## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/33 Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE AS/A LEVEL - May/June 2014 | 9701 | 33 |


| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | PDO Layout | I Initial and final readings and titre value given for rough titre and initial and final readings for two (or more) accurate titrations (minimum of $2 \times 2$ box) | 1 |  |
|  | MMO Collection | II Appropriate headings and units for all accurate data. and <br> volume FA 1 added recorded for each accurate titre. <br> Headings should match readings. <br> - initial/start (burette) reading/volume <br> - final/end (burette) reading/volume <br> - titre or volume/FA 1 used/added (not "difference") unit: $/ \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ or $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ or in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ or $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ for each entry | 1 |  |
|  | PDO Recording | III All accurate burette readings recorded to $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> The need to record to 0.05 applies only to the burette readings and not to the recorded titres. <br> Do not award this mark if: <br> - $50(.00)$ is used as an initial burette reading <br> - more than one final burette reading is 50.(00) <br> - any burette reading is greater than 50.(00). | 1 |  |
|  | MMO Decisions | IV Has two uncorrected, accurate titres within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> Do not include a reading labelled 'rough'. <br> Do not award this mark if, having performed two titres within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, a further titration is performed that is more than $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ from the closer of the two initial titres unless further titrations within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of any other have also been carried out. <br> Do not award the mark if any 'accurate' burette readings (apart from initial 0) are given to zero $d p$. | 1 |  |

All burette readings should be rounded to the nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Subtractions should be checked. The 'best' titres should be selected using the hierarchy:
two (or more) identical,
then two (or more) within $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$,
then two (or more) within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, etc.
Examiner compares candidate mean titre with Supervisor mean titre.

| (a) | MMO <br> Quality | V, VI and VII <br> Award V, VI and VII for a difference from Supervisor, <br> $\delta \leq 0.20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> Award V and VI for $0.20<\delta \leq 0.30 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> Award V only for $0.30<\delta \leq 0.50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> Spread penalty: if the two 'best' titres used by the Examiner <br> are $\geq 0.50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ apart cancel one of the $Q$ marks. | 3 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE AS/A LEVEL - May/June 2014 | 9701 | 33 |


| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | ACE <br> Interpretation | Candidate must average two (or more) titres that are all within $0.20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> Working must be shown or ticks must be put next to the two (or more) accurate readings selected. <br> The mean should normally be quoted to $2 d p$ rounded to the nearest 0.01. <br> Two special cases where the mean may not be to 2 dp : allow mean to 3 dp only for 0.025 or 0.075 e.g. 26.325; allow mean to 1 dp if all accurate burette readings were given to 1 dp and the mean is exactly correct. e.g. 26.0 and $26.2=26.1$ is correct but 26.0 and $26.1=26.1$ is incorrect. <br> Note: the candidate's mean will sometimes be marked as correct even if it is different from the mean calculated by the Examiner for the purpose of assessing accuracy. | 1 | [1] |
| (c) | PDO <br> Display <br> ACE <br> Interpretation <br> ACE <br> Conclusion | I Uses the expression $\frac{0.0200 \times \text { (b) }}{1000}$ in (i) (or answer correct to 3 or 4 sf ) <br> II Correctly evaluates $\frac{0.0530 \times 25}{1000}$ in (ii) (to 3 or 4 sf) <br> III $\frac{\text { answer to (ii) }}{\text { answer to (i) }}$ in (iii) <br> and correct answer to 2,3 or 4 sf <br> IV Equation 2 as ratio is $5: 2$ or $2 \frac{1}{2}$ <br> and reference to their answer in (iii) <br> Allow ecf <br> V Oxidation state $=(+) 4$ in (v) from equation 2 <br> Allow ecf ((+)3) | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | [5] |
| Qn 1 | Total |  | [13] |  |


| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE AS/A LEVEL - May/June 2014 | 9701 | 33 |


| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ (a) | PDO <br> Recording | Four thermometer readings and two masses tabulated with <br> correct headings and units. <br> (mass/g or (g) or in g; temperature/temp/T/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, etc.) <br> If units are omitted from the headings then they must <br> appear next to each entry in the table. | 1 |  |
|  | Display | Consistent dp for balance readings and (minimum 3) <br> thermometer readings to $\times .0 / \times .5$. | 1 |  |

Correct temperatures to nearest $0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Examiner calculates $\Delta \mathrm{T}$ for longer piece of magnesium for Supervisor and candidate.

| (a) | MMO Quality | Award one mark if the difference between candidate and Supervisor is $\leq 2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. <br> Award second mark if the difference between candidate and Supervisor is $\leq 1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. | 1 | [4] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | ACE Interpretation <br> MMO <br> Collection <br> ACE <br> Interpretation <br> PDO <br> Display <br> ACE <br> Interpretation | I $\frac{\text { mass longer } \mathrm{Mg}}{24.3}<\frac{50 \times 1.00}{1000}$ in (i) <br> II No solid/metal left/all Mg disappeared/dissolved in (ii) <br> III Expression $50 \times 4.3 \times \Delta \mathrm{T}$ <br> or correct answers in (iii) and (v) <br> IV Uses $\frac{\text { answer to (iii) }}{\text { mass shorter } \mathrm{Mg} / 24.3}$ in (iv) <br> and $\frac{\text { answer to (v) }}{\text { mass longer } \mathrm{Mg} / 24.3}$ in (vi) <br> Allow ecf from (i) <br> V Correct answers given to 2-4 sf in kJ and minus signs in (iv) and (vi) | 1 1 | [5] |
| (c) | ACE Interpretation | ( $2 \times 0.5 /$ smaller $\Delta T$ ) $\times 100$ for shorter piece of Mg in (iii) | 1 | [1] |
| (d) | ACE <br> Interpretation <br> Improvements | Mass of/weighing Mg (ribbon) or volume of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ used or corrosion on Mg <br> Use greater mass/balance to more dp or use burette/pipette (to measure volume) or use sand paper or emery paper or use lid or taller beaker or taller cup to prevent acid spray | 1 1 | [2] |
| Qn 2 | Total |  |  |  |


| Page 5 Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE AS/A LEVEL - May/June 2014 | 9701 | 33 |


| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FA 4 is $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}(\mathrm{aq}) \quad \mathrm{FA} 5$ is $\mathrm{MnSO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq}) \quad \mathrm{FA} 6$ is $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{2}(\mathrm{aq})$ |  |  |  |  |
| 3 (a) (i) <br> (ii) | MMO Collection <br> ACE <br> Conclusion | I (Solution) turns pink/pink-brown/brown/purple or no reaction/no change <br> II (Purple decolourised and) (dark) brown ppt <br> III (Purple) decolourised <br> IV (FA 5 and) FA 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | [4] |
| (b) (i) | PDO <br> Layout <br> MMO <br> Collection <br> ACE <br> Conclusion | I NaOH on answer line and unambiguous table of results including observations for excess NaOH with all three <br> II Brown/orange/red-brown/rust ppt (insoluble in excess NaOH with FA 4) <br> III Off-white/buff/light brown ppt (insoluble in excess NaOH with FA 5) <br> IV Green/dirty green ppt (insoluble in excess NaOH with FA 6) <br> V ppt with FA 5 darkens/turns dark(er) brown and ppt with FA 6 darkens/turns green-brown/brown/orange-brown/ red-brown on standing <br> VI On warming/heating with NaOH gas evolved turns (damp) red litmus (paper) blue with FA 6 only <br> VII FA 4 contains $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ and FA 5 contains $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ and FA 6 contains $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ <br> VIII FA 6 contains $\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+}$ | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | [8] |
| (c) (i) | MMO <br> Decisions <br> MMO <br> Collection | Selects $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2} / \mathrm{Ba}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ <br> $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ : FA 4 white ppt and no ppt/reaction with FA 5 and FA 6 <br> or <br> $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2} / \mathrm{Ba}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ : white ppt with FA 5 and FA 6 and no ppt/reaction with FA 4 | $1$ $1$ |  |
| (ii) | ACE <br> Conclusion | FA 4 (contains the chloride ion) | 1 | [3] |
| Qn 3 | Total |  |  |  |

