## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2007 question paper

## 9700 BIOLOGY

9700/02

Paper 2 (Theory 1), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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<b>R</b> = re AW = al <i>ora</i> = or	r rev	t ative wording erse argument onal valid point		
	mure smal no n loop mes plasi	nembrane-bound organelles / no named organelle(s) ; ein / peptidoglycan, in cell wall ; ller / 70s / 18nm, ribosomes ; ucleus / no nucleolus / no nuclear envelope ; of DNA / circular DNA / no chromosomes / naked DNA / osome ; mid ; sule ; <b>A</b> slime / mucilage, <u>around cell wall</u> ;	no histones ;	[3 max]
(b)		growth ; repair ; regeneration ; replacement / renewal ; asexual / vegetative, reproduction / propagation ;		[3 max]
(	ii)	idea that identical / sister chromatids, separate (in anaph	<u>ase) :</u>	
		<i>identical because</i> <u>semi-conservative</u> replication ; base pairing / A – T <u>and</u> C – G ; idea that <u>each</u> , strand / polynucleotide, of DNA acts as a two double helices produced are identical ; cells have same, genotype / <u>alleles</u> / DNA / number and no valid aspect of meiosis ;	-	osomes ; [3 max] <b>[Total: 9]</b>
2 (a)	(i)	haem / prosthetic group ; A porphyrin		
(		site of attachment of / binds with / carries / combines with transports, <u>oxygen</u> ; <b>R</b> absorbs / reacts with / stores (oxygen binds to) iron ion / Fe <sup>2+</sup> / FeII (in haem) ; <b>A</b> atom, of iron / ferum <i>tertiary</i>	າ / joins with / take	s up / [3]
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(each) polypeptide / protein, with complex 3D shape ; folding of secondary structure / folded alpha helices ; polypeptide / protein, coiled / folded / curled up / compac	t ; <i>1 max</i>	
		<i>quaternary</i> more than one <u>polypeptide</u> / AW ;	-	[2]

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(b)	(i)	58 ; 100	• •		[2]	
	(ii)	perc A ap smal satu 78–8 this (oxy ref to	al pressure of oxygen in <u>tissues</u> is low ; <b>A</b> concentration entage saturation decreases sharply ; propriate ref to 'steepest part of the curve' Il decrease in partial pressure of oxygen / 6 to 2 kPa, or ration with oxygen ; 30 to 22–24% saturated ; <b>A</b> appropriate figure(s) = range of partial pressures of oxygen in (respiring) tis )haemoglobin, dissociates / 'gives up its oxygen', at low o, distortion of haemoglobin molecule and ability to relevent gen / allosteric effect / cooperative binding ;	causes very larg sues ; w partial pressu	, in the second s	
(c)	san	ne sha	<i>urve drawn on Fig.</i> 2.3 ape as existing curve – begins at origin, ends at 95%– J <b>ht</b> of existing curve ;	100% ;	[2]	
					[Total: 13]	
; (a)	(i) (ii)	resis R ma wide thick evap ref to lowe wate cohe adhe wate trans	-like / tubular / hollow / empty / no obstructions / n stance, easy movement ; ass flow, continuous column e / large diameter / large lumen, so large volume / amo tening of the walls, to prevent collapse (under tension) poration of water inside, leaf / within mesophyll ; o mesophyll <u>cell walls</u> ; ers water potential ; er moves down water potential gradient ; esion between water molecules /AW ; esion of water molecules to vessel walls / AW; er pulled up under tension / transpiration pull ; spiration, stream / column ; <b>A</b> continuous column er moves up xylem) from high to low hydrostatic press	unts of water ca ;		
(b)	<ul> <li>nicotine, increases heart rate / raises blood pressure / constriction of blood vessels / increases stickiness of platelets (so cause clots ) / decrease in blood flow to, hands / feet / fingers / extremities / is addictive / damages, endothelium / lining of blood vessels ;</li> <li>carbon monoxide, combines with haemoglobin to form carboxyhaemoglobin / reduces amount of oxygen that can be transported in the blood ;</li> </ul>					
	car be transported in the blood ; carcinogens / named carcinogen (e.g. benzpyrene / phenol), cause mutations / AW ;					
	tar, inhi mu	ibits /	weakens action of / destroys / paralyses, cilia / stimula glands, to secrete <u>more</u> mucus ;			

	Page 4				Syllabus 9700	Paper 02	
4	(a)	sino-atria		e / sinoatrial node / SAN ;	5700	[1]	
	(b)	SAN / pa spreads fibrous ri time dela atrio-ven relays im	acemaker, sends out, w across atria (and cause ing / non-conducting tis ay to allow, atria to emp ntricular node / AVN, ac npulse to Purkyne tissue	sue / insulating tissue, prevents oty / ventricles to fill <i>or</i> time ref. ts as 'relay station' ;	it reaching the v (0.1–0.2 seconds		
	(c)	60 / 0.8 ; 75 ;	;			[2]	
	(d)	lower / le short dis	ess, resistance (within p ess force needed ; <i>ora</i> tance / <u>only</u> has to pum RV wall is, thinner / les	ip blood to lungs ; <i>ora</i> ;		[2 max] <b>[Total: 9]</b>	
5	(a)	., .	obacterium, tuberculos 1. tuberculosis / M. bovis			[1]	
				sneezes / spitting / sputum / bre ir, inhaled / breathed in by (unir		[2]	
	(b)	interpret calculate	r / valid comparison ; <b>/</b> total populations of reg e, incidence / prevalenc ee where impact (of TB	jions are different ; e (rates) ;		[2 max]	
	(c)	disease of, poverty / the poor ; people, living / sleeping, in close proximity / overcrowded conditions ; HIV / AIDS / malnutrition, weakens immune system / AW ; TB is opportunistic disease / described ; e.g. easily infects / increased susceptibility to TB HIV infection rates are highest in, Africa / S-E Asia ;					
		control regimes / vaccination programmes for TB are better in, some countries / regions, than others ; <i>ora</i> ref to (WHO) DOTS scheme ; ref to availability / combination of / length of treatment / resistance, re antibiotics / drugs ;					
			omparative data to supp quote figures or calcula				
		ref to HIV ref to, co	.g. general ref to provis V and, T cells / lymphoo ost / complexity, of provi k of, knowledge / educa	cytes iding treatments		[3 max]	
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(d) vaccine (BCG) is not effective ;

does not always give lasting protection / effectiveness decreases with years unless exposure to TB ;

no worldwide vaccination programme (as there was for smallpox); endemic all over the world; many, carriers / symptomless people;

bacteria remain in the body for a long time ;

intracellular parasite / lives in lung cells ;

AVP ; e.g. lack of protein in diet means it is difficult to produce antibodies /

difficult to produce herd immunity / some ref to antigenic variation / bacteria can live in animals [3 max]

[Total: 11]

[3 max]

## 6 (a) definition of ecosystem

<u>community</u> (of organisms) ; physical / abiotic, factors / environment ; ref to interaction between organisms ; ref to interaction between organisms and physical environment ; ref to 'self-contained' / delimited by some physical feature ; use of named example to illustrate one above point ;

(b) these (fierce) animals are, at the top of food chain / last in food chain ; secondary / tertiary, consumer / top carnivores ; ref to energy loss along food chains / energy lost between trophic levels / insufficient energy transfer ; further detail, e.g. little energy trapped by (primary) producers / only 10% transfer / loss in, respiration / decomposition ; large animals, require much energy / find it difficult to obtain sufficient energy ; need large habitat to provide sufficient food ; ref to fierce and maintaining territories ; AVP ; e.g. hunting / competition

(c) (legumes have) <u>Rhizobium</u>; in their <u>root</u> nodules; carry out nitrogen fixation; (legumes) not dependent on nitrate ions from soil; nitrogen / ammonium / nitrate, required for making, amino acids / proteins; ref to growth / reproduction; AVP; e.g. have mycorrhiza

[Total: 9]