



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE
NAME

CENTRE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--	--

CANDIDATE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--



GEOGRAPHY

0460/12

Paper 1

May/June 2011

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Answer **three** questions.

Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

The Insert contains Photographs A and B for Question 3 and Photograph C for Question 4.

The Insert is **not** required by the Examiner.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **24** printed pages and **1** Insert.



QUESTION 1

(a) Study Fig. 1, which shows four different types of migrant.

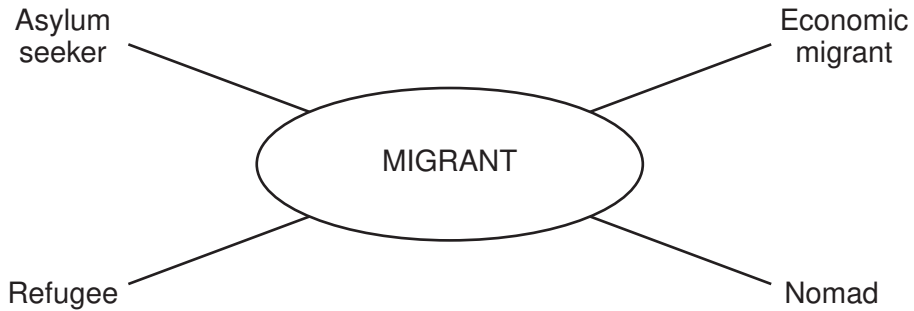


Fig. 1

(i) What is meant by *migrant*?

.....[1]

(ii) Identify the **two** examples of migrants from Fig. 1 which are most likely to be the result of forced migration.

1

2[2]

(iii) Give **three** different push factors which may result in forced migration.

1

.....

2

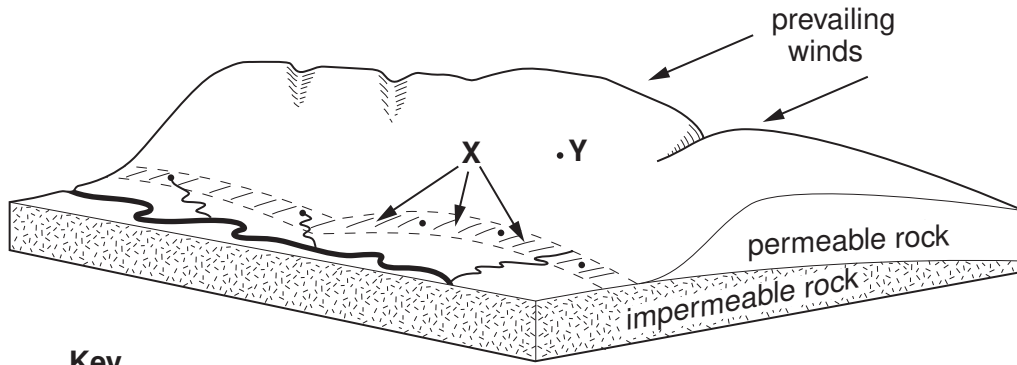
.....

3

.....[3]

QUESTION 2

(a) Study Fig. 3, which shows an area of rural settlement in an MEDC.



Key




-  river
-  stream
-  settlement

Fig. 3

(i) What is meant by the term *rural settlement*?

.....
[1]

(ii) Give **one** advantage and **one** disadvantage of the site of settlement **Y** on Fig. 3.

Advantage

.....

.....

Disadvantage

.....

.....[2]

(iii) Suggest reasons why most settlements are in the area marked **X** on Fig. 3.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....[3]

3 (a) Study Fig. 5, a table of data collected at a school weather station.

Day	Maximum temperature (degrees C)	Minimum temperature (degrees C)	Precipitation (mm)	Air pressure (mb)	Wind direction
Monday	18	11	2.1	992	SW
Tuesday	16	10	1.4	996	SW
Wednesday	11	8	0.9	1004	W
Thursday	13	8	0	1012	NE
Friday	12	7	0	1018	NE
Saturday	10	6	0	1020	NE
Sunday	10	5	0.2	1014	N

Fig. 5

(i) Which day had the lowest range of temperature? [1]

(ii) State the general relationship shown by the data in Fig. 5 between:

A air pressure and precipitation

.....

B wind direction and temperature.

.....
 [2]

(iii) Name the weather instruments which were used to collect the data in Fig. 5 on precipitation, air pressure and wind direction.

.....

 [3]

(iv) Draw a labelled diagram to show the main features of a maximum–minimum thermometer.



[4]

(b) Study Photographs A and B (Insert), which show different types of clouds.

(i) Describe **three** differences between the clouds shown in Photographs A and B.

- 1
-
-
- 2
-
-
- 3
-
-

[3]

4 (a) Study Fig. 6, which shows major plates and zones of tectonic activity.

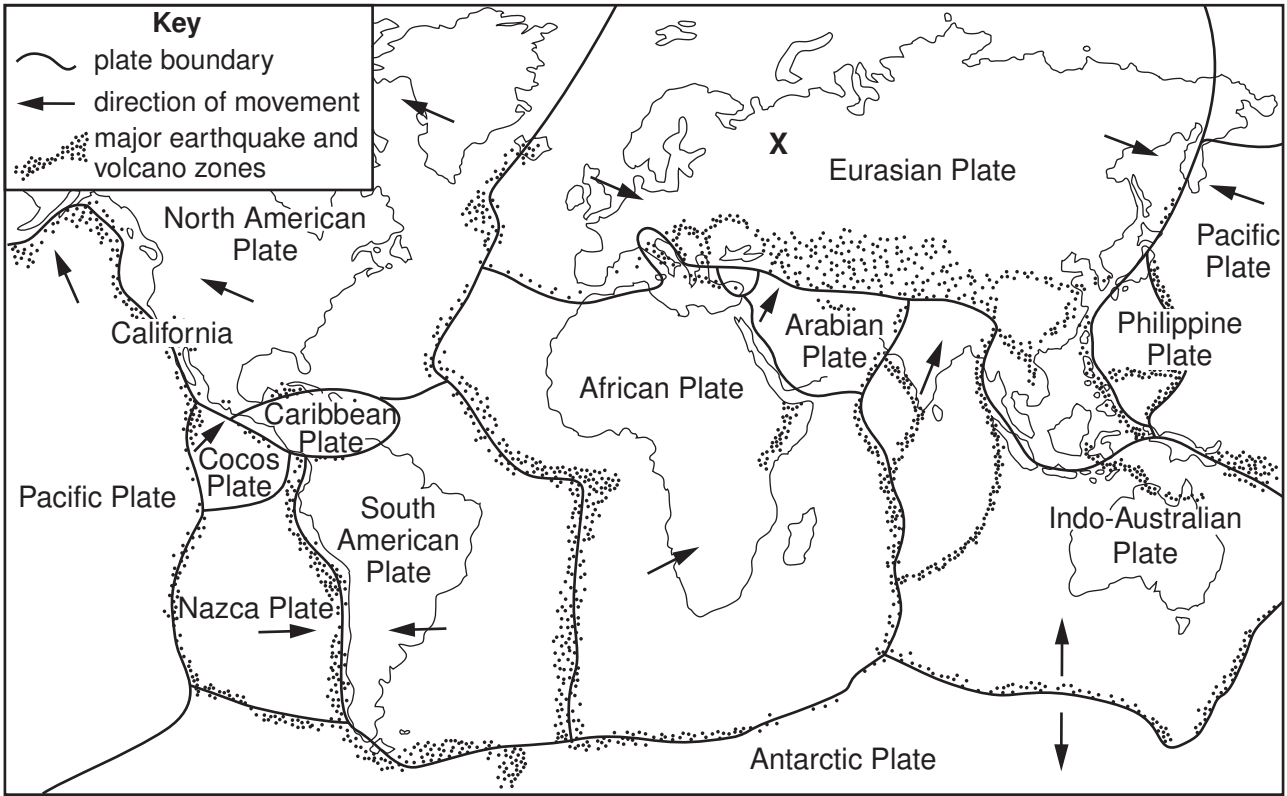


Fig. 6

(i) What is meant by *plate boundary*?

.....[1]

(ii) What type of plate boundary is formed when:

A plates move towards each other;

.....

B plates move away from each other?

.....[2]

(iii) Explain why there are no active volcanoes in the area marked **X** on Fig. 6.

.....

[3]

(iv) California, labelled on Fig. 6, is on a conservative plate boundary. Explain why earthquakes occur there. You may use labelled diagrams in your answer.

.....

.....

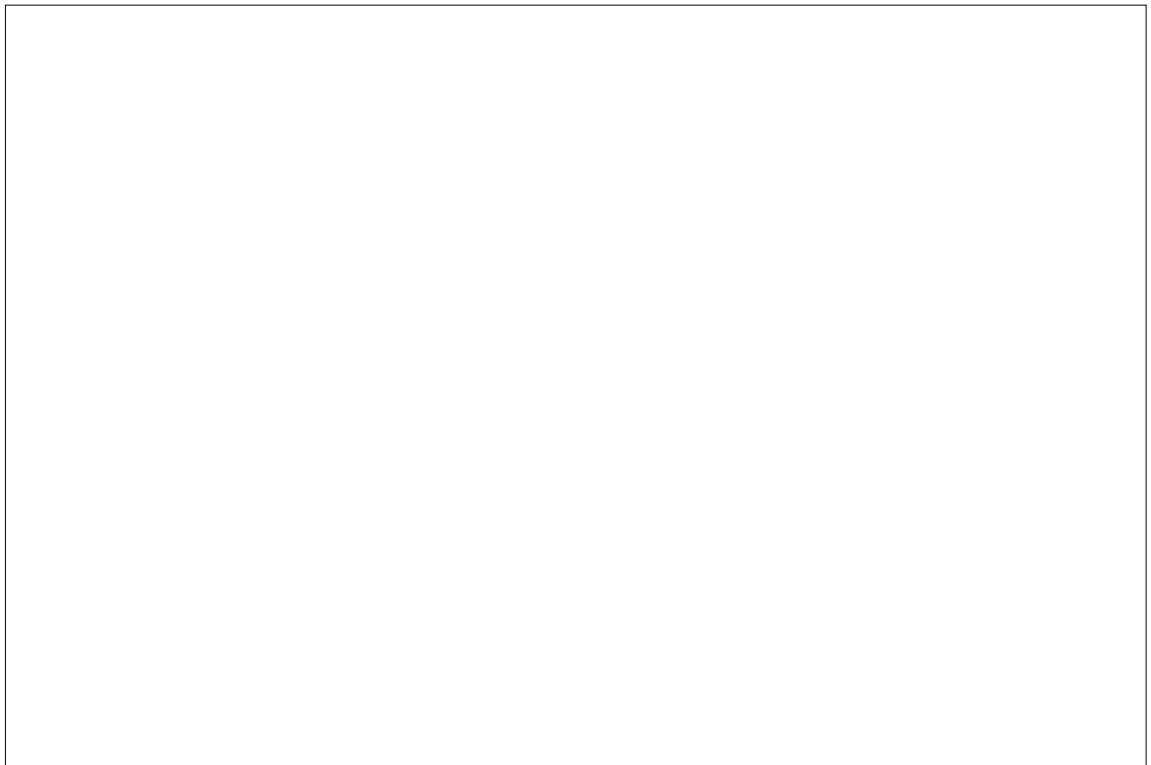
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



[4]

(b) Study Photograph C (Insert), which shows part of an active volcano in Indonesia.

(i) Describe **three** features of the landscape shown in Photograph C.

1

.....

2

.....

3

.....

.....[3]

5 (a) Study Figs. 7A and 7B, which show a subsistence farm and a commercial farm.

A subsistence farm

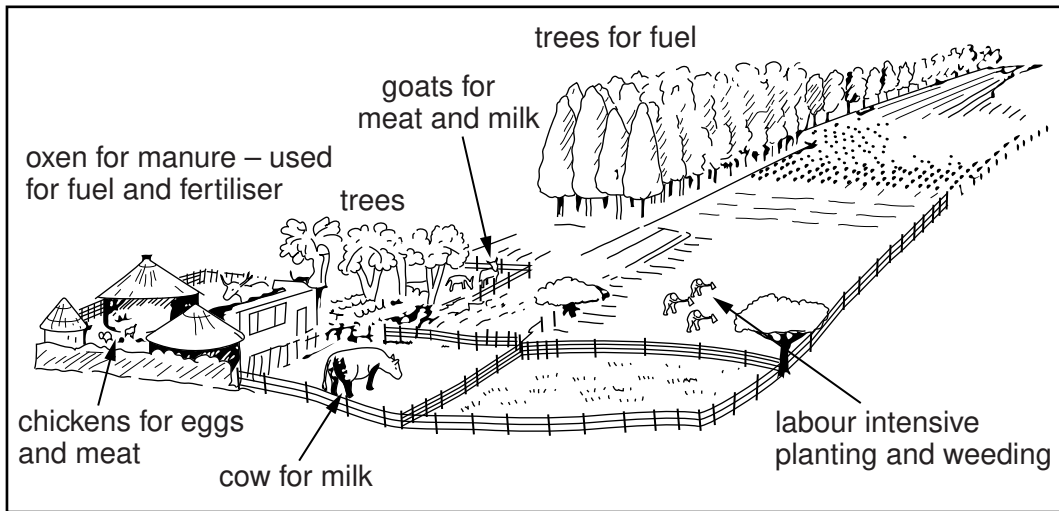


Fig. 7A

A commercial farm

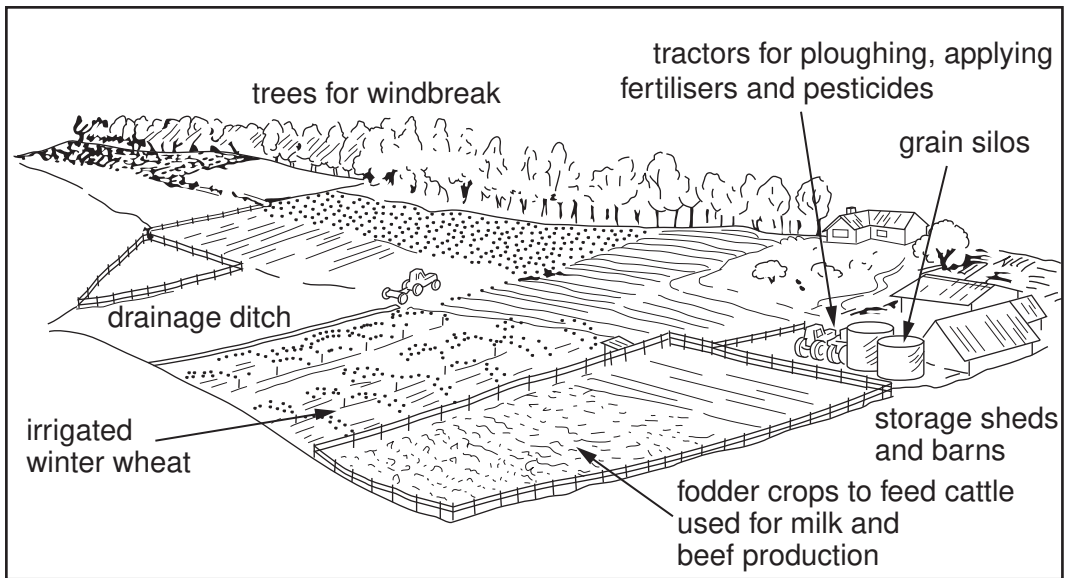


Fig. 7B

(i) What is the difference between subsistence and commercial farming?

.....
.....[1]

(b) Study Fig. 8, which shows information about changes in a farming system in an LEDC.

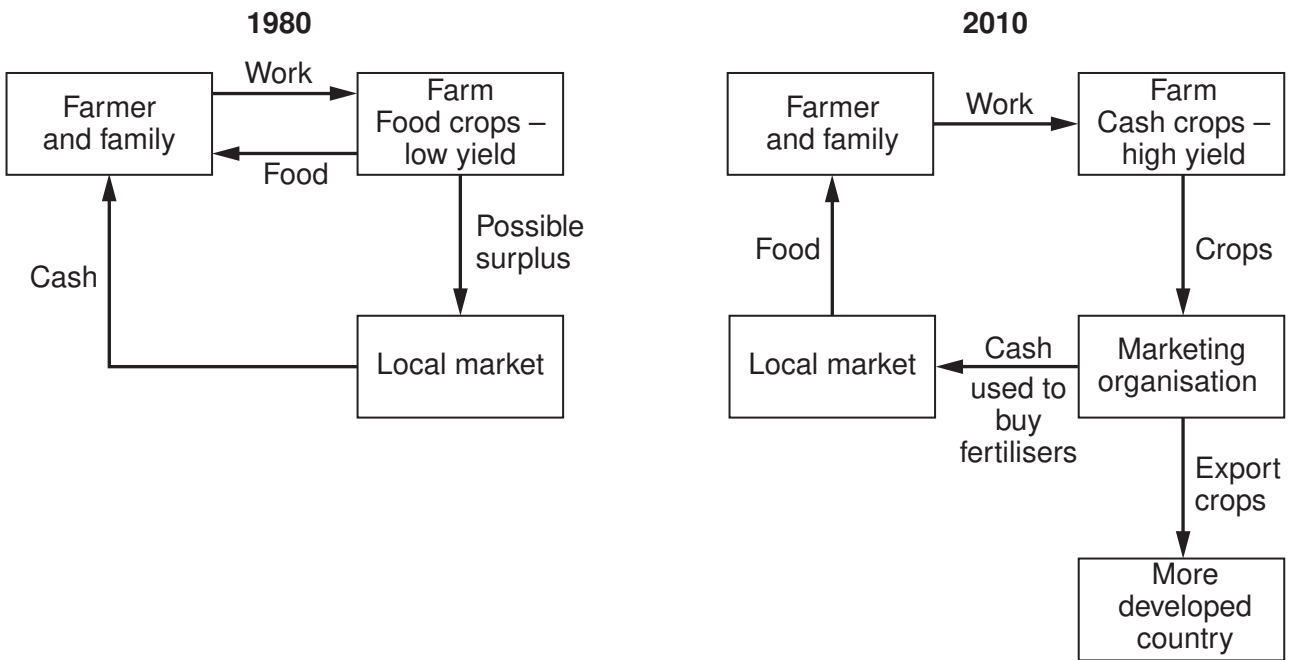


Fig. 8

(i) Describe **three** ways in which the farming system has changed between 1980 and 2010.

- 1
 - 2
 - 3
-[3]

(ii) Suggest how the quality of life of the farmer and his family may have been improved by the changes which have occurred.

-
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
-[5]

6 (a) Study Figs. 9A and 9B, which show information about the island of Majorca, a tourist destination which is part of Spain (an MEDC).

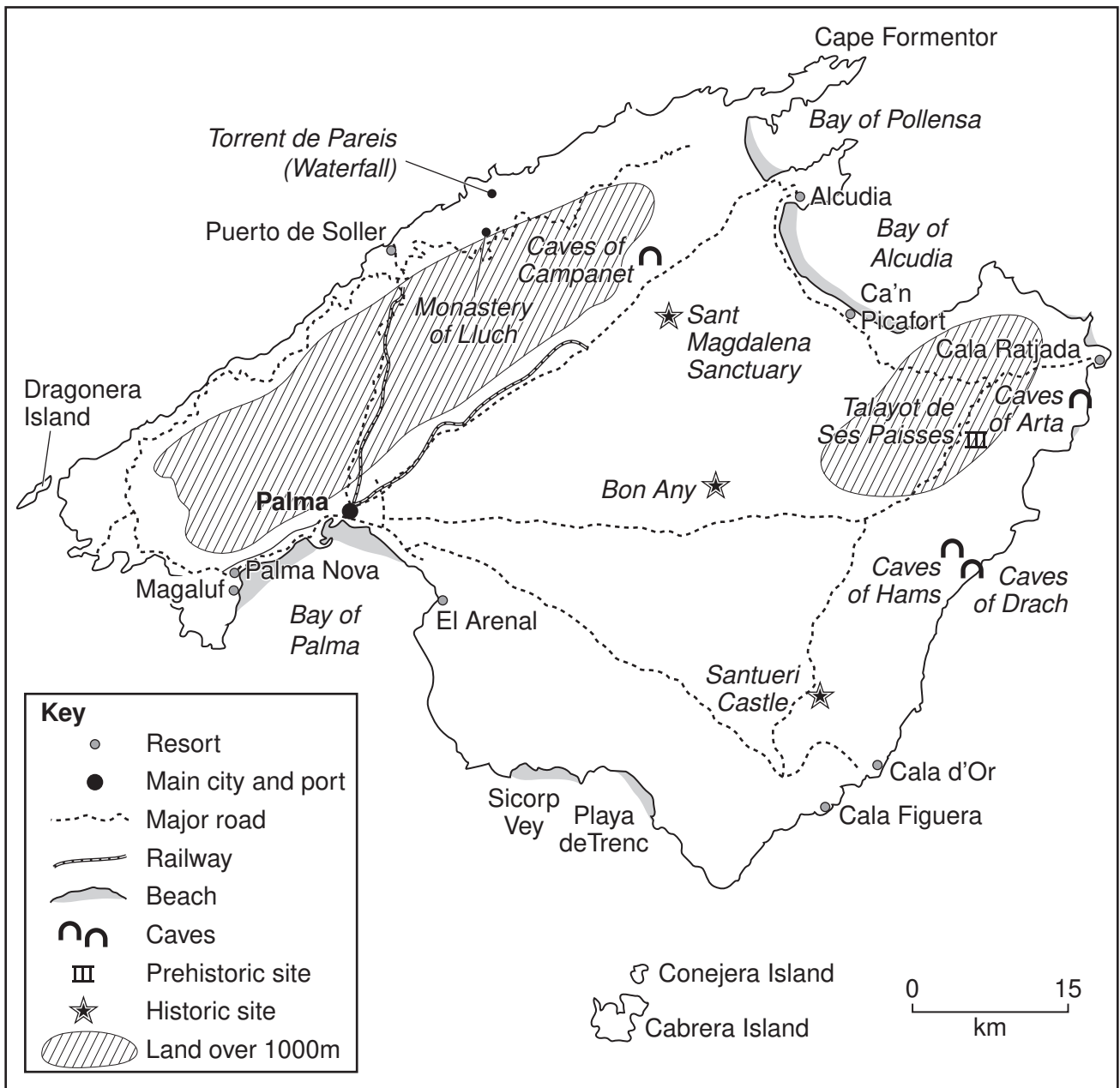


Fig. 9A

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Average temperature (degrees C)	11	11	12	14	17	21	25	25	23	19	15	12
Average daily sunlight (hours)	4.6	5.2	5.8	7.1	8.6	9.3	10.6	9.5	7.4	6.2	4.5	4.3
Average rainfall (mm)	76	62	67	74	45	19	15	38	74	115	109	87

Fig. 9B

(i) Using Fig. 9A only, name a tourist resort in Majorca.

.....[1]

(ii) Use evidence from Fig. 9A to name:

A a natural attraction in Majorca,

.....

B a human attraction in Majorca.

.....[2]

(iii) Use evidence from Fig. 9B to explain why most tourists are attracted to Majorca between June and August.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

(ii) Choose **two** human activities shown on Fig. 10. For each activity explain why it is a threat to the Great Barrier Reef.

Activity 1

.....
.....
.....
.....

Activity 2

.....
.....
.....
.....

[4]

(iii) Suggest ways in which the Great Barrier Reef could be protected and conserved.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

[5]

