

## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
ACCOUNTING	0452	2/23
Paper 2	May/June 2	012

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions. You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer. The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in breakets [1] at the and of each question or part.	
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part	
question.	For E

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
Total		

1 hour 45 minutes

This document consists of **20** printed pages.



1 Stewart Hanson is a sole trader who maintains a full set of accounting records including a three-column cash book.

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#### REQUIRED

(a) Explain why the cash book is both a book of prime (original) entry and also part of the double entry system.

[2]

On 1 January 2012 Stewart Hanson had the following debit balances in his cash book:

	\$
Cash	100
Bank	1942

Stewart Hanson's transactions for the month of January 2012 included the following:

Jan 3 Paid Paul Yim \$398 by cheque in full settlement of his account of \$410

- 8 Purchased office equipment, \$1795, and paid by cheque
- 13 Withdrew \$250, by cheque, to pay personal motor expenses
- 20 A cheque received in December 2011 for \$115 from Sue West was dishonoured and returned by the bank
- 28 Cash sales, \$1970
- 30 Paid all the remaining cash into the bank except \$50

#### REQUIRED

(b) Enter the above transactions in Stewart Hanson's cash book on the page opposite.

Balance the cash book at 31 January 2012 and bring down the balances on 1 February 2012.

[10]

	Cash Book								
Date	Details	Discount allowed \$	Cash \$	Bank \$	Date	Details	Discount received \$	Cash \$	Bank \$
				•••••					
				•••••					
,									
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1				•••••					
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Stewart Hanson Cash Book

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[2]

[2]

[2]

(c) Stewart Hanson's bank statement for January 2012 showed that his bank account was

.....

overdrawn for most of the month.

(i) Explain why this overdraft occurred.

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

.....

[3]

......

...............

.....

(f) On 14 May 2012 Stewart Hanson received a cheque for \$115 from Sue West.

Name the ledger accounts in which Stewart Hanson would record this transaction.

	Account debited	Account credited	
			[2]
<b>(g)</b> Sug futur	gest <b>two</b> ways in which Stewart Hans e.	son could reduce the risk of bad deb	ts in the
(i)			
,			

(ii) [2]

[Total: 25]

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[Turn over

	rader. She maintains a full set of accounting records an ales ledger and purchases ledger at the end of every m	ionth.	For Examiner Use			
REQUIRED						
(a) State two rea	) State <b>two</b> reasons why Fatima Ayub prepares control accounts.					
(i)						
(III)	(ii)					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		[2]				
	he information for the preparation of a purchases ledge n the books of prime (original) entry and not from the					
		[0]				
Fatima Ayub prov		[0]				
Fatima Ayub prov	ided the following information.	[2] \$				
Fatima Ayub prov April 1	ided the following information. Debit balances in purchases ledger Credit balances in purchases ledger	[2] \$ 38				
Fatima Ayub prov	ided the following information. Debit balances in purchases ledger Credit balances in purchases ledger Totals for the month	[2] \$ 38 4260				
Fatima Ayub prov April 1	ided the following information. Debit balances in purchases ledger Credit balances in purchases ledger Totals for the month Cheques received from credit customers	[2] \$ 38 4260 5340				
Fatima Ayub prov April 1	ided the following information. Debit balances in purchases ledger Credit balances in purchases ledger Totals for the month Cheques received from credit customers Cheques paid to credit suppliers	[2] \$ 38 4260 5340 3705				
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Fatima Ayub prov April 1	ided the following information. Debit balances in purchases ledger Credit balances in purchases ledger Totals for the month Cheques received from credit customers Cheques paid to credit suppliers Credit purchases Cash purchases Returns by credit customers Returns to credit suppliers Discount allowed Discount received Interest charged by supplier on overdue account	[2] \$ 38 4260 5340 3705 6680 355 235 243 127 95 11				

6

#### REQUIRED

(c) Select the relevant figures and prepare Fatima Ayub's purchases ledger control account for the month ended 30 April 2012.

Where a traditional "T" account is used it should be balanced and the balances brought down on 1 May 2012.

Where a three-column running balance account is used the balance column should be updated after each entry.

#### Fatima Ayub Purchases ledger control account

	[12]
(d)	State <b>two</b> reasons why it is possible to have a debit balance brought down on a purchases ledger control account.
	(i)
	(ii)
	[2]

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# [Total: 20]

Question 3 is on the next page

**3** Mark Mutanda is a business consultant. His financial year ends on 31 January. He provided the following information on 31 January 2012.

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	\$
Income from clients	82 100
Insurance	5 630
Wages and salaries	33 000
Rent received	2 600
Rates paid	5 200
Provision for doubtful debts 1 February 2011	154
Loan interest paid	900
Office expenses	17 177
Cash drawings	16 000
Capital 1 February 2011	200 000

#### Additional information

- 1 On 31 January 2012 insurance prepaid amounted to \$2320 and wages of \$3200 are to be accrued.
- 2 The rent received covers a period of 13 months to 28 February 2012.
- 3 The office expenses includes \$214 for Mark Mutanda's home telephone bill.
- 4 A 10-year loan of \$20 000 was received on 1 February 2011. Interest is charged at 6% per annum.
- 5 The provision for doubtful debts is maintained at 2% of the trade receivables. On 31 January 2012 the trade receivables totalled \$6800.
- 6 Fixtures and fittings cost \$5250. They are depreciated at 10% per annum on the straight line method.
- Office equipment was valued at \$1900 on 1 February 2011.
  Additional office equipment costing \$600 was purchased during the year.
  There were no sales of office equipment during the year.
  On 31 January 2012 the office equipment was valued at \$2100.

For (a) Prepare the income statement of Mark Mutanda for the year ended 31 January 2012. Use Mark Mutanda Income Statement for the year ended 31 January 2012 ..... ..... [18]

### REQUIRED

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(b) Write up the capital account of Mark Mutanda for the year ended 31 January 2012.

Where a traditional "T" account is used it should be balanced and the balance brought down on 1 May 2012.

Where a three-column running balance account is used the balance column should be updated after each entry.

Mark Mutanda Capital account ..... ..... [6] (c) Calculate the return on capital employed (ROCE) for Mark Mutanda. Use the total capital employed on 1 February 2011. Show your workings and give your answer to two decimal places. [3] (d) Explain the importance of the return on capital employed (ROCE).

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[Total: 31]

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Question 4 is on the next page

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4 The Dhavari Sports Club was formed some years ago. After the preparation of the income Examiner's and expenditure account for the year ended 31 March 2012 the following balances remained on the books.

	Ф
Accumulated fund at 1 April 2011	60 000
Premises at cost	70 000
Sports equipment at valuation at 1 April 2011	13 000
Bank overdraft	1 400
Inventory of club shop	8 500
Trade payables for shop supplies	4 300
Subscriptions owing by members	1 500
Loan repayable 1 January 2015	10 000
Surplus for the year	17 400

The following errors were then discovered:

- 1 Petty cash, \$200, had been omitted from the list of balances.
- 2 The equipment should have been revalued on 31 March 2012. The estimated value at that date was \$11 600.
- The bank statement for January 2012 showed bank charges of \$150. These had not 3 been entered in the accounting records.
- No adjustment had been made for insurance prepaid at 31 March 2012, amounting to 4 \$300.
- The income and expenditure account included subscriptions, \$600, which relate to the 5 following financial year.
- The total of the expenditure in the income and expenditure account had been overcast 6 by \$100.

#### REQUIRED

(a) Explain how the accumulated fund of the Dhavari Sports Club has arisen.

..... [2] For

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(b) Calculate the corrected surplus for the year ended 31 March 2012.

..... ..... ..... [6] ..... (c) Suggest two reasons why the Dhavari Sports Club's bank balance is not equal to the surplus for the year. (i) \_\_\_\_\_ ..... (ii) \_\_\_\_\_ [4] .....

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(d)	Prepare the balance sheet of the Dhavari Sports Club at 31 March 2012.	For Examiner's
	Dhavari Sports Club Balance Sheet at 31 March 2012	Use
	[12]	
	[12]	
	[Total: 24]	

5 Tania Yousaf sells office equipment. She values her inventory at the lower of cost and net realisable value. REQUIRED (a) Explain the meaning of the term "cost". ..... [2] ..... (b) Explain the meaning of the term "net realisable value". [2] ..... (c) Explain how valuing inventory at the lower of cost and net realisable value is an application of the principle of prudence. ..... [2] ..... (d) After the preparation of her financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011, Tania Yousaf discovered that the closing inventory had been overvalued by \$400. Complete the table below to show the effect of this. The first one has been completed as an example. understated no effect overstated gross profit for the year ended  $\checkmark$ (i) 31 December 2011 profit for the year ended 31

18

(ii)

(iii)

December 2012

credit balance on capital

account on 1 January 2013

[4]

After correcting the financial statements, Tania Yousaf provided the following information: Examiner's \$ Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2011 87 000 Inventory at 1 January 2011 6 0 0 0 Inventory at 31 December 2011 7 400 Gross profit margin 20% REQUIRED (e) Calculate the rate of inventory turnover. Show your workings and give your answer to **two** decimal places. ..... [3] ..... (f) The rate of inventory turnover was better in 2011 than in 2010. Suggest one reason for this. [2] ..... (g) State one factor that Tania Yousaf should consider before comparing the results of her business with those of another business. ..... [1] .....

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(h)		te <b>two</b> reasons why Tania Yousaf is interested in the financial statements of her dit customers.	For Examiner's Use
	(i)		
		[2]	
(i)		te <b>one</b> reason why <b>each</b> of the following business people are interested in Tania usaf's financial statements.	
	(i)	Employee	
	(ii)	Bank manager	
		[2]	
		[Total: 20]	

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