# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/35 Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |
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| 1 (a) | PDO layout | I mass of acid used and both weighings with unit shown correctly (g), /g, mass in g or mass in grams | 1 |  |
|  | PDO recording | II Rough titre shown and acceptable/appropriate headings and units for accurate titration table Minimum of $2 \times 2$ "boxes" Acceptable headings: initial/final or $1^{s t} / 2^{\text {nd }}$ (burette) (reading)/(volume)//(reading at)/(volume at) start/finish; volume added/used/titre; not "difference", "total volume" or "volume of FA 2" Acceptable units are solidus: $/ \mathrm{cm}^{3}$; brackets: $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$; in words: volume in cubic centimeters, volume in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$. <br> If $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ units are not given in the heading, every entry in the table must have the correct unit. | 1 |  |
|  | PDO recording | III All accurate burette readings to $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; more than one final burette reading is 50.(00); any burette reading is greater than 50.(00) | 1 |  |
|  | MMO decision | IV Two uncorrected accurate titres within $0.10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ Do not allow the Rough even if ticked. Do not award this mark if having performed two titres within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ a further titration is performed which is more than $0.10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ from the closer of the initial two titres, unless a fourth titration, within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of any other has also been carried out. Mark not awarded if any accurate reading is given to zero dp apart from initial ' 0 '. | 1 |  |
|  | MMO quality | Calculate candidates scaled titre $=$ candidate mean titre $\times$ supervisor's mass of acid $/$ candidates mass <br> Then compare scaled titre with the supervisor's mean titre <br> Award $\mathbf{V}, \mathbf{V I}$ and $\mathbf{V I I}$ if $\delta \leq 0.20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> Award $\mathbf{V}$ and $\mathbf{V I}$ if $0.20<\delta \leq 0.40 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> Award V, only, if $0.40<\delta \leq 0.80 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> Apply spread penalty as follows: titres selected (by examiner) differ by $>0.50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=-1$; <br> Apply a spread penalty of -1 if only one accurate titration is performed. | $1$ | [7] |


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| (b) | MMO decision | Check mean titre correctly calculated from clearly selected values (ticks or working) <br> Candidate must average two (or more) titres that are within $0.20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of each other. <br> Working must be shown or ticks must be put next to the two (or more) accurate readings selected. <br> The mean should normally be quoted to $2 d p$ rounded to the nearest 0.01. Example: 26.667 must be rounded to 26.67. <br> Two special cases where the mean may not be to 2 dp : allow mean to 3 dp only for 0.025 or 0.075 e.g. 26.325 ; allow mean to 1 dp if all accurate burette readings were given to $1 d p$ and the mean is exactly correct, e.g. 26.0 and $26.2=26.1$ is correct but 26.0 and $26.1=26.1$ is incorrect. <br> Do not award this mark if: <br> any selected titre is not within $0.20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of any other selected titre; <br> the rough titre was used to calculate the mean; candidate carried out only 1 accurate titration; burette readings were incorrectly subtracted to obtain any of the accurate titre values used. | 1 | [1] |
| (c) (i) <br> (ii) | PDO display | Correct working shown in both (i) and (ii) In (i), no of moles of $\mathrm{NaOH}=0.115 \times$ mean volume $/ 1000$ In (ii), mass of pure $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}=0.084 \times$ mass FA 1 weighed | 1 |  |
| (c) | PDO display | All three answers given in parts (i), (ii) and (iii) are quoted to 3 or 4 sig figs | 1 |  |
| (iii) | ACE interpretation | Correct calculation of answer to step (iii): $\frac{\text { (ii) }}{98.0} \div 10$ | 1 |  |
| (iv) | ACE interpretation | Ratio of moles $\mathrm{NaOH}: \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ correctly calculated, to nearest integer: $\frac{(i)}{\text { (ii) }}$ <br> ecf for $1: 3$ with $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{NaOH}=0.33$ <br> Enough working must be shown to indicate that the answer was obtained by a correct method. | 1 |  |
| (v) | ACE conclusions | Correctly balanced equation, corresponding to the ratio ( $\boldsymbol{n}$ ) given in part (iv) <br> If calculated value of $\boldsymbol{n}$ was not 1,2 or 3 (when rounded to the nearest integer), then this mark cannot be awarded ecf for 1:3 "corrected" to $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{NaOH}=3$ $\begin{aligned} & \text { If } n=1 \text {; then } \mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{NaH}_{2} \mathrm{PO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \text { If } n=2 \text {; then } 2 \mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{HPO}_{4}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \text { If } n=3 \text {; then } 3 \mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | [5] |


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| (d) (i) | ACE <br> interpretation | $\%$ error for pipette $=0.06 / 25 \times 100=0.24 \%$ (or 0.240\%) | 1 |  |
| (ii) <br> (iii) | ACE <br> interpret- <br> ation | No mark is allocated specifically for part (ii), but the candidate's answer must be appropriate: <br> if a two dp balance was used in question 1, the answer to (ii) must be 0.01 or 0.005; <br> if a one dp balance was used, the answer to (ii) must be 0.1 or 0.05 <br> \% error in mass of FA1, given in (iii) $=(2 \times$ answer to (ii) $/$ mass of FA 1 used $) \times 100=$ approx $0.1 \%$ Accept numerical answer correct to 2 , 3 or 4 sig fig <br> The answer must be within $\pm 1$ in final figure for 3 or 4 sf | 1 | [2] |


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| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |  |  |  |
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| (ii) | ACE <br> Improvements | Cool in a desiccator or cool in (closed) container with a <br> (named) drying agent | 1 | $[2]$ |  |  |  |
| [Total: 12] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


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| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |
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| FA 4 is $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$; FA 5 is $\mathrm{ZnSO}_{4}+\mathrm{KI}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 3 (a) (i) | PDO layout | Clear table headings and observations recorded in single table <br> Attempts at conclusions must also be made, but they do not need to be shown in the table | 1 |  |
|  | MMO collection | Mark horizontally or vertically: | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| (ii) | ACE conclusion | $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}+\mathrm{Co}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}$ | 1 |  |
| (iii) | ACE interpretation | Correct calculation of $\boldsymbol{A}_{\mathrm{r}}$ : <br> $A_{\mathrm{r}}=222-M_{\mathrm{r}}$ of $\mathrm{X}_{2}=151$ (if FA 4 was identified as chloride) <br> Candidate may use 222 [or answer in 2(b)(v)] <br> and $2 \times A_{r}$ of the halide identified. <br> Mark ecf if bromide was identified in FA4 from a "cream" precipitate in (i) | 1 |  |
| (iv) | ACE conclusion | Identification of $\mathbf{M}$ and explanation that the calculated $A_{r}$ value is closest | 1 |  |
| (v) | ACE conclusion | Formula of FA 4 would be $\mathrm{MCl}_{3}$ if Cr or Al were present or Cr and $\mathrm{A} l$ show oxidation state +3 (or have +3 ions) (whereas $\mathbf{M}$ is $2+$ ). <br> Both ions must be discussed to earn this mark("they" is sufficient): <br> "no green colour" of FA 4 is acceptable to eliminate $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$ | 1 | [7] |
| (b) (i) | MMO collection | FA 4 gives no change/no precipitate with $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ <br> FA 5 gives a white precipitate, soluble in excess ammonia | 1 <br> 1 |  |
| (ii) <br> (iii) | ACE conclusion | FA 4 is any two of | 1 |  |
| (iv) | MMO decision <br> MMO collection | Add sulfuric acid or potassium (di)chromate(VI) to FA 4 or suitable reagent for distinguishing between ions given in (ii) <br> Observation for FA 4 in the test recorded correct for $\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$ and conclusion that barium ion is present or logical conclusion from result of selected test <br> (Expected results: <br> White precipitate obtained with sulfuric acid <br> or [pale] yellow precipitate with (di)chromate(VI) ions | $1$ <br> 1 |  |


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| (v) | MMO <br> collection | White precipitate, insoluble in HCl <br> and conclusion that FA 5 contains sulfate ion | 1 | [6] |

