## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

## 9701/34

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components

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| (c) | ACE Interpretation <br> PDO Display | (i) Experiment 1 and 5: correct concentration (to 2 4 sf ) of hydrogen peroxide in one of the solutions ( $0.088 / 0.0885 / 0.08846$ and $0.018 / 0.0177 / 0.01769$ respectively). <br> Correct concentrations in both and working shown in one. <br> (ii) Working to show that concentration of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ is proportional to volume of FB 1. <br> Use of ratios or multiplying factor or statement that total volume is constant / the same in each. | 1 1 1 | [3] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | ACE <br> Conclusions | Two pieces of evidence needed. If website statement correct <br> (i) a straight line / (line has) constant gradient <br> (ii) passes through origin if graph line is straight <br> (iii) straight line passes through origin (if appropriate from results) gains both marks. <br> or <br> If website statement not correct <br> (i) a curve has been drawn / no straight line / not constant gradient <br> (ii) straight line does not pass through the origin <br> (iii) points too scattered / not on best fit line. <br> If no comment on correct / incorrect <br> Allow 1 mark: for two pieces of evidence <br> A straight line, not passing through the origin could score both marks depending on explanation given (proportional but not directly proportional). <br> If two points are compared they must be on or very close to the graph line. | 1 | [2] |
| (e) | ACE <br> Conclusions | Predicts time will be reduced / halved (reference to rate is incorrect; allow time is faster). Explains that smaller amount / moles / volume of thiosulfate are present to delay blue-black colour / less iodine needs to be produced. | 1 1 | [2] |
| (f) | ACE Interpretation | Temperature change / concentration of KI / initial concentration of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$. (NOT catalyst) | 1 | [1] |
| (g) | ACE Interpretation | (i) Correctly calculates mean $=54.8$ only. <br> (ii) Correctly calculates error $=3.6$ or $3.65 \%$. Allow ecf correctly calculated from candidate's answer in (i) ( 3.56 or $3.6 \%$ if mean $=56.2$ ). | 1 | [2] |
| (h) | ACE <br> Improvements | $1^{\text {st }}$ experiment: only FB 2 changes and distilled water adjusted to give $60 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ total and $2^{\text {nd }}$ experiment: only FB 4 changes and distilled water adjusted to give $55 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ total. | 1 | [1] |
|  | [Total: 25] |  |  |  |


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FB 5 is $\mathrm{FeSO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq}) ; \quad$ FB 6 is $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq}) ; \quad \mathrm{FB} 7$ is $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq}) ; \quad \mathrm{FB} 8$ is $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}(\mathrm{s})$

| 2 (a) | PDO <br> Recording <br> MMO <br> Collection <br> MMO <br> Decisions | I Records all results (in correct space) for unknowns in a single table. <br> II Records green ppt, insoluble in excess NaOH for FB 5 and white ppt insoluble in excess NaOH with FB 7. <br> III Only heats the solution in which no ppt formed with NaOH . <br> IV Tests gas $/ \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ evolved on heating FB 6 with NaOH with (red) litmus paper turning blue. | 1 | [4] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | MMO Collection | With FB 5 records a green ppt, insoluble in excess ammonia <br> and <br> with FB 7 records a white ppt insoluble in excess ammonia. <br> Any evidence of the green ppt with FB 5 turning brown in tests in (a) or (b). | 1 1 | [2] |
| (c) | ACE <br> Conclusions | No ecf in this section. <br> FB 5 contains $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$, iron(II) <br> FB 6 contains $\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+}$, ammonium <br> FB 7 contains $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$, magnesium | 1 | [1] |
| (d) | MMO <br> Decisions <br> MMO <br> Collection <br> ACE <br> Conclusions | (i) Chooses as reagents: <br> barium chloride / nitrate as first reagent, and <br> hydrochloric / nitric acid as second reagent. <br> (ii) White ppt for all three with first reagent. (Allow off-white ppt with FB 5) <br> FB 5 and FB 7 ppt insoluble and FB 6 ppt dissolves in second reagent. <br> (If acid added before $\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$ then award $3^{\text {rd }}$ mark for white ppt, no reaction, white ppt.) <br> (iii) Correctly identifies the ions present and explanation from observations: $\mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-}$ in FB 5 and FB 7 as ppt insoluble in (appropriate) acid or $\mathrm{SO}_{3}^{2-}$ in FB 6 as ppt soluble in acid. (Only allow ecf if same transposition of solutions as in (a); $\mathrm{SO}_{3}^{2-}$ must be with $\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+}$) | 1 1 1 | [4] |


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| (e) | MMO Collection | Either solution turns yellow / orange / orange-brown / brown (box 1) <br> or brown / rust / red-brown ppt formed (box 2) <br> (ppt soluble in excess is incorrect). <br> Other of the above and observes effervescence / fizzing / <br> bubbles (in either box). <br> (Allow gas relights glowing splint (in either box) for $3^{\text {rd }}$ observation.) | 1 | [2] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (f) | MMO Collection <br> ACE Conclusion | Test 1: (blue) litmus paper turns red and <br> Test 2: sweet / fruity / glue / adhesive / nail varnish smell. Accept smell of ester. <br> Salt of an organic / carboxylic acid or organic salt / named salt of organic acid or (A solid/crystalline) organic/carboxylic acid/named organic acid. | 1 | [2] |
|  | [Total:15] |  |  |  |

