEL | L SPECIAL FEATURE | CELL FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | ref. to chloroplasts /chlorophyll; | ref. to photosynthesis/ability to trap or absorb light/make starch AW; |
| (B) | ref. to fibrils or fibres or protein strands/ability to contract AW; <br> (A) ref. to many mitochondria <br> ® elastic | ref. to movement AW; <br> (A) to contract (if not already given) <br> ${ }^{\circledR}$ to relax unqualified <br> ® elastic |
| (C) | presence of cilia/hairs/ref to ciliated cell; <br> (A) ref. to many mitochondria <br> ${ }^{\circledR}$ has hair <br> ® villi | ref. to movement of mucus/removal of bacteria or impurities or dust AW (from windpipe)/movement of egg (in oviduct); <br> $®$ to trap bacteria |
|  | (A) microvilli/brush border | (A) absorption of glucose/amino acids (linked to microvilli or brush border) |
| (D) | ref. to root hair/(long) extension AW/large surface area; <br> (A) ref. to hair-like extension <br> (A) ref. to many mitochondria <br> ® large vacuole; | ref. to absorption of water or minerals/ref. to osmosis/ref. to diffusion + of oxygen or other named material/anchorage or support AW; <br> (A) ref. to large surface area (if not awarded under feature column) |


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2 (a) DO NOT ACCEPT TERMS OTHER THAN 'LESS' OR 'MORE’

|  | dairy <br> products | cereals | meat, <br> eggs, <br> fish | sugar, <br> sweets | vegetables, <br> fruit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| African <br> diet <br> contains | less | more | less | less | more |

(b) 1. cereals/sugar/sweets/vegetables/fruit;
2. dairy products/meat/eggs/fish/sweets; ® sugar unqual.
(c) (i) ACCEPT CONVERSE ARGUMENTS
ref. to less or not enough proteins in African diet + ref. to less meat/eggs/fish/dairy products AW; ® no protein
© less calcium in diet + ref. to less dairy products
(ii) ref. to less or not enough vegetables/fruit; ® no vegetables/fruit ref. to less vitamin C/ascorbic acid; ® less vitamins unqual.
(iii)
i. ref. to less or not enough vegetable/fruit/cereals;
® no vegetables/fruit
ii. ref. to less or not enough roughage/fibre/cellulose + present AW; ${ }^{\circledR}$ no fibre
iii. gives bulk to food passing through gut AW;
iv. to help with peristalsis AW;
v. ref. to more meat + increases chance of colon cancer AW; max. [3]

3 (a) (i) capillary drawn as double line + with correct links to artery and vein;
D $\checkmark$ arrow for direction of blood flow + correct;
® arrow if no capillary is drawn
(ii) liver; © © hepatic portal vein
(b) (i) glucose; © sugars
amino acids;
minerals; © ${ }^{\text {® }}$ named examples
vitamins; © ${ }^{(A)}$ named examples © vitamin A or D carbon dioxide;
water;
max. [1]
(ii) oxygen;

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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(c) presence of microvilli; one cell thick or ref. to (very) thin; ${ }^{\circledR}$ thin cell wall large surface area; ref. to partially permeable AW; high respiration rate/ref. to active transport; (A) presence of mitochondria in cells max. [2]
(d) (i) lacteal;
(ii)
i. ref. to (absorption of) fatty acids;
ii. ref. to (absorption of) glycerol;
iii. ref. to (absorption of) fat/fat droplets/lipids;
iv. ref. to (absorption of) fat-soluble vitamins;
v. ref. to absorption into + lymphatic system/lymph/lymph vessel; ® refs. to lacteal
max. [2]
(e) i. ref. to lymph + glands/nodes;
ii. ref. to production of white blood cells/lymphocytes;
iii. ref. to role of lymphocytes - producing antibodies/antitoxins;
iv. antibodies+ fight or kill or destroy bacteria or microbes/neutralise bacteria or toxins $A W$; $®$ germs $\circledR^{\circledR}$ disease
v. ref. to return of tissue fluid AW/transport of fats + to blood stream AW; ® refs. to transport of fats/tissue fluid unqualified
vi. ref. to prevention of oedema AW/draining of tissue fluid AW;
vii. ref. to transport of white blood cells;
max. [3]

Total 13
4. (a) i. mosquitoes/ticks/fleas are carriers/vectors; $\circledR^{\circledR}$ arthropods unqual. $®$ transmitted by
ii. mosquito feeds on blood of infected bird/mammal;
ii. infected mosquito feeds on human/bird/mammal + passes on infection AW
max. [2]
(b) TREAT ANSWER AS A LIST - MARK FIRST TWO RESPONSES
i ref. to raw materials/water/DNA/RNA/nucleic acid + available; $®$ food ${ }^{\circledR}$ oxygen
ii ref. to suitable temperature/warm;
iii ref. to cells present; $®$ red blood cells
iv blood provides transport (to cells) AW;
max. [2]
(c) ref. to travelling (large) distances/from place to place/migrate/fly; (A) ref. to export of birds

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(d) i. ref. to some pesticides/DDT + kill indiscriminately/non-specific/kill useful insects AW; ${ }^{\circledR}$ harms insects
ii. ref. to some pesticides/DDT + are non-biodegradable/remain in environment for a long time AW; ® refs to atmosphere
iii. ref. to soil/land/water/river/lake + pollution; ® refs to eutrophication
iv. ref. to cause deformed babies;
v. ref. to accumulates in fat/stored in fat;
vi. ref. to bioaccumulation in food chains AW;
vii. ref. to effect on animals at top of food chain;
viii. ref. to disruption of food chains;
max. [3]
(e) i. ref. to exoskeleton or cuticle;
ii. ref. to bilateral symmetry;
iii. ref. to segmented body;
iv. ref. to jointed limbs;
v. ref. to pairs of appendages AW/paired limbs/3 or more pairs of limbs; ® wings/compound eyes/antennae/2 or 3 parts to body
max.
max. [2]
(f) i. each organism has two names/ref. to genus and species;
ii. genus = Culex
iii. trivial/species names = pipiens;
iii. ref. to use of Latin for name/name in italics/name underlined;
max. [3]

Total 13
(a) (i) NO MARKS FOR REFS. TO PHOTOTROPISM
positive; (only award if linked to geotropism)
geotropism; (can award, even if linked to 'negative')
(ii)
i. ref. to auxin;
ii. produced (near) tip of root AW;
iii. ref. to diffusion to other parts of root;
iv. collects on/moves to + lower side of root AW; (A) ref. to effect of gravity
v. slows down cell growth on lower side;
vi. resulting in differential growth rate AW;
max. [3]
(iii) to obtain water;
to obtain minerals/named minerals/salts/nutrients/® food ref. to anchorage/stability AW;
max. [2]

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(b) (i) ref. to control;
ref. to acting as a comparison;
ref. to no effect of gravity AW/gravity is constantly changing AW;
max. [1]
(ii) ref. to light will be another variable;
root will respond to light as well as gravity AW; to keep conditions uniform AW;
max. [1]
(c) i. plumules/leaves in dark will lack chlorophyll/be more yellow/pale/white/etiolated;
ii. plumules/stem in dark + will be longer/thinner/weaker/have longer internodes/grow faster; (A) etiolated if not already given
iii. leaves in dark will be undeveloped/smaller;
iv. plumules in light will bend towards light;
max. [2]

Total 11

6 (a) feeding/nutrition; excreting; © ${ }^{(A)}$ urinating ${ }^{\circledR}$ defaecating responding to stimuli/sensitivity/irritability breathing;
(A) reproduction + laying eggs
® grow
max. [2]
(b) temperature of lizard drops AW; ref. to relationship being directly proportional; from $20^{\circ}$ to $10^{\circ}$ /drops $10^{\circ}$;
max. [2]

| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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(c) MAX. 3 PER MECHANISM ANY TWO MECHANISMS FROM:

## MAX. 2 IF REF. TO CAPILLARIES/VEINS

i. ref. to vasoconstriction/description of process; $®$ refs to movement of blood vessels
ii. no or less blood near skin surface/blood insulated below fat AW;
iii. so less heat + lost/radiated from skin (surface); $®$ no heat lost
iv. ref. to hairs becoming erect $A W$; $®$ ref. to presence of hairs unqual.
v. due to erector muscles + contracting;
vi. hairs trap layer of air;
vii. air acts as insulator/ref. to poor conductor AW;
viii. ref. to shivering;
ix. muscles contract uncontrollably AW;
x. heat generated through respiration (in muscles);
xi. sweat production slows down; (A) stops;
xii. less water evaporates from skin (surface);
xiii. so heat lost by evaporation is reduced/more heat retained AW;
xiv. ref. to liver;
xv. ref. to conversion AW of glycogen to glucose;
xvi. ref. to adrenaline;
xvii. ref. to increase in + metabolic rate/rate of respiration;
xviii. more heat (energy) produced;
xix. ref. to increase in exercise/movement;
$\mathbf{x}$. ref. to increase in rate of respiration;
$\mathbf{x x i}$. ref. to some heat produced AW;
max. [6]
(d) i. less respiration/metabolic reactions slow down AW;
ii. respiration controlled by enzymes;
ii. enzymes work more slowly as temperature drops AW;
vi. less energy + released/available;
max. [2]
Total 12
7 (a) (i) A + E; (both needed for the mark)
(ii)
i. improved + health facilities/more doctors/housing/medicine/ immunisation AW/eradication of disease/less diseases;
ii. more/better + food supplies AW;
iii. better health education;
iv. cleaner water supplies/better sanitation;
v. ref. to (better) control of disease vectors AW;
(A) ref. to use of insecticides
vi. less wars;
max. [2]

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(b) ONLY AWARD EXPLANATION MARK IF COUNTRY IS CORRECT (country) B;
ref. to the biggest drop in life expectancy/from 59 to $39 /$ drops by 20 ; $®$ has the lowest life expectancy
(c) (i) $\mathrm{HIV}+$ is a virus/is not a bacterium; antibiotics only are only effective against bacterial diseases AW; (A) converse statement
(ii) sheath/condom/femidom; ref. to no transfer of body fluids (between penis and vagina) AW;
© stops mixing of body fluids AW $®$ refs to sperm unqualified[2]
(iii) ANY ONE DESCRIPTION FROM:
i. ref. to injection (of drugs)/use of sharp instrument AW;
ii. ref. to sharing needles + between infected and non-infected people;
iii. ref. to contamination on needle AW; (A) unsterilised/dirty
iv. ref. to blood transfusion/surgical operation;
v. ref. to contaminated blood/contaminated equipment;
vi. ref. to lack of screening (of blood or donors);
vii. passed from mother to fetus AW;
viii. via placenta/breast milk;
ix. ref. to contamination during birth process AW;

