

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

0460/00
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nber 2013
) minutes

Additional Material: Ruler Protractor Plain paper Calculator

1:25000 Survey Map Extract is enclosed with this question paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. DO NOT WRITE ON ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

The Insert contains Photograph A for Question 2, Photograph B for Question 5 and Photograph C for Question 6.

The Survey Map Extract and the Insert are **not** required by the Examiner. Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

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This document consists of 14 printed pages, 2 blank pages and 1 Insert.



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[Turn over



(b) (i)	In which compass direction would you walk from the road junction at grid reference 119913 to the school at 111921?			
(ii)	What is the bearing, from grid the road junction at 119913?			
		degrees		[1]
(iii)	What is the distance in metre at grid reference 110950 to th (given in metres) which is the	e road junction at 1399	950? Circle the distance	
	2900 2950	3080	3220	[1]
(iv)	What is the main settlement pattern on the map? Circle the correct answer below.			
	dispersed	linear	nucleated	[1]

(c) Look at grid squares 1294 and 1694. Place one tick only in each row in the table below to show whether or not the named features are found there. One example has been completed.

feature	grid square 1294 only	grid square 1694 only	both grid squares	neither of the grid squares
mosque	\checkmark			
dispensary				
police station				
plantations growing two types of crop				
school				
marsh or swamp				

[5]



Fig. 2

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Use the map extract to describe the relief of the shaded area on Fig. 3.

5

- 2 Photograph A (Insert), shows a river channel and its surrounding area.
 - Examiner's (a) Find the features listed below on Photograph A. Show where the feature is present on the photograph by writing one of the letters A, B, C, D, E or F against the correct description.

a place where bank erosion has recently occurred

a place in the channel where the water will be flowing faster than at the opposite bank

		flood plain					
				of a meander			
							[5]
		slip off slope (po	Jint Dai)				[5]
(b)	(i)	Circle the word	that describes th	he size of the load	at X as shown or	1 Photograph	ו A.
	bo	oulder	clay	pebble	sand	silt	[1]
	(ii)	Suggest why loa	ad X has not bee	en moved far by the	e river.		
							[2]
						[Total: 8 ma	rks]

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3 Figs 4 and 5 give information about a migration from Somalia between 2008 and 2011. Use both of them to answer the following questions.

Somalia has been affected by unreliable rainfall and also by conflict, particularly in the southern part of the country where a militant group was in control. This prevented aid agencies from working there to help deal with the lack of food and water. The price of sorghum more than doubled between June 2010 and July 2011. Many people left the country, mainly on foot, and about 1.5 million are refugees within Somalia.



Fig. 5

(a) (i) State **two** push factors which caused so many people to leave Somalia. 0460/23/O/N/13

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(ii)	From Fig. 5, suggest reasons why with.	this migration was v	ery difficult for Kenya to cope	Exa
			[2]	
(iii)	How many refugees fled to Yemen	?		
			[1]	
(iv)	Suggest one reason why most countries.	refugees only trave	elled as far as the nearest	
			[1]	
(b) (i)	Fig. 6 shows the number of refuge June 2011, together with the number			
	Complete the bar graph to show th	nat the camp held 38	0000 refugees by July 2011	
nu	mber of	people in	people in	
eople the ca		camp in January 2009	camp in June 2011	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
50 00	0 100000 150000 2000	00 250 000 3	00 000 350 000 400 000	D
	number of refugees at E	adaab refugee cam		
	Fid	g. 6	[1]	
(ii)	Suggest one problem which is like than it was built to hold.	-	amp with far more people in it	
			[1]	

4 (a) Fig. 7 shows the climate of Padang in Indonesia. Table 1 gives the temperature figures for Padang for three months.



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Table 1

	J	F	М
temperature (°C)	26	27	26

[2]



(ii)	Use the information in Fig. 7 and Ta correct for the climate at Padang.	able 1 to ci	rcle the fig	ures below	which are	For Examiner's Use
annual ter	nperature range (°C)	0	1	2	3	
mean ann	ual temperature (°C)	24	25	26	27	
approxima	ate annual rainfall total (mm)	4000	4500	5000	5500 [3]	
(iii)	Describe the general distribution of th	e rainfall at	Padang.			
(b) Pao	dang's climate is very humid. Use Fig. 7	' to explain t	his high hu	midity.		
					[1] .l: 8 marks]	

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5 (a) Fig. 8 is a sketch map of an industrial complex at Brunsbüttel in north Germany which is important for petroleum and chemical industries. Photograph B (Insert), shows the petrochemical works labelled X on Fig. 8 and part of the oil port.

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(i) Use evidence in Photograph B only to give reasons why this is a good site for industry. Write your answers in the table below.

factor influencing industrial location	evidence from Photograph B of the suitability of the site
land	
possible power source	
transport of raw material	

	(ii)	Suggest why the chimneys in Photograph B are very tall.	For Examiner's Use
		[1]	
(b)		e the map (Fig. 8) to describe other advantages of the area for the location of this ustrial complex.	
		[3]	

(c) Table 2 shows some inputs and outputs of four petrochemical factories in the area.

Table 2

factory	selected inputs	selected outputs
A	benzene, petroleum	toluene, xylene
В	toluene, xylene	phosphene, nitric acid, caustic soda, sulfuric acid, hydrogen
С	phosphene, nitric acid, caustic soda, sulfuric acid	textile dyes
D	hydrogen, caustic soda, sulfuric acid	hydrochloric acid

Using evidence from Table 2 **only**, explain why these factories locate close to each other.

.....

......[1]

[Total: 8 marks]

6 (a) Fig. 9 gives some information about Wyoming, a state in the USA.

The western part of the state is part of the Rocky Mountains while the eastern part is a plateau covered by natural grassland in the rain shadow of the Rockies. The main economic activity is cattle ranching, which provides more than 77% of the state's wealth. The average herd size is 232 and at least 50 of the ranches (farms) have more than 2500 cattle. The average farm size is over 100000 hectares.



(ii) What percentage of farmland in Wyoming is under permanent pasture?

.....%

[1]

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(b)	b) Photograph C (Insert), shows farm workers moving cattle on a ranch.						
	(i)	Describe the relief of the area shown in Photograph C.					
	(ii)	Suggest one characteristic of the area shown in Photograph C that causes the cattle to be moved frequently from one part of the ranch to another.					
		[1]					
	(iii)	Suggest why the area is not used for arable farming.					
		[Total: 8 marks]					

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Copyright Acknowledgements:

Question 2 Photograph A	Muriel Fretwell © UCLES.
Question 3 Figs 4, 5 and 6	© http://www.unhcr.org/4e0475f69.html
	© http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-14144893
Question 5 Photograph B	Muriel Fretwell © UCLES.
Question 6 Figs 9 and 10	© http://www.agcensus.usda.gov/Publications/2007/Full_Report/Volume_1,_Chapter_1_State_Level/Wyoming/
Question 6 Photograph C	Muriel Fretwell © UCLES.

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