## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/21
Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

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1 (a) length, current, temperature, amount of substance, (luminous intensity) $\begin{aligned} & \text { any three, } 1 \text { each }\end{aligned}$
(b) (i) $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}: \mathrm{kg} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}^{-2} \\ & \rho: \mathrm{kg} \mathrm{m}^{-3} \\ & \mathrm{~V}: \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}^{-1}\end{aligned}$

B1
B1
(ii) some working e.g. $\mathrm{kg} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}^{-2}=\mathrm{m}^{2} \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}\left(\mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right)^{k} \quad$ M1
hence $k=2$
A1

2 (a) (i) horizontal speed constant at $8.2 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$
vertical component of speed $=8.2 \tan 60^{\circ} \quad$ M1

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
=14.2 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1} & \mathrm{AO}
\end{array}
$$

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (ii) } 14.2^{2}=2 \times 9.8 \times h(\text { using } g=10 \text { then }-1) & \text { C1 } \\ \text { vertical distance }=10.3 \mathrm{~m} & \text { A1 }\end{array}$
(iii) $\begin{aligned} \text { time of descent }=14.2 / 9.8=1.45 \mathrm{~s} & \text { C1 }\end{aligned}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
x & =1.45 \times 8.2 \\
& =11.9 \mathrm{~m}
\end{aligned}
$$

A1
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (b) (i) } \begin{array}{ll}\text { smooth path curved and above given path } & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { hits ground at more acute angle }\end{array} & \text { A1 }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (ii) smooth path curved and below given path } & \text { M1 } \\ \text { hits ground at steeper angle } & \text { A1 }\end{array}$

3 (a) force = rate of change of momentum (allow symbols if defined) B1
(b) (i) $\Delta \rho=140 \times 10^{-3} \times(5.5+4.0)$

C1
$=1.33 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$
A1
(ii) $\begin{array}{rlr}\text { force } & =1.33 / 0.04 & \mathrm{M} 1 \\ & =33.3 \mathrm{~N}\end{array}$

$$
=33.3 \mathrm{~N}
$$

A0
(c) (i) taking moments about $\mathrm{B} \quad \mathrm{C1}$
$\begin{array}{ll}(33 \times 75)+(0.45 \times g \times 25)=F_{\mathrm{A}} \times 20 & \text { C1 } \\ F_{\mathrm{A}}=129 \mathrm{~N} & \text { A1 }\end{array}$
(ii) $\begin{array}{rlrl}F_{\mathrm{B}} & =33+129+0.45 g & \mathrm{C} 1 \\ & =166 \mathrm{~N} & \mathrm{~A} 1\end{array}$
$=166 \mathrm{~N}$ A1

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4 (a) (i) $F / A$
B1 [1]
(ii) $\Delta L / L$

B1 [1]
(iii) allow $F L / A \Delta L$

B1 [1]
(iv) allow $\rho L / A$ or $\rho(L+\Delta L) / A$

B1 [1]
(b) (i) $\Delta L=F L / E A$
$=(30 \times 2.6) /\left(7.0 \times 10^{10} \times 3.8 \times 10^{-7}\right) \quad$ M1
$=2.93 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}=2.93 \mathrm{~mm}$
A0
(ii) $\begin{aligned} \Delta R & =\rho \Delta L / A \\ & =\left(2.6 \times 10^{-8} \times 2.93 \times 10^{-3}\right) /\left(3.8 \times 10^{-7}\right) \\ & =2.0 \times 10^{-4} \Omega\end{aligned}$
(c) change in resistance is (very) small
so method is not appropriate
M1
A1

5 (a) when a wave passes through a slit / by an edge M1
the wave spreads out / changes direction
A1
(b) diagram: wavelength unchanged M
wavefront flat at centre, curving into geometrical shadow
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (c) } \begin{array}{l}d \sin \theta=n \lambda \\ \text { for } \theta=90^{\circ} \\ 1 /\left(650 \times 10^{3}\right)=n \times 590 \times 10^{-9} \\ n=2.6 \\ \\ \text { number of orders is } 2\end{array} & \mathrm{C} 1 \\ \end{array}$
(d) intensity / brightness decreases (as order increases)

6 (a) (i) either $P=V^{2} / R \quad$ or $\quad P=V I$ and $V=I R \quad$ C1
$R=4.0 \Omega$
A1
(ii) sketch vertical axis labelled appropriately B1
(straight) line from origin then curved in correct direction
B1 line passes through $12 \mathrm{~V}, 3.0 \mathrm{~A}$

B1
(b) (i) 2.0 kW
(ii) 0.5 kW

A1
(iii) total resistance $=3 R / 2$
power $=0.67 \mathrm{~kW}$ A1

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7 (a) either different forms of same element or nuclei have same number of protons M1 different numbers of neutrons (in the nucleus) A1
(b) (i) proton number conserved B1 nucleon number conserved B1 mass-energy conserved B1
(ii) 1. $Z=36$

A1 [1]
2. $x=3$

A1

