CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/23

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2				per
		IGCSE – May/June 2013 06	520 2	23
(a)	(i) A	; E (1 mark each)		[2]
((ii) C			[1]
(i	iii) C			[1]
(i	iv) B			[1]
	_	W : ³ ₂ D		[1]
	proton neutro radioa	ns; ons; active;		[4]
			ŢŢ	otal: 10]
(a)	Α	LLOW : it boils at −35 °C		[1]
(Α	LLOW : it melts at –7 °C <u>and</u> boils at 59 °C	oom temperature	e [1]
(b)	increa	uses (down the group)		[1]
(c)	ALLO	W : 0.06 – 0.08 (actual = 0.071)		[1]
	REJE	CT: yellow alone		[1]
(e)	7 elec	etrons in outer shell;		[1]
	NOTE	: electrons can be shown as dots, crosses or e		[1]
	(b) (c) (d)	(ii) C (iii) C (iv) B (b) ³ / ₂ He ALLO (c) 1 mar protor radioa energ (a) (i) b (ii) m (b) increa (c) ALLO (d) green REJE (e) 7 elect 8 elect NOTE	(a) (i) A; E (1 mark each) (ii) C (iii) C (iv) B (b) ${}_{2}^{3}$ He ALLOW: ${}_{2}^{3}$ D (c) 1 mark each for: protons; neutrons; radioactive; energy; ALLOW: neutrons (a) (i) boiling point below room temperature ALLOW: it boils at -35 °C IGNORE: boiling point is too low	(a) (i) A; E (1 mark each) (ii) C (iii) C (iii) C (iv) B (b) $\frac{3}{2}$ He ALLOW: $\frac{3}{2}$ D (c) 1 mark each for: protons; neutrons; radioactive; energy; ALLOW: neutrons [T (a) (i) boiling point below room temperature ALLOW: it boils at -35°C IGNORE: boiling point is too low (ii) melting point below room temperature and boiling point above room temperature ALLOW: it melts at -7°C and boils at 59°C IGNORE: other stated figures (b) increases (down the group) (c) ALLOW: 0.06 - 0.08 (actual = 0.071) (d) green/light green/yellow-green REJECT: yellow alone REJECT: blue-green (e) 7 electrons in outer shell; 8 electrons in middle shell NOTE: electrons can be shown as dots, crosses or e ⁻

Page 3		}	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0620	23
(f)	(i)	Br ₂ c	on right;		[1]
		2 on		[1]	
	(ii)	NOT ALL IGNO	ne is less reactive than bromine ORA E: both iodine and bromine (or symbols or formulae OW: bromine is higher in the electrochemical series ORE: less reactive than bromide ORE: iodine is lower in the group/Periodic Table the	than iodine	[1]
					[Total: 10]
3 (a)	 (a) Any four of: in solid, particles are arranged regularly (or are ordered)/in a lattice in solid, particles are close together in solid, particles are not moving/only vibrate/are in fixed position in liquid, particles randomly arranged/disordered/have random motion in liquid, particles slide over each other/move slowly in liquid, particles are close together IGNORE: particles are closer together 				
	• • IGN	durir IORE	of: ng melting, particles become less ordered ng melting, particles start moving/move more/move : during melting, particles get further apart nere must be a reference to particles to score marks		[1]
(b)	·	cond malle duct ALL	ous or shiny ALLOW : silvery duct heat/conduct electricity/conduct eable or can be shaped: ALLOW : can be bent ile/can be drawn into wires OW : solid at room temperature/solid below 37°C : high boiling point/comments about density/sonor	ous/comments about	[3]
(c)	Ga ₂	$_{2}C\mathit{l}_{6}$			[1]
(d)	(i)	IGN	r density/better electrical conductor ORE: low density/lighter/lightweight/good electrica E: comparative needed	al conductor	[1]
	(ii)		nger/cheaper E: comparative needed		[1]
	(iii)	lowe	r density; cheaper (1 mark each) E : comparative needed		[2]

	9		IGCSE – May/June 2013	0620	23				
(e)	food containers/cooking utensils/aircraft or cars (bodywork)/rail truck (or rail ca (bodywork)/bicycles/(drink) cans/foil/windows/doors/roofing/walking poles/allomagnets/(some types of) CD's/transistors/(high brightness) LEDs/paints/(solid rocket fuels/coins/guitar plates (or necks)/mirrors/any other suitable use								
					[Total: 1				
(a)	(i)	(i) filtration: idea of removing larger particles or insoluble particles; ALLOW: to remove clay particles/soil particles/sticks/large impurities IGNORE: remove large molecules / to remove impurities / to clean the water chlorination: to kill bacteria							
		ALL	OW: to kill germs/to kill microorganisms ORE: to disinfect/to remove bacteria/to get bacteri	a out					
	(ii)	wash IGN (of fe	suitable use for water in the home , e.g. for hing/cooking/cleaning/sanitation ORE: for cooling but ALLOW : for cooling body, i.e. ever)	lowering body ter	mperature				
(b)	anh		ORE: industrial uses us/white copper sulfate;		I				
` ,			: incorrect oxidation numbers						
	turr	ıs blu	е						
	OR								
			us/blue cobalt chloride (1 mark); k (1 mark)						
			econd mark dependent on first being correct oper sulfate turns blue/cobalt chloride turns pink =	1 mark					
(c)	(i)	ALL IGN REJ	and cross placed between each H atom and the O OW: two dots/two crosses/two 'e' for each bond ORE: electrons in inner shell of oxygen if drawn ECT: inner electron shells given to hydrogen/extra rogen or oxygen	electrons in outer	shell of				
	(ii)	bono	alent + reasons, e.g. because electrons are shared/d(s) ORE: because they are two non-metals	pair of electrons t	orm the				
(d)	(рН	1) 7							
(e)			+ water → sodium hyrdroxide + hydrogen :: symbol equations						

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

[Total: 9]

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Page 5		;	Mark Scheme Syl		Paper	
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0620	23	
(a)	exo IGN		[1]			
(b)	O ₂ ; 2 (c	lepen	ident on O_2 or $2O$)		[1] [1]	
(c)	(i)	В			[1]	
	(ii)	ALL	for cars/fuel for vehicles OW: implication of powering cars/vehicles ORE: fuel or cars without any qualification		[1]	
(d)	(i)		oints plotted correctly;		[2]	
		IF: 1		[1]		
	(ii)	99 (°	°C) or from value correctly shown on graph with inc	orrect line	[1]	
(e)	(i)	(grou	two of: up of chemicals with) similar chemical properties IGNORE: same chemic same functional group same general formula IGNORE: have a general fo successive members differ by CH ₂ group general trend in physical properties		[2]	
	(ii)	ALL	temperature/heat; .OW: stated temperatures between 300 and 900°C ORE: temperature unqualified		[1]	
			lyst; .OW: aluminium + silicon oxides/zeolites !ECT: incorrect name alone, e.g. nickel		[1]	
		OR				
		AĽL	pressure (1 mark) OW: stated pressures between 50–100 atmosphere ORE: pressure unqualified	es		
					[Total: 13]	

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Page 6			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSI	E – May/June 2013	0620	23	
(a)	Any	four of:			[4	
	into solv (mu RE, spo allo the IGN con	the liquid ent labelled or named a st be in correct context, ECT: solution of substa placed on paper above v solvent to run up the p spots separate/differen ORE: the dyes separate pare distance spot mov	ance to be chromatographed a solvent level paper/solvent carries the dy the dyes go different distances (in stem of question) wes to a standard points, e.g. mark solvent front	c named solvent les up the paper		
(h)	/i)	E			r	
(D)	(i) (ii)				['	
		G			['	
	(''')				ı	
(c)	C - 	O – H			[
	AL	OW : COOH/CO₂H				
(d)	sub	stance which dissolves	another/substance which di	ssolves a solute	['	
(e)	(i)	4			[
	(ii)	10			['	
					[Total: 1	
(a)	(i)	protein/catalyst;			['	
		speeds up a reaction/ir ALLOW: changes the r IGNORE: makes a read		akes reaction faster	[
	(ii)	2 (on left) and no other	figures added;		[
(b)	(i)	increasing the concentr	ration increases rate ORA n increases rate		[
	(ii)	initial slope of line betw	een that of 0.2 and 0.4 mol c	dm ⁻³ concentrations;	[
		line levels off about hal	f way between 18 and 22 cm	1 ³	[

		IGCSE – May/June 2013	0620	23
(iii)	volu	$me - 26 (cm^3)$		[1]
	time	- 20 (s)		[1]
(c) (i)	loss ALL	[1]		
(ii)	calci	ium sulfate;		[1]
		er ORE: symbol equation PLY: listing		[1]
(iii)	add	(aqueous) silver nitrate;		[1]
		e) <u>yellow</u> precipitate ond mark dependent on first being correct)		[1]
	<u>yello</u>	(aqueous) lead nitrate (1 mark) ow precipitate (1 mark) ond mark dependent on first being correct)		

Syllabus

Mark Scheme

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[Total: 13]

Paper