CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

9702 PHYSICS

9702/35

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Paye	, 	Wark Scheme	Syllabus	Fapei
		GCE AS LEVEL – October/November 2013	9702	35
(a) V	alue for	L in the range 0.500–0.600 m.		[1]
(c) (iv	r) Valu	e for <i>n</i> in the range 3–8.		[1]
` '		of readings of D and n scores 5 marks, five sets scores n Supervisor -1 .	4 marks etc.	[5]
R	Range of	f D : D_{min} < 45 cm and D_{max} > 50 cm.		[1]
Е	ach col	neadings: umn heading must contain a quantity and a unit where a must conform to accepted scientific convention e.g. <i>D</i> /n		[1]
	Consiste III value:	ncy: s of <i>D</i> must be given to the nearest mm.		[1]
S E	ignifica very va	nt figures: lue of $((n + 1)/n)^2$ should be given to 2 or 3 s.f.		[1]
	Calculati Values o	on: $f((n + 1)/n)^2$ calculated correctly.		[1]
(e) (i	Sens Scal both Scal	s: sible scales must be used, no awkward scales (e.g. 3:10 es must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy a x and y directions. es must be labelled with the quantity that is being plotte e markings should be no more than three large squares	t least half the	[1] graph grid in
	All o Dian	ing of points: bservations in the table must be plotted. neter of plotted point must be ≤ half a small square (no ' k to an accuracy of half a small square.	ʻblobs").	[1]
		lity: oints in the table must be plotted on the grid for this majorits must be no more than 0.04 of $((n + 1)/n)^2$ from a signal.		[1] ed.
(e) (ii	Judg Ther	of best fit: ge by balance of all points on the grid about the candida re must be an even distribution of points either side of the	e line along the	e full length.

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

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kinked or thicker than half a small square.

Allow one anomalous point only if clearly indicated by the candidate. Line must not be

		001/10 12/12 001000///07/0//07/07	
	(iii)	Gradient:	[1]
		The hypotenuse of the triangle must be at least half the length of the drawn line. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. The method of calculation must be correct.	ı
		y-intercept: Either:	[1]
		Check correct read-off from a point on the line and substituted into $y = mx + c$. Read-off must be accurate to half a small square in both x and y directions. Or:	
		Check read-off of the intercept directly from the graph.	
	(f)	Value of $P = -(\text{candidate's gradient})$. Value of $Q = \text{candidate's intercept}$.	[1]
		Unit for P (e.g. m^{-1}) consistent with value and no unit for Q .	[1]
		[Total	: 20]
2	(b) (i)	Value for V_0 in range 25.0 – 35.0 cm ³ .	[1]
	(ii)	Evidence of two volumes added together.	[1]
	(v)	Correct calculation of <i>V</i> .	[1]
	(vi)	Absolute uncertainty in V in range $1 \text{ cm}^3-3 \text{ cm}^3$. If repeated readings have been taken, then the uncertainty can be half the range (but not zero if values are equal).	
		Correct method of calculation to find percentage uncertainty.	[1]
	(c) (iii)	Value(s) of <i>x</i> . Evidence of repeat readings of <i>x</i> (either here or in (d)(ii)).	[1] [1]
		Evidence of repeat readings of x (charlet field of in (a)(ii)).	ניו
	(d) (ii)	Second value of <i>V</i> . Second value of <i>x</i> .	[1] [1]
		Quality: second value of x less than first value of x.	[1]
	(e) (i)	Two values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.	[1]
	(ii)	Justification of s.f. in <i>k</i> linked to significant figures in <i>x</i> and <i>V</i> .	[1]
	(iii)	Sensible comment relating to the calculated values of k , testing against a criterion specified by the candidate.	[1]

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(f)

		I	T .
	(i) Limitations (4 max)	(ii) Improvements (4 max)	Do not credit
A	Two readings not enough (to draw a conclusion)	Take more readings and plot a graph/take more readings, calculate more <i>k</i> values and compare	'few readings'/'take more readings and calculate average'/'only one reading'/ 'repeat readings' on its own
В	Difficult to remove correct amount of water because air drawn into syringe	Use syringe with longer nozzle/needle Tilt/invert ball	'nozzle too short' on its own
С	Blu-tack not sticky enough/water leaks from ball/ syringe	Use e.g. sellotape/small cork to seal hole	
D	Difficult to judge lowest depth with reason e.g. parallax error/difficult to move head	Line up both sides of rubber band with ball Use mirror behind ball	Parallax measuring <i>x</i> Take measurements at eye level
E	Difficult to judge lowest depth because ball at maximum depth for a short time	Video experiment with scale	Moves too fast/too quickly Use motion sensor/high- speed cameras/slow-motion cameras Use light sensors
F	Large uncertainty in value of V/scale divisions on syringe too large	Use a smaller syringe/ measure mass/weight of ball and water	
G	Difficult to release ball without applying force/difficult to hold the ball on the surface of the water	Method of releasing ball e.g. cut string attached to ball	Clamp ball Use card/plastic gate

Do not allow 'use a computer to improve the experiment'.

[Total: 20]