

MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 question paper

0610/03 BIOLOGY

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0610/03

Paper 3, maximum mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

Pa	age 1		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE –NOVEMBER 2005	0610	3	
Q1	(a)	(i)	(i) ref. to moist skin ; [1]			
		(ii)	ii) mammal ;			
			bird ;			
			fish ; reptile ;	[max.	21	
				-	-	
	(b)		ref. to both belonging to the same genus (or ref. to Bufo) ; [1] (ignore refs. to both animals being toads)			
	(c)	ref.	ef. to sand dunes becoming developed for + camp sites ;			
		ref.	ef. to habitat is changing e.g. to woodland ;			
		nate	naterjacks cannot survive in colder habitats AW ; [max. 2]		2]	
	(d)	ref. ref. 1	ref. to some heathland or sand dunes becoming protected areas AW ; ref. to removal of trees / seedling trees AW + from heathland ; ref. to creation of more heathland / sand dunes + introduction of natterjacks ; ref. to captive breeding programmes ; [max. 2]			
				-	-	
	(e)	(i)	secondary consumer / third level $; ext{ (top) carnivore}$		[1]	
		(ii)	insect larvae + adult insects; (BOTH NEEDED FOR	R 1 MARK)	[1]	
		(iii)	ref. to a wider range of food sources AW ;	I	[1]	
				[max. 1	1]	
Q2	(a)	column drawn and shaded correctly ; Y axis labelled ;				
			kis labelled + units ;		[3]	
	(b)	(i)	<u>continuous</u> ;		[1]	
	(6)	(1)		I	.'.	
		(ii)	ref. to different amounts of light ; ® environmental dif ref. to different amounts of minerals ; ref. to exposure to different temperatures ; ref. to disease / fungal or viral infection ; ref. to competition for water ; ref. to genetic differences ; ref. to trampling ;			
			ref. to grazing ;	[max.	3]	
	(c)	(i)	ref. to large + <u>petals</u> ; ref. to coloured + petals ;			
			ref. to scent ; ref. to presence of nectar ;	[max.	2]	
		(ii)	ref. to pollination AW;	I	[1]	
	 (d) ref. to self-pollination / ref. to other agents of pollination ; so fertilization occurs using pollen from same flower AW ; 				[2]	
				[max.1	2]	

Pa	age 2			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE –NOVEMBER 2005	0610	3
Q3	(a)	(i)	oxygen ; glucose ;	other valid substances	I	[2]
		(ii)	carbon diox	ide ;	l	[1]
	(b)	(i)	<u>muscle</u> ;		I	[1]
		(ii)	ref. to contr	action / shortening ;	I	[1]
		(iii)	so blood lea	ased pressure ; aves heart + via <u>aorta</u> ; ne decreases AW ;	[max.	2]
	(c)	(i)	ref. to smok ref. to stress ref. to lack o	s ; of exercise ; tic influence AW ;	[max.	2]
		(ii)	all parts of a	artery below point B shaded ;	I	[1]
	(d)	(exp (stru (exp (stru	ucture) blanation) ucture) blanation) ucture) blanation)	presence of <u>valves</u> ; prevents backflow of blood AW; ref. to wide lumen; allows blood to flow with minimum resist ref. to tough wall / collagen present; to prevent bursting AW;	tance AW ; [max.	4]
					[max. 1	4]
Q4	(a)	(i)		in both diagrams + smaller in first diagran diagrams the same diameter ;		[2]
		(ii)	labels corre iris ; pupil ; sclera ;	ect for:		[3]
	(b)	ref. t	oils gets bigge to contraction	+ of <u>radial</u> muscles ;		
		ref. 1	to relaxation of	of circular muscles ;		[2]
	(c)	ref. t	to role of rods to sensitivity e to role of cone	;		
				ding high light intensity to trigger them AW	/ ; [max.	3]
					[max. 1	0]

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Q5 (a)	(i)	ref. to recent meal / intake of carbohydrate food AW ;		[1]
	(ii)	pancreas;		[1]
	(iii)	ref. to glucose absorbed from blood ; ref. to conversion to glycogen ; ref. to increased rate of respiration ;	[r	nax. 2]
	(iv)	<u>homeostasis</u> ;		[1]
(b)	(i)	intake by mouth would result in digestion in the stoma due to presence of + protease / pepsin ;	ch AW ;	[2]
	(ii)	insulin gene removed from human + DNA / chromoson ref. to <u>restriction</u> + endonuclease / enzyme ; ref. to plasmid cut open AW ; ref. to use of <u>ligase</u> + in placing insulin gene into plasm ref. to formation of <u>recombinant DNA</u> ; ref. to insertion of plasmid into host bacterial cell AW ; ref. to culture of bacteria ; ref. to use of + fermenter / bioreactor ;	nid ;	nax. 4]
		Tel. lo use of ' Termenter / Dioreactor,	-	-
	nof 1	te biologiaal .	Lui Lui	ax. 11]
Q6 (a)	cata	to biological ; Iyst AW ; to protein nature AW ;	[r	nax. 2]
(b)	(i)	ref. to stains may be protein / fat / not removable with d ref. to presence of lipase ; breaks down fat (stain) + to form fatty acids and glyce ref. to presence of protease ; breaks down protein (stain) + to form amino acids ; ref. to products being soluble AW ;	rol ;	y AW ; nax. 3]
	(ii)	high temperature denatures enzymes ; so enzymes will not work AW ; low temperature + enzymes work slowly AW ; appropriate explanation e.g. ref to kinetic energy of me ref, to constant temperature maintains optimum condition		nax. 3]
	(iii)	TEMPERATURE AND EXPLANATION NEEDED FOR around 37°C + ref. to optimum temperature for enzym (A) refs. to higher temperatures (up to 70°C with suitable)	e action ;	
		modified to withstand high temperatures)		[1]
(c)	ref. 1 ref. 1 ref. 1 ref. 1 ref. 1 ref. 1	to fermenter ; to source of enzyme e.g. yeast / fungus / bacteria ; to feedstock / starch solution ; to suitable conditions – air bubbled ; to suitable conditions – stirring ; to intracellular enzymes + microbes filtered ; crushed and extracted ;		
	ref. 1	to extracellular enzymes + extracted from filtered feedst	ock ; [r	nax. 4]
			[m	ax. 13]

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Q7	(a)	ref. to result	e red blood cells are sickle shaped AW ; haemoglobin + distorts at low oxygen concentrations ; s in less efficient oxygen transport AW ; can block capillaries / become trapped in capillaries / ref. to c	crisis AW ; [max. 2]
	(b)	(i)	father = I ^N I ^S + mother = I ^N I ^S ; genetic make-up of gametes stated ; F1 genotypes stated or shown on diagram ; probability: 0.5 / 50% / one in two ;	[4]
		(ii)	malarial parasite is unable to breed / survive in $I^{N}I^{S}$ blood co so provides protection from malaria ; (or v.v) parent with $I^{S}I^{S}$ + is likely to die from sickle cell anaemia ; parent with $I^{N}I^{N}$ + is likely to die from malaria ;	ells ; [max. 3] [max. 9]