# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/23
Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

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1 (a) 2nd row random, 3rd row neither, 4th row systematic all correct
(b) (i) 1. systematic error: the average / peak is not the true value / the readings are not centred around the true value
2. random error: readings have positive and negative values around the peak value / values are scattered / wide range
(ii) 1. accurate: peak / average value moves towards the true value
2. precise: lines are closer together / sharper peak

2 (a) resultant moment = zero / sum of clockwise moments = sum of anticlockwise moments
resultant force $=0$
(b) shape and orientation correct and forces labelled and arrows correct M1 angles correct / labelled
(c) (i) $T \cos 18^{\circ}=W$

Scale diagram:
C1
$T=520 / \cos 18^{\circ}=547 \mathrm{~N} \quad \pm 20 \mathrm{~N}$
A1
(ii) $R=T \sin 18^{\circ}$
$=169 \mathrm{~N} \quad \pm 20 \mathrm{~N}$
A1
(d) $\theta$ is larger hence $\cos \theta$ is smaller, $T=W / \cos \theta$

M1
hence $T$ is larger
A0

3 (a) weight $=m \times g$

$$
\begin{equation*}
=130.5 \times 9.81=1280 \mathrm{~N} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

A1
(b) (i) $F=m a$
$T-1280=130.5 \times 0.57 \quad$ C1
$T=1280+74.4=1350 \mathrm{~N}$
A1
(ii) 1280 N

A1
(c) $\begin{aligned} 1240-1280 & =130.5 \times a \\ a & =(-) 0.31 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}\end{aligned}$
(d) (i) 1. 3.5 s
2. 6.5 s

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(ii) basic shape M1 correct points A1

4 (a) force is proportional to extension
B1
(b) (i) gradient of graph determined (e.g. $50 / 40 \times 10^{-3}$ ) $=1250 \mathrm{Nm}^{-1}$
(ii) $W=1 / 2 k x^{2} \quad$ or $W=1 / 2$ final force $\times$ extension

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =0.5 \times 1250 \times\left(36 \times 10^{-3}\right)^{2} \text { or } 0.5 \times 45 \times 36 \times 10^{-3} \\
& =0.81 \mathrm{~J}
\end{aligned}
$$ M1

(c) (i) $0.81=1 / 2 m v^{2}$
C1
$v=8.0(8.0498) \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ A1
(ii) $4 \times \mathrm{KE} / 4 \times$ WD or $3.24 \mathrm{~J} \quad \mathrm{C} 1$
hence twice the compression $=72 \mathrm{~mm}$ A1
(iii) Max height is when all KE or WD or elastic PE is converted to GPE C1 ratio $=1 / 4$ or 0.25 A1
[2]
[2]
(ii) $R=V / I$ hence take co-ords of $V$ and $I$ from graph and calculate $V / I$
lamp hotter ..... M1
resistance of lamps in parallel greater ..... A1
(ii) $P=V^{2} / R$ or $P=V I$ and $V=I R \quad$ C1
$R=144 / 50=2.88$ for each lamp C1
total $R=1.44 \Omega$ A1

6 (a) (i) amplitude $=7.6 \mathrm{~mm}$
allow 7.5 mm
A1
(ii) $180^{\circ} / \pi \underline{\mathrm{rad}}$ A1
(iii) $v=f \times \lambda$

$$
=15 \times 0.8
$$

C1

$$
=12 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}
$$

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (b) correct sketch with peak moved to the right } & \text { B1 } \\ \text { curve moved by the correct phase angle / time period of } 0.25 T & \text { B1 }\end{array}$ curve moved by the correct phase angle / time period of $0.25 T$
(c) (i) zero (rad)
(ii) antinode maximum amplitude, node zero amplitude / displacement

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(iii) 3
(iv) horizontal line through central section of wave

B1

7 (a) density in solids and liquids similar M1 spacing in solids and liquids about the same A1 density in gases much less as spacing in gases much greater B1
(b) density $=$ mass $/$ volume C1
mass $=1.67 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg}$ and volume $=4 / 3 \pi r^{3}$ C1
density $=\left(1.67 \times 10^{-27}\right) / 4 / 3 \times \pi \times\left(1.0 \times 10^{-15}\right)^{3}$ $=3.99 \times 10^{17} \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$ A1
(c) atoms / molecules composed of large amount of empty space / nucleus has very small volume compared to volume of atom / space between atoms in a gas is very large

