MMM. Arrenne Papers. Com

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/02

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 80

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

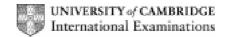
All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0620	02

1	(a) Substance containing only 1 type of atom/substance which cannot be broken down to other substance by <u>chemical</u> means				
	(b)	В		[1]	
	(c)	A +	D (both needed)	[1]	
	(d)	(i)	C	[1]	
		(ii)	carbon	[1]	
		(iii)	drill bits/ for cutting OWTTE	[1]	
	(e)	[,] 3 of: ducts heat/conducts electricity/malleable/ductile/sonorous/shiny T: silvery/high melting OR boiling points	[3]		
	(f)	(i)	alloy(s)	[1]	
		(ii)	mild steel → car bodies; stainless steel → chemical plant; aluminium → aircraft ALLOW car bodies; copper → electrical wiring	[4]	
			[Total:	14]	
			• ***	-	
2	(a)	res	piration	[1]	
2		-	<u>-</u>	_	
2		(i)	piration	[1]	
2		(i) (ii)	ciration CH ₄ ; O ₂ (1 mark each)	[1] [2] [1]	
2		(i) (ii) (iii)	ciration CH ₄ ; O ₂ (1 mark each) fuel OWTTE arrangement: random/not regularly arranged/not ordered/widely spaced OWTTE;	[1] [2]	
2		(i) (ii) (iii)	corration CH ₄ ; O ₂ (1 mark each) fuel OWTTE arrangement: random/not regularly arranged/not ordered/widely spaced OWTTE; motion: moving/random;	[1] [2] [1]	
2		(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	coiration CH ₄ ; O ₂ (1 mark each) fuel OWTTE arrangement: random/not regularly arranged/not ordered/widely spaced OWTTE; motion: moving/random; alkane(s)	[1] [2] [1] [2] [1]	
2	(b)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	coiration CH ₄ ; O ₂ (1 mark each) fuel OWTTE arrangement: random/not regularly arranged/not ordered/widely spaced OWTTE; motion: moving/random; alkane(s)	[1] [2] [1] [2] [1]	
2	(b)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) C (i)	Diration $CH_4;\ O_2\ (1\ mark\ each)$ $fuel\ OWTTE$ $arrangement:\ random/not\ regularly\ arranged/not\ ordered/widely\ spaced$ $OWTTE;$ $motion:\ moving/random;$ $alkane(s)$ $C_2H_6\ box-2^{nd}\ from\ left\ ticked$	[1] [2] [1] [2] [1] [1]	
2	(b)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) C (i) (ii)	Diration $CH_4;\ O_2\ (1\ mark\ each)$ $fuel\ OWTTE$ $arrangement:\ random/not\ regularly\ arranged/not\ ordered/widely\ spaced$ $OWTTE;\ motion:\ moving/random;$ $alkane(s)$ $C_2H_6\ box\ -\ 2^{nd}\ from\ left\ ticked$ the bacteria NOT: living things/plants/animals	[1] [2] [1] [2] [1] [1] [1]	
2	(b) (c) (d)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) C (i) (ii)	coiration $CH_4;\ O_2\ (1\ mark\ each)$ fuel OWTTE $arrangement:\ random/not\ regularly\ arranged/not\ ordered/widely\ spaced OWTTE; motion:\ moving/random; alkane(s) C_2H_6\ box-2^{nd}\ from\ left\ ticked the bacteria NOT: living things/plants/animals speeding up of a chemical reaction by a specific substance$	[1] [2] [1] [2] [1] [1] [1] [1] [2]	

<u> </u>		1000L may/band 2000		<u> </u>
3 (a)	(i)	D		[1]
	(ii)	A + C (both needed)		[1]
	(iii)	В		[1]
	(iv)	E		[1]
	(v)	С		[1]
(b)	sha	ring; chlorine; low; diamond; strong		[5]
(c)	(i)	2 electrons paired and two atoms shown		[1]
	(ii)	lighted splint; pops/explodes OWTTE		[2]
				[Total 13]
l (a)	(i)	hydrogen;		[1]
	(ii)	ethene		[1]
	(iii)	carbon dioxide		[1]
(b)	(add) bromine water/aqueous bromine ALLOW: bromine: with ethene – decolourises OWTTE;			
		n methane – no reaction/remains orange/brown OWTTE		[3]
(c)		(addition) polymerisation		[1]
		4 th box from left (last one) ticked		[1]
` ,		cking ALLOW thermal decomposition		[1]
(e)	(i)	test: add (red) litmus paper; goes blue		[2]
	(ii)	17		[1]
(f)	har kills ALI	ohur dioxide formed; mful effect of sulphur dioxide e.g. acid rain/breathing difficulties s fish/leaf drop on trees etc LOW: carbon dioxide; global warming LOW: carbon monoxide; poisonous	5/	[2]
				[Total: 14]

Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2006

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Syllabus 0620 Paper 02

				IGCSE – May/June 2006	0620	02	
5	(a)	(i)	filtrati	on/description of filtration			[1]
		(ii) weakly acidic/2 nd box down ticked					[1]
	(b)	(i) from the limestone/ from the underlying rocks					[1]
		(ii)	carbo	on dioxide; water (1 each)			[2]
	(c)	(i)	carbo	onate/CO ₃ ²⁻			[1]
		(ii)	20 mg	g (unit must be present)			[1]
		(iii) nitrate/NO ₃ ⁻					[1]
		(iv) (aqueous) sodium hydroxide/other suitable hydroxide/ammonia; red-brown/ brown; precipitateIF: 'soluble in excess' minus 1 mark					[3]
	(d)	carl nitro		[3]			
	(e)	correct formula with all atoms and bonds					[1]
						[To	tal: 15]
6	(a)	haematite; ALLOW other correct named ores				[1]	
	(b)) (i) 2:2					[1]
		(ii)	•	nous ALLOW: answers related to reducing oxygen carry od/effect on haem etc	ving capaci	ty	[1]
	(c)	(i)		exide + carbon monoxide \rightarrow iron + carbon dioxide ag oxidation number(s) = 0)			[1]
		(ii)	reduc	etion			[1]
	(d)	(i)	(therr	mal) decomposition			[1]
		(ii)	any s	uitable e.g. making cement			[1]
		(iii)	slag				[1]
	(e)	(i)	mang	ganese			[1]
		(ii)	acidio				[1]
		(iii)	6%				[1]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

[Total: 11]

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