

HISTORY

6 N O H O 6 G

Paper 2 Outline Study

9389/22 May/June 2015 1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet. Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

This paper contains **three** sections: Section A: European Option Section B: American Option Section C: International Option

Answer both parts of two questions from one section only.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The marks are given in brackets [] at the end of each part question.

This document consists of 4 printed pages.



Section A: European Option

Modern Europe, 1789–1917

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

1	Frai	France, 1789–1804			
	(a)	Account for the fall of Robespierre and the Jacobins.	[10]		
	(b)	To what extent was Louis XVI responsible for his own downfall?	[20]		
2	The	Industrial Revolution, c.1800–1850			
	(a)	Why did the development of steam power speed up the Industrial Revolution?	[10]		
	(b)	Assess the effects of the Industrial Revolution on the working class. Refer to any two countries in your answer.	[20]		
3	The	Origins of World War I, c.1900–1914			
	(a)	Why did Britain form the Triple Entente with France and Russia by 1907?	[10]		
	(b)	To what extent was the arms race the most important cause of World War I?	[20]		
4	The	Russian Revolution, 1905–1917			
	(a)	Why did the Tsar abdicate in 1917?	[10]		
	(b)	To what extent were the reforms of Witte and Stolypin successful?	[20]		

Section B: American Option

The History of the USA, 1840–1941

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

5 The Expansion of US Power from the 1840s to the 1930s

- (a) Why was the concept of Manifest Destiny so influential in nineteenth-century America? [10]
- (b) 'The expansion of US naval power was the most important factor shaping the USA's relations with Europe in the years from 1901 to 1922.' How far do you agree? [20]

6 Civil War and Reconstruction, 1861–1877

- (a) Why did Southern states introduce 'black codes' in 1865–66? [10]
- (b) 'Life was harsh for everyone in the South during the Civil War.' How far do you agree? [20]

7 The Gilded Age and the Progressive Era from the 1870s to the 1920s

- (a) Why did the USA maintain a high tariff policy in the 1870s and 1880s? [10]
- (b) How radical were the political and constitutional reforms of the Progressive Era? [20]

8 The Great Crash, the Great Depression and the New Deal, 1929–1941

- (a) Why did the Roosevelt Presidency begin with '100 Days' of action? [10]
- (b) 'Roosevelt's electoral success was based more on personality than policy.' How far do you agree? [20]

Section C: International Option

International Relations, 1871–1945

Answer both parts of two questions.

9 International Relations, 1871–1918

(a)	Why did Britain end its policy of 'splendid isolation' after 1900?	[10]
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(b) To what extent was Germany responsible for the outbreak of World War I? [20]

10 International Relations, 1919–1933

- (a) Why, in 1919, did the USA, Britain and France disagree about how best to treat the defeated Germany? [10]
- (b) To what extent did relations between France and Germany improve in the period from 1919 to 1933? [20]

11 International Relations, 1933–1939

(a)	Why were the Republicans defeated in the Spanish Civil War?	[10]
(b)	How far had Mussolini met his foreign policy aims by 1939?	[20]

12 China and Japan, 1919–1945

- (a) Why did the May the Fourth Movement occur? [10]
- (b) 'The Kuomintang's failure to establish effective government throughout China during the 1930s was caused by poor leadership.' How far do you agree? [20]

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