Centre Number	Candidate Number	Name	N. THEN
-		GE INTERNATIONAL I ertificate of Secondary	
CHEMISTRY			0620/02
Paper 2			May/June 2006
	wer on the Question Pap aterials are required.	er.	1 hour 15 minutes
AD THESE INSTRU			

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

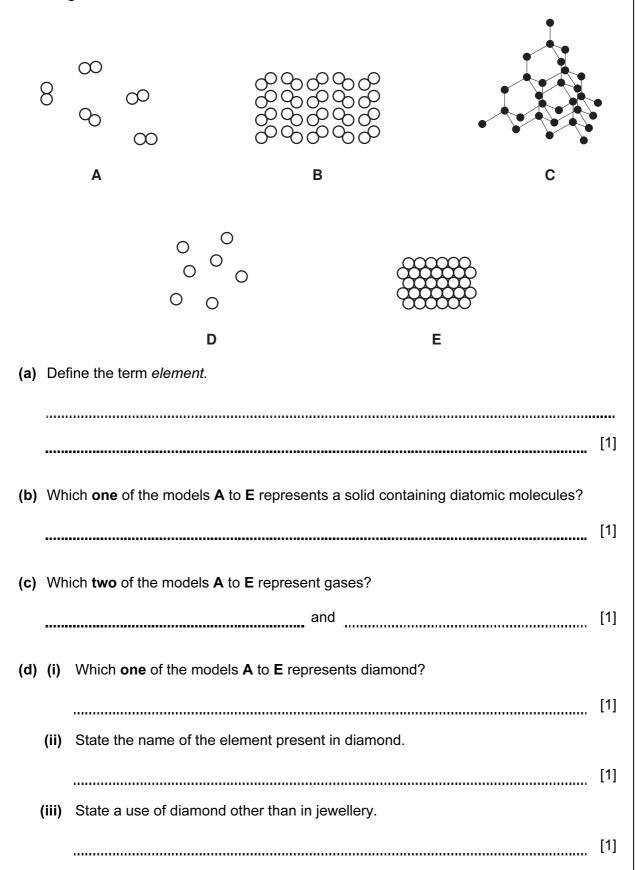
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

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1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
Total		

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



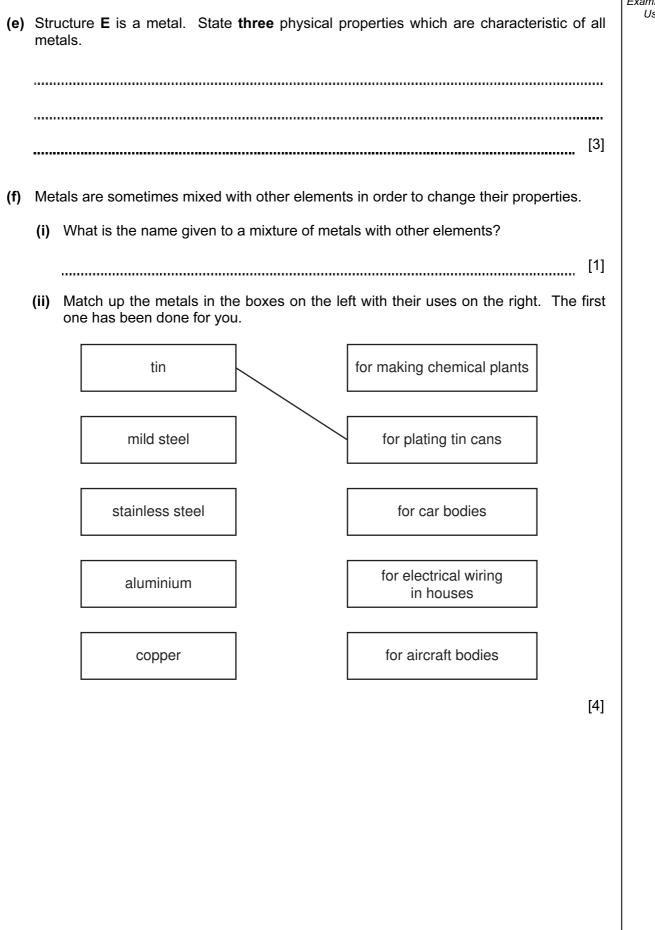
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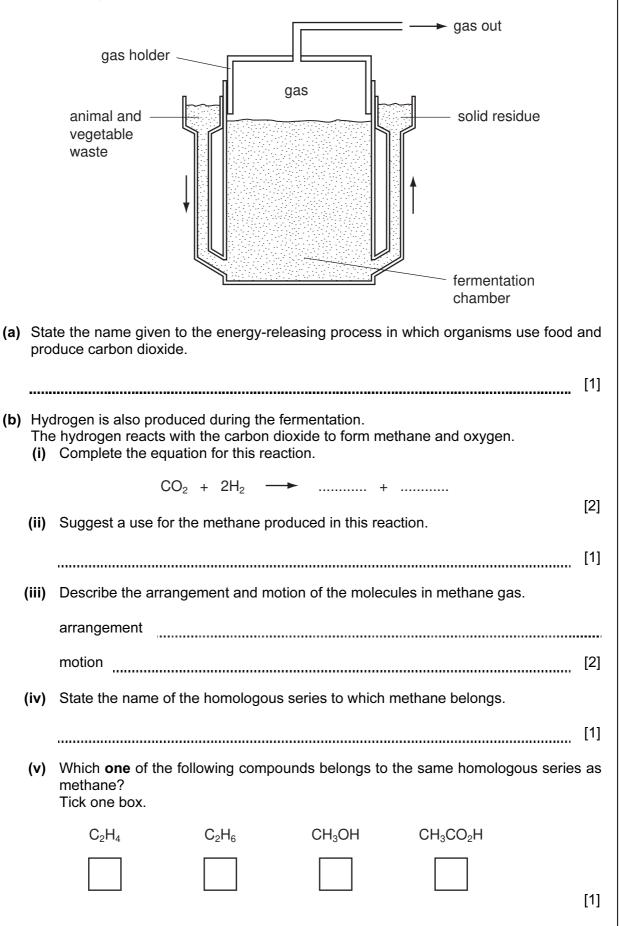
1 The diagram shows models of various elements.

2

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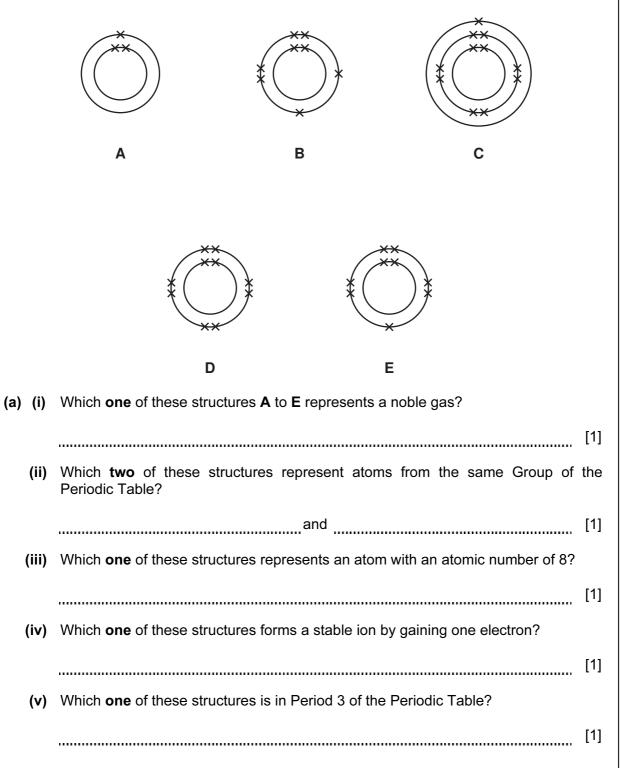


2 The diagram shows a biogas digester. Animal and vegetable waste is fermented by bacteria. The gas produced is a mixture of mainly carbon dioxide and methane.



(c)	(c) Which one of the following equations A, B, C or D describes fermentation?				
	А	$CH_4 + H_2O \longrightarrow CO + 3H_2$			
	В	$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \longrightarrow 6H_2O + 6CO_2$			
	С	$C_6H_{12}O_6 \longrightarrow 2C_2H_5OH + 2CO_2$			
	D	$C_6H_{14} \longrightarrow C_4H_{10} + C_2H_4$			
			[1]		
(d)	Many of the reactions	s occurring in the biogas digester are catalysed by enzymes.			
	(i) Suggest where t	he enzymes come from.			
			[1]		
	(ii) Define the term	catalysis.			
			[1]		
(e)		m the biogas digester can be used as a fertiliser. wo non-metallic elements found in fertilisers which are needed	for		
		and	[2]		

3	The electronic structures of various atoms are s	shown below.
---	--	--------------



(b) Complete the following sentences using words from the list.

ble
[5]
ule.
[1]
[2]

4 Coal gas is made by heating coal in the absence of air. The table shows the composition of coal gas.

name of gas	% of gas in coal gas
hydrogen	50
methane	30
carbon monoxide	7
carbon dioxide	4
nitrogen	4
ethene	3
oxygen	2

(a) (i) Which element in this table is a highly flammable gas?

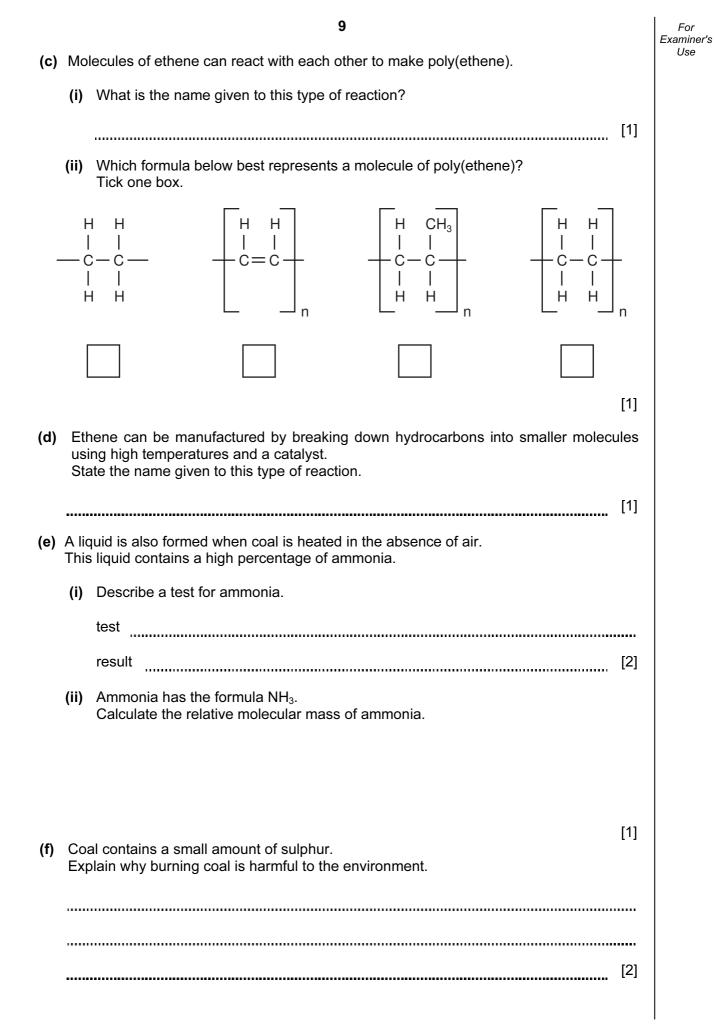
(ii) Which compound in the table is an alkene?

(iii) Which compound in the table turns limewater milky?

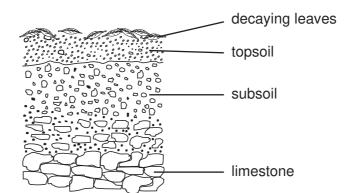
(iii) Which compound in the table turns limewater milky?

(b) Describe a test you can use to distinguish between ethene and methane.
test

result with ethene
result with methane



5 The diagram shows a cross section of a soil.



- (a) A student took 10 g of topsoil and shook it with 200 cm³ of distilled water.
 - (i) How can the student separate the solids in the soil from the solution?

 (ii) The topsoil had a pH of 6.
 Which of the following gives the best description of this pH? Tick one box.

strongly acidic	
weakly acidic	

neutral

weakly alkaline

[1]

[1]

[2]

(b) The soil contained large amounts of calcium ions and carbonate ions.

(i) Use the information in the diagram to suggest where these ions came from.

[1]

(ii) Complete the word equation for the reaction of calcium carbonate with hydrochloric acid.

calcium		hydrochloric	calcium			
carbonate	+	acid	chloride	+	 +	

(c) The table shows the mass of each ion present in 200 cm^3 of soil solution.

ion	formula of ion	mass present/milligrams
calcium	Ca ²⁺	12
carbonate	CO ₃ ²⁻	20
iron(III)	Fe ³⁺	4
magnesium	Mg ²⁺	5
nitrate	NO ₃	2
phosphate	PO ₄ ³⁻	1
others		6

(i) Which negative ion has the highest concentration in the soil solution?

(ii) Calculate the mass of iron(III) ions in one litre (1000 cm³) of solution.

(iii) Which ion in the table will release ammonia when heated with aqueous sodium hydroxide and aluminium foil?
[1]
(iv) Describe a test for iron(III) ions.
test
result

[1]

[1]

(d) The air trapped in the soil has a different composition from the air in the atmosphere. The table shows the composition of the air in the soil.

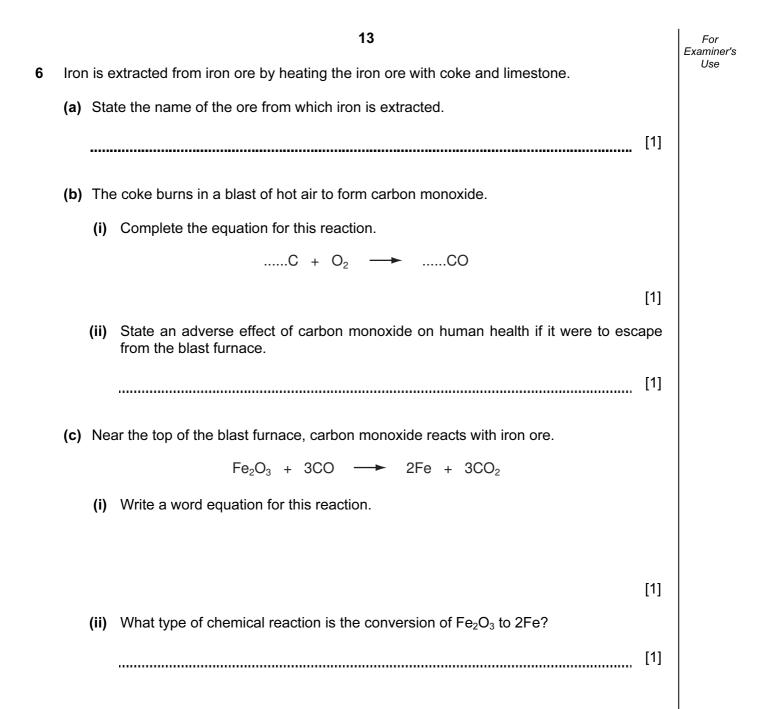
gas	percentage of gas in soil air
carbon dioxide	2
nitrogen	82
oxygen	15
other gases	1

State how the composition of soil air compares with the composition of air in the atmosphere.

carbon dioxide	
nitrogen	
oxygen	[3]

(e) Decaying leaves produce ethanoic acid. Complete the formula for ethanoic acid showing all atoms and bonds.

Г	1	1	
L		1	



[Turn Over

(d) The limestone is converted to calcium oxide and carbon dioxide by the intense heat in the furnace.					
		CaCO ₃ —	- CaO + (CO ₂	
(i)	What type of chemical reaction is this?				
	[1]				
(ii)	Name a use of limestone other than in the blast furnace.				
				[1]	I
(iii)	The calcium oxide reacts with silica and alumina in the iron ore. The product of this reaction collects on top of the molten iron at the bottom of the furnace. What is the name of this product? Put a ring around the correct answer.				
	bauxit	e sand	slag	slaked lime	
				[1]	J
(e) The iron obtained from the blast furnace contains the following impurities.					
	carbon	manganese	phosphoru	us silicon	
(i)	(i) Which one of these elements is a transition element?				
				[1]	I
(ii)	What type of oxide is phosphorus oxide? Put a ring around the correct answer.				
	acidic	amphoteric	basic	neutral	
				[1]	1
(iii)	50 tonnes of impure cast iron from the blast furnace contains 47 tonnes of iron.				

For Examiner's

Use

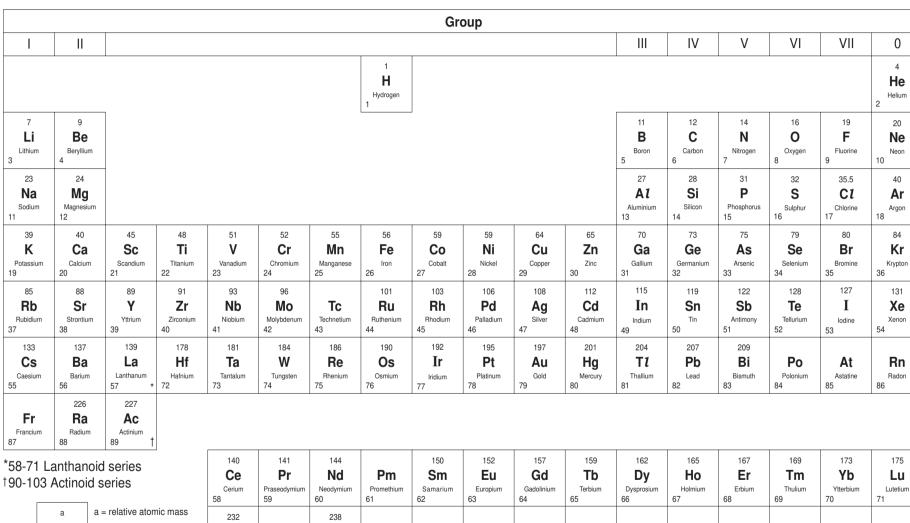
[1]

Calculate the percentage of the impurities in the cast iron.

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DATA SHEET The Periodic Table of the Elements

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

95

Am

Americium

Cm

Curium

96

Bk

Berkelium

97

Cf

Californium

98

Es

Einsteinium

99

Fm

Fermium

100

Md

Mendelevium

101

No

Nobelium

102

Lr

Lawrencium

103

Pu

Plutonium

94

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Key

Х

b

X = atomic symbol

b = proton (atomic) number

Th

Thorium

90

Pa

Protactinium

91

U

Uranium

92

Np

Neptunium

93

16