## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/11
Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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1 (a) $B$
(b) C
(c) D
(d) C
(e) C
(f) A
(g) D
(h) A
(i) A
(j) C

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2 (a) Capital $=$ assets - liabilities (1)
OR other acceptable version of formula
(b)

|  | Debit entry |  |  | Credit entry |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 1 | Bank account | $\$$ <br> 10000 |  | Capital account | $\$$ <br> 10000 |  |
| 2 | Motor vehicles account | 6500 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ | Capital account | 6500 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |
| 3 | Purchases account | 2000 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ | Zed account | 2000 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |
| 4 | Rent account | 3000 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ | Bank account | 3000 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |

(c) Can withdraw more from bank than put in/can have overdraft (1) Cannot take more cash than is physically present (1)
(d)

Arun Journal

|  | Debit <br> $\$$ | Credit <br> $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Rupa (account in purchases ledger) <br> Rupa (account in sales ledger) | 37 |  |

(e) Save on administration costs (1)

The debt can be settled by using one cheque only (1)
(f)

| Applying the same accounting treatment to <br> similar items at all times | Consistency |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assuming a business will continue to <br> operate indefinitely | Going concern (1) |
| Expressing transactions in monetary terms | Money measurement (1) |


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(g)

|  | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Rent receivable |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Sales returns | $\checkmark(1)$ |  |
| Inventory | $\checkmark(1)$ |  |
| Discount allowed | $\checkmark(1)$ |  |
| Provision for depreciation |  | (1) |


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3 (a)

| Advertising account |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ |  |  |  | \$ |
| 2013 |  |  |  | 2014 |  |  |  |
| Nov | 1 | Bank/cash | 450 (1) | Aug | 31 | Income Statement | 915 (1)OF |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  | Balance c/d | 155 (1)CF |
| May | 1 | Bank/cash | 620 (1) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1070 |  |  |  | 1070 |

## 2014

Sept 1 Balance b/d 155 (1)OF

+ (1) dates
(b)

| Book of prime entry | Source document |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sales journal | Sales invoice | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |
| Purchases journal | Purchases invoice | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |
| Sales returns journal | Credit note issued | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |
| Purchases returns journal | Credit note received | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |
| Petty cash book | Voucher/receipt | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |
| Cash book | Cheque counterfoil/cheque/receipt/paying-in slip | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |

(c) Reduces the number of entries in the ledger

Acts as an aid for posting to the ledger
Helps to gather and summarise accounting information/facilitate preparation of control accounts
Groups together similar types of transactions
Allows work to be divided between several people
Any 1 reason (2)
(d)

| Account(s) to be debited |  |  |  | Account(s) to be credited |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | $\$$ |  |  | $\$$ |  |  |
| Amber Retail | 100 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ | Sales | 187 | (1) |  |
| Business Supplies | 65 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Custom Print | 22 | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |  |  |  |  |


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4 (a)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Debit } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | Credit \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales returns Purchases returns Suspense | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | 160 | (1) (1) (1) |
| Motor vehicle expenses Motor vehicles | 150 | 150 | (1) (1) |
| Suspense Purchases | 100 | 100 | (1) <br> (1) |
| Drawings Purchase | 55 | 55 | (1) (1) |

(b)

Suspense Account

|  |  | 促 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| Difference on |  | Sales returns | 80 | (1) |
| Trial balance | 60 | Purchase returns | 80 | (1) |
| Purchases | 100 |  |  |  |
|  | 160 |  | 160 |  |

(c) Error of principle (1)

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5 (a)

| Sales ledger control account \$ |  |  |  |  |  | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2013 | Balance b/d |  | 2014 |  |  |  |
| July 1 |  | 4100 (1) | June | 30 | Sales returns | 1001 (1) |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  | Cash/bank | 45702 (1) |
| June 30 | Sales | 48610 (1) |  |  | Discount allowed | 890 (1) |
|  | Interest | 77 (1) |  |  | Bad debts | 274 (1) |
|  |  |  |  |  | Balance c/d | 4920 |
|  |  | 52787 |  |  |  | 52787 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 | Balance b/d | 4920 (1)O |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Purchases ledger control account \$ |  |  |  | \$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2014 \\ & \text { June } 30 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 2013 |  |  |  |
|  | Purchases returns | 910 (1) | July | 1 | Balance b/d | 3161 (1) |
|  | Cash/bank | 37691 (1) | 2014 |  |  |  |
|  | Discount received | 663 (1) | June | 30 | Purchases | 39101 (1) |
|  | Balance c/d | 2998 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 42262 |  |  |  | 42262 |
|  |  |  | 2014 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | July | 1 | Balance b/d | 2998 (1)OF |

(b)

|  | Book of prime entry |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Credit sales | Sales journal | (1) |
| Returns of credit purchases | Purchases returns journal (1) |  |
| Receipts from credit customers | Cash book | (1) |
| Bad debts written off | Journal | (1) |
| Interest charged on overdue accounts | Journal | (1) |

(c)

(d) The provision was $\$ 246$ OF but the actual bad debts were higher. (1)

The provision may not be adequate. (1)
Comment to be based on OF provision in (c)

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6 (a) The partnership was making losses
The drawings exceeded the partners' profit share, interest and salary
Any 1 reason (2)
(b)

Fixtures and fittings (100000-10000)
Delivery van (40000-12000)
Inventory
Trade receivables
Bank
6600 (1)
Trade payables
Net assets at 31 December 2013
25400 (1) $\frac{32000}{161400}$ (1)CF
(c)

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net assets at 31 December 2013 |  | 161400 (1)OF |
| Add Drawings - Dina | 18000 \}(1) |  |
| Lee | 17000 \} | 35000 |
|  |  | 196400 |
| Less Net assets 1 January 2013 |  | 150000 (1) |
| Profit for the year |  | 46400 (1)OF |

(d)

Dina and Lee
Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 December 2013


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(e)

(f) $1(56400+19000)(1):(6600+25400)(1)$
= 75400: 32000
$=2.36: 1$ (1)OF
219000 (1): ( $6600+25400)(1)$
= 19000: 32000
= 0.59 : 1 (1)OF
(g) (i) Holding excessive inventory/increase in inventory (1)

Reduction in bank balance because of one of the following (1)
Purchase of non-current assets
OR increase in partners' drawings
OR repayment of long term loan
Answer to be appropriate to ratio calculated in (f) Part 2
(ii) Cannot meet debts when due

Cannot take advantage of cash discounts
Cannot take advantage of business opportunities as they arise
May have difficulty in obtaining further supplies
Or other suitable comments based on answer to (f) Part 1
Any 1 comment (2)
[Total: 35]

