## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1	(a)	beaker (1)				[1]		
	(b)	any through tube with (only) two open ends (1) outer tube with 'water' labelled and a way in and out (1)						
	(c)	turns	[2]					
	(d)	wate	( back [2]					
2	(a)	smo	oth c	curve starting at origin and missing anomalous point	(1)	[1]		
	(b)	poir	nt at	1.5 min/4th point/0.32g (1) ignore: 3rd point		[1]		
	(c)			finished/no more gas (1) um carbonate used up (1)		[2]		
	(d)		• .	rt of sketch curve below the original/less steep (1) nal level/0.25 g (1)		[2]		
						[Total: 6]		
3	(a)	bulb/lamp lights/water level falls/green-yellow gas (1)				[1]		
	(b)	arrows labelling electrodes as anode/cathode or + - or allow: labels either way round not: the wires labelled		· · ·	lectrodes or Pt (1	) [1]		
	(c)	(i)	hydr	rogen (1)		[1]		
			_	ed splint (1) if $Cl_2$ in <b>(c)(i)</b> allow ecf for damp litmus/ocf for anything other than $Cl_2$	indicator paper			
			note	is (1) if $Cl_2$ in <b>(c)(i)</b> allow ecf for bleached/white/deco is: These are conditional marks so the result is constructed to pops = $0/2$		[2] est, i.e. glowing		
	(d)	chlorine (1) soluble/dissolves/reacts (1)						
	- *			• •		[2] [Total: 7]		

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4	(a)	fizzing/bubbles stopped/no more gas produced (1)			[1]		
	(b)	<ul> <li>(i) W little/no effect/slight increase (1)</li> <li>X no effect/(slight) decrease (1)</li> <li>Y speeds up reaction (1)</li> <li>note: The question is about rate, if candidates quote three different time different penalise first then allow the 'correct' answers (-11s, +2s, -199s).</li> <li>It must be clear that the increase in rate is less for W than Y for these 2 marks.</li> </ul>					
		(ii)	Y (1)	)		[1]	
	(c)	repe	repeat experiments (1) take average/compare results/see if there is a difference (1)				
						[Total: 7]	
5	(a)	tem	perat	ture boxes correctly completed (2) 21, 25, 26, 27, 27	7, 26, 25	[2]	
	(b)	tem	[2]				
	(c)	all points correctly plotted (3), -1 for any incorrect smooth line graphs (2) labels (1)				[6]	
	(d)	(i)	valu	e from graph (1) allow: ±1/2 small square shown cl	early (1)	[2]	
		(ii)	valu	e from graph (1) allow: ±1/2 small square shown cl	early (1)	[2]	
	(e)	end	other	rmic (1) <b>ignore</b> : temperature decreases		[1]	
	(f)	lowe	er ter	mperature (change)/halved (1) <b>ignore</b> : reference to i	rate/time	[1]	
	(g)			mperature/initial temperature from table/20°C/21°C (finished/owtte (1)	1) <b>ignore</b> : 25°C	[2]	
	(h)	mor	e reli spot	adings/more points (1) iable/more accurate (1) ignore: precise anomalous points or errors (1) er graph/owtte (1)		any [2] <b>[Total: 20]</b>	

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6	(d)	appearance smell	colourless (1) <b>ignore</b> : clear vinegar/pungent/sour/sharp (1) <b>ignore</b> : sweet/strong	[2]
	(e)	pH 2–6 (1)		[1]
	(f)	carbon dioxid	[1]	
	(g)	copper/Cu <sup>2+</sup> (	(1) carbonate/CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> (1)	[2] [Total: 6]
7	(a)	use Universa	l/pH indicator/pH meter (1) ignore: litmus/indicator	[1]
	(b)			
		heat/shake (1 until no more	e (1) nections (1) ted measuring cylinder/graduated tube to collect gas (1)	
		heat/shake (1 until no more measure volu	d volume (1) Inections (1) ted measuring cylinder/graduated tube to collect gas (1)	
		weigh the both heat/shake (1 until no more reweigh bottle	gas given off (1)	[6]
				[Total: 7]

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