## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/43

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460	43

1	(a)	(i)	Go to 2 sites on each road/opposite sides of road Split into groups/pairs Organise tasks within group Which points on the roads to do the survey Which day/when to do the survey What equipment they would need – stopwatch/clock/counters/clickers Synchronising timing/start & finish at same time Agree vehicle categories Information to include on recording sheet/put location or date Method – tally count/automatic counters		[4]
		(ii)	Being unable to count accurately at <u>busy</u> times/lots of traffic/traffic fast/too many lanes to count. Students losing concentration/bored/no break Breathing difficulties/breathing exhaust fumes Timings is hard to synchronise Specific weather difficulty – e.g. rain ruins paper/sunstroke Keep returning to do count/meet at different times	going too (3 @ 1)	[3]
	(b)	(i)	158		[1]
		(ii)	Completion of divided bar graph – van/minibus to 140 & lorry/bus to 158 each.	for 1 mark	
			Don't need V & L		[2]
		(iii)	Pie Chart		[1]
		(iv)	Hypothesis is true – 1 mark reserve Total number of vehicles decreases during day Bikes also decreases during day Cars/vans/lorries slightly increase then decrease/decrease overall Paired data to show changes to 2 mark max – need 2 times of day & figu e.g. at 08.00 total was 160 & at 14.00 total was 126	ures	[1] rk [2]
			e.g. at 08.00 there were 8 bikes and 2 bikes at 17.00		[4]
		(v)	Number: less vehicles at site 7/more at site 3 Type: more lorries/vans/less cars at site 7 Need comparison	(2 @ 1)	[2]

Pa	age 3		e 3 Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	•
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460	43	
(c)	(i)	Bike	= 3, Lorry = 54		(2 @ 1)	[2]
	(ii)	Both Both	pletion of line graph: 14.00–15.00 = 1120, 17.00–1 points plotted accurately + line = 2 marks points plotted accurately but no line = 1 mark <b>OR</b> int plotted accurately + line = 1 mark	8.00 = 1400		[2]
	(iii)	Con No c Crec	othesis 2 is incorrect – 1 mark reserve gestion <u>only</u> occurs at sites 1, 4, 5, & 6 (accept any congestion occurs at sites 2, 3, 7 & 8 (accept any 1) lit data to 2 marks max – need time and site and re at 08.00 at site 2 traffic = 1300 which is below cong	ference to conge	estion level	
			at 08.00 at site 6 traffic = 590 which is above conge			[4]
(d)	Incr	rease	in traffic/cars/vans/lorries			
	Incr	rease	/cause congestion		(2 @ 1)	[2]
(e)	By-  Par Bus Car	pass/ k and lane slane	s/bike lanes ing	road		
	Par	king r	blic transport or example restrictions/more parking spaces			
		-	streets raffic to certain days/license plate policy			
			on charge		(3@1)	[3]
		[Total: 3				l: 30]

	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460	43	
2	<ul> <li>(a) Don't do fieldwork if river is in flood/strong current Check depth/don't go in deep water Wear shoes/wellingtons Don't do fieldwork alone – at least two preferably three people per group Wear waterproofs/warm clothing/appropriate clothing/gloves/hats Keep a look out for dangerous animals/mosquito spray Don't do fieldwork if river is badly polluted Tell someone where you are going/take a mobile phone Beware of slippery rocks</li> </ul>					
			nblock		(2 @ 1)	[2]
	(b) (i)	Tape Floa	ging poles/poles e measure/metre rule t/orange/dog biscuit/a floating object			[0]
		Stop	watch/watch/clock		(3 @ 1)	[3]
	(ii)	Dista	rage length of time = 56.4 (secs) ance/Time = 10 (m)/56.4 (secs) or calculated figure 8 m/sec/0.177			[3]
	(iii)	Floa Stud Mea	surements taken at different times/different flow cor ts got stuck/obstacles blocking floats ent error/timing error/measuring error surements taken at different points across river/insi of different types of float		(2 @ 1)	[2]
	(iv)	<u>Dista</u> Line	<u>vertical</u> surveying poles ance apart/at least 5 m apart up clinometer between <u>same points</u> on the poles suring <u>angle</u>			[3]
	(v)	Stee Use e.g.	othesis is incorrect – 1 mark reserve per gradient = lower velocity/gentler gradient = high of paired data from 2 sites – to 1 mark max at site 1 gradient = 8 degrees & velocity = 0.29, at locity = 0.43	-	6 degrees	[3]

Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
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(c) (i)	Tape Pole	e/rope & tape		(2 @ 1)	[2]	
(ii)	<ul> <li>Completion of cross-section 2.5 m = 0.30 m = 1 mark</li> <li>Completion of line = 1 mark</li> </ul>					
(iii)		pletion of scatter graph 3.5m – 0.29 m/s 't need point 1			[1]	
(iv)	<ul> <li>(iv) Hypothesis 2 is correct/partially correct – 1 mark reserve Anomaly at site 2 or 3 Use of paired data from 2 sites – to 1 mark max e.g. site 1 w.p. = 3.5 &amp; velocity = 0.29 &amp; at site 5 w.p. = 12.1 and velocity = 0.47 Credit data to show anomaly</li> </ul>					
(v)	Tape Curr	deep to reach the bed/cannot reach river bed e may not be long enough ent may move tape/pull tape downstream/lift it from gerous <u>because</u> too deep/fast flowing		(2 @ 1)	[2]	
e.g Pe Inv De Te Su Su Sa	e.g. People pollute the river with waste water from a factory People throw household rubbish into the river – 1 mark reserve Investigation Decide how many sites to investigate and where Devise a data collection sheet to record results of visual survey Test acidity of water/use pH paper Test clarity/colour of water see if can see through water Survey water life, using a species indicator (Biotic Index) Measure water temperature Sampling technique					
Co Su Su Otł Ba	mpare rvey ty rvey p ner po nk stre	ore & after pollutant e results at different sites ypes of litter eople about change ssible investigations into human impact on flow: engthening reduces bank erosion lam construction decreases flow				
		straightening or dredging increases velocity			[4]	
	[Total: 3					