UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS   International General Certificate of Secondary Education   CHEMISTRY   Paper 3 (Extended)   May/June 2005   Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials required.   Candidate Name     Centre Number     Centre Number			Mun + Frem
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Centre Candidate Number	Candidate Name		
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	READ THES		

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

WRITE IN THE BOXES PROVIDED ON THE QUESTION PAPER

DO NOT WRITE IN THE BARCODE.

DO NOT WRITE IN THE GREY AREAS BETWEEN THE PAGES.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. You may use a calculator.

Answer all questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part questions.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

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1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
Total			

This document consists of **14** printed pages and **2** blank pages.



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Three of the halogens in Group VII are: chlorine bromine iodine (a) (i) How does their colour change down the Group? ..... [1] (ii) How does their physical state (solid, liquid or gas) change down the Group? [1] ..... (iii) Predict the colour and physical state of fluorine. colour physical state [2] (b) Describe how you could distinguish between aqueous potassium bromide and aqueous potassium iodide. test result with bromide result with iodide [3] (c) 0.015 moles of iodine react with 0.045 moles of chlorine to form 0.030 moles of a single product. Complete the equation. + \_\_\_\_\_ C*l*<sub>2</sub> [2]  $I_2$ ..... (d) Traces of chlorine can be separated from bromine vapour by diffusion. Which gas would diffuse the faster and why? [2] .....

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2 The following apparatus was used to measure the rate of the reaction between zinc and iodine. Examiner's

to balance -100 cm<sup>3</sup> of aqueous iodine, 0.1 mol/dm<sup>3</sup> at 25 °C thin plate of zinc mixture stirred by magnetic stirrer

The mass of the zinc plate was measured every minute until the reaction was complete.

(a) Write an ionic equation for the redox reaction that occurred between zinc atoms and iodine molecules.

		[2]
(b)	Describe how you could show by adding aqueous sodium hydroxide and aqueo ammonia that a solution contained zinc ions.	ous
	result with sodium hydroxide	
	excess sodium hydroxide	
	result with aqueous ammonia	
	excess aqueous ammonia	[3]

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(c) From the results of this experiment two graphs were plotted.



A South Korean chemist has discovered a cure for smelly socks. Small particles of silver are

attached to a polymer, poly(propene), and this is woven into the socks.

(a) (i) Give the structural formula of the monomer.

		[1]
(ii)	Draw the structural formula of the polymer.	
		101
(iii)	Suggest which one, monomer or polymer, will react with aqueous bromine and w	[2] why?
(iii)	Suggest which one, monomer or polymer, will react with aqueous bromine and w	[2] why?
(iii)	Suggest which one, monomer or polymer, will react with aqueous bromine and w	[2] why? 
(iii) (b) ⊺o	Suggest which one, monomer or polymer, will react with aqueous bromine and w	[2] why? 
(iii) (b) To Th silv ch	Suggest which one, monomer or polymer, will react with aqueous bromine and w show that the polymer contains silver the following test was carried out. e polymer fibres were chopped into small pieces and warmed with nitric acid. for atoms were oxidised to silver(I) ions. The mixture was filtered. Aqueous sod	[2] why? [2] The lium

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(iii) Give the name of the white precipitate.

3

.....

.....

[1]

[1]

to be hydrolysed to these acids. Silver kills the bacteria and prevents the hydrolysis of the fats.	For aminer's Use
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(i) Fats are esters. Give the name and structural formula of an ester.

		name	[1]
		structural formula	
			[1]
	(ii)	Complete the word equation.	
	. ,	Ester + water — carboxylic acid +	[1]
(d)	Pro	panoic acid is a weak acid.	
	(i)	The following equation represents its reaction with ammonia.	
		$CH_{a} - CH_{a} - COOH + NH_{a} \longrightarrow CH_{a} - CH_{a} - COO^{-} + NH_{a}^{+}$	
		Explain why propanoic acid behaves as an acid and ammonia as a base.	
		,	
			[3]
	(ii)	Explain the expression weak acid	
	(11)		
			[1]

- 4 The Carlsbad caverns in New Mexico are very large underground caves. Although the walls of these caves are coated with gypsum (hydrated calcium sulphate), the caves have been Examiner's formed in limestone. (a) It is believed that the caves were formed by sulphuric acid reacting with the limestone. (i) Complete the word equation. + sulphuric ---- calcium + calcium + sulphate carbonate acid [1] (ii) Describe how you could test the water entering the cave to show that it contained sulphate ions. test result [2] (iii) How could you show that the water entering the cave has a high concentration of hydrogen ions? [1] (b) Hydrogen sulphide gas which was escaping from nearby petroleum deposits was being
  - oxidised to sulphuric acid.
    - (i) Complete the equation for this reaction forming sulphuric acid.
      - $H_2S + O_2 \rightarrow$
    - (ii) Explain why all the hydrogen sulphide should be removed from the petroleum before it is used as a fuel.

[1] .....

[2]

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(iii) Draw a diagram to show the arrangement of the valency electrons in one molecule

of the covalent compound hydrogen sulphide.

Use o to represent an electron from a sulphur atom.

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**5** Enzymes are biological catalysts. They are used both in research laboratories and in industry.

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(a) Enzymes called proteases can hydrolyse proteins to amino acids. The amino acids can be separated and identified by chromatography. The diagram below shows a typical chromatogram.



(iii) Measuring *R*<sub>f</sub> values is one way of identifying amino acids on a chromatogram. Suggest another.

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- [1]
- (iv) The synthetic polymer, nylon, has the same linkage as proteins. Draw the structural formula of nylon.

[3]

(b) Enzymes called carbohydrases can hydrolyse complex carbohydrates to simple sugars which can be represented as HO — OH. Draw the structure of a complex carbohydrate.

[2]

(c) Fermentation can be carried out in the apparatus drawn below. After a few days the reaction stops. It has produced a 12% aqueous solution of ethanol.

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- The position of aluminium in the reactivity series of metals is shown below. 6
  - magnesium aluminium zinc copper
  - (a) Aluminium is extracted by the electrolysis of its molten oxide.



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oxide	type of oxide	reaction with acid	reaction with alkali
magnesium	basic		
aluminium	amphoteric		

(d) Predict the equations for the decomposition of the following aluminium compounds.

(i)	Aℓ(OH) <sub>3</sub> →	 +	[2]
(ii)	aluminium nitrate —►	 ++	
		 	[2]

(c) Complete the following table by writing "reaction" or "no reaction" in the spaces For provided. Examiner's

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DATA SHEET

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm<sup>3</sup> at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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