MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/63

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
1 (a)	candidates have filled in temperatures (lowest t highest); times are transferred in correct sequence 0–20; colour of indicator recorded correctly from Fig.1.1 in a		
(b)	(i) lipase works best in alkaline conditions / provides suit lipase ;	able pH for [1]	
	(ii) idea that both tubes reach the experimental temperate	ure ; [1]	
(iii) fatty acids produced by the breakdown of fat ; (acids) lower pH (causing colour to change) ;	[2]	
(v) stays blue/no colour change ; enzyme doesn't react/denatured/AW ;	[2]	
	(v) anomalous 21 °C, for 10 min ; reason: idea that the colour changes are not in th expected order ;	e [2]	
(c)	 2 × 2 of: V: enzyme concentration ; C: same source/concentration of enzyme/lipase use tubes ; V: substrate concentration ; C: same source of milk/same type of milk/or named V: indicator ; C: same concentration/volume added/comparison of chart or meter; V: timing length of reaction; C: minute intervals precisely using timing device; 	type ;	
	C: minute intervals precisely using timing device;	[4]	

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(d)	idea of more temperatures/a bigger range of temperatures ; idea of smaller/uniform intervals between the temperatures ; example of a better way of measuring pH ;			max [2]			
				[Total: 17]			
2 (a) (i)	S(ize) – o D(etail) 2 [1] shape [2] 3 layer irregular c	ccupies at least h of:- approximately cir rs shown and rela central region ;	s with no shading; alf of the space provided ; cular with a least two 'corners'; ative thickness of layers shown with a n] label in central zone ;	n max [4]	'corners'		
(ii)	 ii) line drawn on Fig. 2.1 and measurement recorded ; line drawn on drawing and measurement recorded ; units recorded for at least one measurement ; 		[3]				
(iii)		of specimen in Fig tion shown correc		[2]			
(b)	in the mid	dle layer of the ba	anana ;	[1]			

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					05			
(c) (i)	A(xes) – labelled with units a S(ize) – occupies at least ha P(lot) – all points plotted acc B(ars) – have an equal gap	[4]						
(ii)	22.25 + 0.25 + 2.00 + 2.50 = 100 – 27 (ecf) = 73 (ecf) ;	[2]						
(d) (i)	day 5 ; maximum reducing sugar co	ntent ;						
	OR							
	day 4; skin has gone completely ye	llow;	[2]					
(ii)	$\frac{30}{5}$;		[2]					
(iii)	= (\times) 6/6 times ;	down to (roducing) augor :						
(iii)	the starch has been broken	uown to (reducing) sugar ;	[1]					
(iv)	2 features from: colour/taste/smell ;;		max [1]					
			[Total: 23]					