MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/21 Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

	Page 2			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Sy		Paper	
				GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9702	21	
1	(a)	leng any	gth, c ⁄ <i>three</i>	urrent, temperature, amount of substance, (luminous in e <i>, 1 each</i>	ntensity)	B3	[3]
	(b)	(i)	<i>F</i> : kợ ρ: kợ ν: m	g m s ⁻² g m ⁻³ s ⁻¹		B1 B1 B1	[3]
		(ii)	som hend	e working e.g. kg m s ⁻² = m ² kg m ⁻³ (m s ⁻¹) ^k ce $k = 2$		M1 A1	[2]
2	(a)	(i)	horiz verti	zontal speed constant at 8.2 m s ⁻¹ cal component of speed = 8.2 tan 60° = 14.2 m s^{-1}		C1 M1 A0	[2]
		(ii)	14.2 verti	$h^2 = 2 \times 9.8 \times h$ (using $g = 10$ then -1) cal distance = 10.3 m		C1 A1	[2]
		(iii)	time	of descent = 14.2 / 9.8 = 1.45 s		C1	
			x = =	1.45 × 8.2 11.9 m		A1	[2]
	(b)	(i)	smo hits g	oth path curved and above given path ground at more acute angle		M1 A1	[2]
		(ii)	smo hits g	oth path curved and below given path ground at steeper angle		M1 A1	[2]
3	(a)	forc	ce = ra	ate of change of momentum (allow symbols if de	efined)	B1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	Δho	= $140 \times 10^{-3} \times (5.5 + 4.0)$ = 1.33 kg m s^{-1}		C1 A1	[2]
		(ii)	force	e = 1.33 / 0.04 = 33.3 N		M1 A0	[1]
	(c)	(i)	takir (33 × F _A =	ng moments about B × 75) + (0.45 × <i>g</i> × 25) = <i>F</i> _A × 20 × 129 N		C1 C1 A1	[3]
		(ii)	F _B = =	33 + 129 + 0.45 <i>g</i> 166 N		C1 A1	[2]

	Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9702	21	
4	(a) (i) F/.	A		B1	[1]
	(ii) ∆L	/ L		B1	[1]
	(iii) allo	w FL/AAL		B1	[1]
	(iv) allo	w $\rho L/A$ or $\rho (L + \Delta L)/A$		B1	[1]
	(b) (i) ∆L	= FL / EA = (30 × 2.6) / (7.0 × 10 ¹⁰ × 3.8 × 10 ⁻⁷) = 2.93 × 10 ⁻³ m = 2.93 mm		M1 A0	[1]
	(ii) ∆ <i>R</i>	$= \rho \Delta L / A$		C1	
		= $(2.6 \times 10^{-6} \times 2.93 \times 10^{-6}) / (3.8 \times 10^{-7})$ = $2.0 \times 10^{-4} \Omega$		A1	[2]
	(c) change so meth	in resistance is (very) small od is not appropriate		M1 A1	[2]
5	(a) when a the wav	wave passes through a slit / by an edge e spreads out / changes direction		M1 A1	[2]
	(b) diagram	 wavelength unchanged wavefront flat at centre, curving into geometrical sh 	adow	M1 A1	[2]
	(c) $d\sin\theta$	= nλ		C1	
	for θ = 9 1 / (650	$(\times 10^3) = n \times 590 \times 10^{-9}$		M1	
	<i>n</i> = 2.6 number	of orders is 2		A1	[3]
	(d) intensity	/ brightness decreases (as order increases)		B1	[1]
6	(a) (i) eith	er $P = V^2/R$ or $P = VI$ and $V = IR$ $R = 4.0 \Omega$		C1 A1	[2]
	(ii) ske (stra line	tch vertical axis labelled appropriately aight) line from origin then curved in correct direction a passes through 12 V, 3.0 A		B1 B1 B1	[3]
	(b) (i) 2.0	kW		A1	[1]
	(ii) 0.5	kW		A1	[1]
	(iii) tota pov	I resistance = 3 <i>R</i> / 2 ver = 0.67 kW		C1 A1	[2]

	Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9702	21	
7	(a) either or differe	different forms of same element <u>nuclei</u> have same number of protons ent numbers of neutrons (in the nucleus)		M1 A1 [2]
	(b) (i) pi n m	roton number conserved ucleon number conserved nass-energy conserved		B1 B1 B1 [[3]
	(ii) 1 2	. <i>Z</i> = 36 . <i>x</i> = 3		A1 [A1	1] [1]