## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

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## for the guidance of teachers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/32 Paper 32 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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## **General notes**

Symbols used in mark scheme and guidance notes.

/	separates alternatives for a marking point
;	separates points for the award of a mark
А	accept – as a correct response
R	reject – this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any marks
I	ignore/irrelevant/inadequate – this response gains no mark, but any following correct answers can gain marks.
( )	the word/phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets context of response for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose cuticle then no mark.
<u>Small</u>	underlined words – this word only/must be spelled correctly
ORA	or reverse argument/answer
ref./refs.	answer makes appropriate reference to
AVP	additional valid point (e.g. in comments)
AW	alternative words of equivalent meaning
MP	marking point (number)

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Question		М	ark schem	ne		Comments
1 (a)	feature	bacterium	virus	fungus		one mark per row treat blank spaces and crossed ticks as crosses – if ticks
	produces spores	$\checkmark$	×	$\checkmark$		and crosses and blanks in the same row, treat as incorrect allow 'yes' and 'no' for ticks and crosses
	hyphae	×	×	$\checkmark$		
	capsule	$\checkmark$	×	×		
	nucleus	×	×	$\checkmark$		
					[3]	
(b)	treat independently 1 (feeding) <u>hypha</u> 2 branched / bran 3 has a large surf 4 grow, over / thro 5 produce / releas 6 external / extrac 7 absorb, food / n	(e); <b>R</b> roots inching; face (area); ough / on / int se, enzymes; cellular / desc	o, (named) ribed, diges	food / substrate ; stion ;	[3 max]	fungus may be saprotrophic or parasitic ignore 'roots' when awarding points 2 to 7 <i>MP3 refers to fungus not food</i> <b>A</b> 'spread across' food, <b>A</b> substrate for food <b>R</b> excrete enzymes <b>R</b> digestion unqualified, <b>A</b> external implied <b>R</b> obtain <b>A</b> absorbed even if no digestion
(c)		um / 'sack' / A	W, bursts /	/ opens mycelium spreads	[2 max]	<ul> <li>A blown / floats – as suggests in the air</li> <li>A new mycelium forms / mycelium increases in size ecf for roots from (b)</li> </ul>
					[Total: 8]	

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(c) (i)       1       longer, shelf life / storage time ;       A 'food keeps longer' / preserves food / AW         2       enhances / improves, flavour / taste ;       A 'food keeps longer' / preserves food / AW         2       enhances / improves, flavour / taste ;       A refs to preventing decay / 'kills bacteria'         3       improves / AW, colour / appearance ;       A 'makes food more attractive' / 'stops food separating', comments on consistency         5       AVP ;       [2 max]       [2 max]	2 (a)	<ul> <li>A epithelium / (epithelial) lining / single layer of cells ;</li> <li>B lacteal ; A lymph(atic), vessel / duct / tube ;</li> <li>C capillary / blood vessel ;</li> </ul>	[3]	R epidermis R lymph unqualified / lymph(atic) system
<ul> <li>A refs to preventing decay / 'kills bacteria'</li> <li>A prevent / slows, oxidation</li> <li>A prevent / slows, oxidation</li> <li>A prevent / slows, oxidation</li> <li>A 'makes food more attractive' / 'stops food separating', comments on consistency</li> <li>5 AVP ;</li> <li>(ii) hyperactivity / described (in children) ; R 'poor behaviour'</li> <li>(ii) hyperactivity / described (in children) ; R 'poor behaviour'</li> <li>there are no marks in (i) or (ii) for naming food additives ignore names look for health risks only</li> </ul>	(b)	<ol> <li>increases / large, surface (area);</li> <li>for absorption;</li> <li><i>mitochondria</i></li> <li>(for) respiration;</li> <li>provide, energy / ATP; A 'cells need energy'</li> </ol>	[4]	<ul> <li>R produce / make, energy</li> <li>A movement of, vesicles / vacuoles</li> <li>A descriptions of AT e.g. against concentration gradient</li> </ul>
tantrums / mood swings ; ignore names look for health risks only	(c) (i)	<ul> <li>2 enhances / improves, flavour / taste ;</li> <li>3 improves / AW, colour / appearance ;</li> <li>4 improves, texture / AW ; A ref to emulsifiers / 'free running'</li> </ul>	[2 max]	<ul> <li>A refs to preventing decay / 'kills bacteria'</li> <li>A prevent / slows, oxidation</li> <li>A 'makes food more attractive' / 'stops food separating', comments on consistency</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>migraines / headaches ;</li> <li>dizziness / nausea / vomiting / diarrhoea ;</li> <li>allergies ;</li> <li>asthma / described as breathlessness or AW ;</li> <li>nettle rash / urticaria / skin rash / eczema / dermatitis ;</li> <li>rhinitis / runny nose / 'sniffling' ;</li> <li>damage to fetus / birth defect ;</li> <li>AVP ;</li> </ul> [4 max] R obesity, heart disease, tooth decay, circulatory problem diabetes R obesity, heart disease, tooth decay, circulatory problem diabetes R obesity, heart disease, tooth decay, circulatory problem diabetes A difficulty with breathing R 'addiction' R 'addiction' e.g. ulcers or liver / kidney / brain / nerve, damage	(ii)	<pre>tantrums / mood swings ; cancer ; A 'they are carcinogenic' migraines / headaches ; dizziness / nausea / vomiting / diarrhoea ; allergies ; asthma / described as breathlessness or AW ; nettle rash / urticaria / skin rash / eczema / dermatitis ; rhinitis / runny nose / 'sniffling' ; damage to fetus / birth defect ;</pre>	[4 max]	<ul> <li>R obesity, heart disease, tooth decay, circulatory problems, diabetes</li> <li>A difficulty with breathing</li> <li>R 'addiction'</li> </ul>
[Total: 13]				

IGCSE - October/November 2009       0610       32         3 (a)       1 kept temperature, constant / the same;       A 'thermostatic water bath '         3 (a)       1 kept temperature, constant / the same;       A 'thermostatic water bath '         3 (b)       1 kept temperature, constant / the same;       A 'thermostatic water bath '         3 (a)       1 kept temperature, constant / the same;       A 'thermostatic water bath '         3 (b)       1 kept temperature, constant / the same;       A 'thermostatic water bath '         4 bench lamp + fixed distance / 150 mm / same distance;       A 'thermostatic water bath '         also accept       5 same volume of, water / hydrogen carbonate solution;       A same water level         5 same species / type, of (pond) plant;       8 same age of pond plant;       9 similar / same, size / mass / number of leaves on, pond plant; [4 max]         (b) (i)       10;       [1]       If line continues beyond first and last points because of (d)         (ii)       all points plotted accurately;       If line continues beyond first and last points because of (d)         (c)       note that rate of photosynthesis is in the question rate of photosynthesis / th, increases / AW; carbon dixide is, raw material / needed for photosynthesis;       I if line continues beyond first and last points because of (d)         (d)       A 19 – 23;       [1]       A single number or range within 19 to 23 or threa numb		Γ	Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers'	version	Syllabus	Paper		
2       water bath + thermometer;       A 'thermostatic water bath'         3       light intensity, constant / the same;       A 'thermostatic water bath'         4       bench lamp + fixed distance / 150 mm / same distance;       R light unqualified         also accept       5 same volume of, water / hydrogen carbonate solution;       6 keep for same length of time;       7 same, species / type, of (pond) plant;         9       similar / same, size / mass / number of leaves on, pond plant;       [4 max]         (b) (i)       10;       [1]         (ii)       all points plotted accurately;       [1]         curved line of best fit / straight lines between points;       [2]         R one straight line of best fit       [2]         (c)       note that rate of photosynthesis is in the question rate of photosynthesis / it, increases / AW ; carbon dioxide is, raw material / needed for photosynthesis;       [2]         (imiting (factor);       [2]       [1]         (d)       A 19 – 23;       [1]         carbon dioxide no longer the limiting (factor);       [2]         other factor / light intensity / temperature / AW, is limiting (factor);       [2]         (e) <i>ideas that</i> carbon dioxide (dissolved / present) in (tap) water; carbon dioxide (for solves) from the air above apparatus / AW; carbon dioxide (dissolved) / respiration;       [1]         (e)				IGCSE – October/Novemb	oer 2009				
5       same volume of, water / hydrogen carbonate solution ;       A same water level         6       keep for same length of time ;       Same, species / type, of (pond) plant ;         9       similar / same, size / mass / number of leaves on, pond plant ;       Image: type, of (pond) plant ;         9       similar / same, size / mass / number of leaves on, pond plant ;       Image: type, of (pond) plant ;         10;       10;       [1]         (ii)       all points plotted accurately ;       Image: type, of (pond) plant ;         curved line of best fit / straight lines between points ;       [2]         (c)       note that rate of photosynthesis is in the question rate of photosynthesis is in the question rate of photosynthesis ; increases / AW ; carbon dioxide is, raw material / needed for photosynthesis ; [2 max]       I comments on rate after 0.4%         (d)       A 19 - 23;       [1]       A single number or range within 19 to 23 or three numbers within the range (if they think that they need to include repeats)         carbon dioxide no longer the limiting (factor) ; ref. to extrapolating on the graph (to arrive at answer) ; [2]       A a description of this point in terms of an increase in the concentration of CO <sub>2</sub> not causing a change R water         (e)       ideas that carbon dioxide, (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide (soloves) from the air above apparatus / AW; carbon dioxide (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide (form (plant) respiration ; </th <th>3 (a)</th> <th>2 water ba 3 light inte</th> <th>th + thermometensity, constant /</th> <th>er ; the same ;</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	3 (a)	2 water ba 3 light inte	th + thermometensity, constant /	er ; the same ;					
<ul> <li>(ii) all points plotted accurately;</li> <li>curved line of best fit / straight lines between points; R one straight line of best fit</li> <li>(c) note that rate of photosynthesis is in the question rate of photosynthesis / it, increases / AW; carbon dioxide is, raw material / needed for photosynthesis; limiting (factor);</li> <li>(d) A 19 - 23;</li> <li>(f) A single number or range within 19 to 23 or three numbers within the range (if they think that they need to include repeats)</li> <li>carbon dioxide no longer the limiting (factor); other factor / light intensity / temperature / AW, is limiting (factor); ref. to extrapolating on the graph (to arrive at answer);</li> <li>(e) <i>ideas that</i> carbon dioxide (dissolved / present) in (tap) water; carbon dioxide (dissolved / present) in (tap) water; carbon dioxide (form (plant) respiration;</li> <li>(f) A 'it' for water as it's in the question</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>5 same vo</li> <li>6 keep for</li> <li>7 same, s</li> <li>8 same age</li> </ul>	same length of pecies / type, of ge of pond plant	time; (pond) plant; ;	t; [4 max]				
curved line of best fit / straight lines between points ;       I if line continues beyond first and last points because of (d)         (c)       note that rate of photosynthesis is in the question rate of photosynthesis / it, increases / AW ; carbon dioxide is, raw material / needed for photosynthesis ; limiting (factor) ;       I comments on rate after 0.4%         (d)       A 19 - 23 ;       [1]       A single number or range within 19 to 23 or three numbers within the range (if they think that they need to include repeats)         carbon dioxide no longer the limiting (factor) ;       [1]       A a description of this point in terms of an increase in the concentration of CO <sub>2</sub> not causing a change         (e)       ideas that carbon dioxide (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide (dissolves) from the air above apparatus / AW ; carbon dioxide from (plant) respiration ;       [2]         (e)       ideas that carbon dioxide (dissolver) from the air above apparatus / AW ; carbon dioxide from (plant) respiration ;       [1] max]	(b) (i)	10;			[1]				
R one straight line of best fit       [2]         (c)       note that rate of photosynthesis is in the question rate of photosynthesis / it, increases / AW; carbon dioxide is, raw material / needed for photosynthesis; limiting (factor);       I comments on rate after 0.4% R positively correlated         (d)       A 19 – 23;       [1]       A single number or range within 19 to 23 or three numbers within the range (if they think that they need to include repeats)         carbon dioxide no longer the limiting (factor); other factor / light intensity / temperature / AW, is limiting (factor); ref. to extrapolating on the graph (to arrive at answer);       A a description of this point in terms of an increase in the concentration of CO <sub>2</sub> not causing a change R water         (e)       ideas that carbon dioxide, (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide (dissolves) from the air above apparatus / AW; carbon dioxide from (plant) respiration ;       A 'it' for water as it's in the question	(ii)	all points plo	otted accurately	;					
rate of photosynthesis / it, increases / AW; carbon dioxide is, raw material / needed for photosynthesis ; limiting (factor);R positively correlated(d)A 19 - 23;[1]A single number or range within 19 to 23 or three numbers within the range (if they think that they need to include repeats)(d)A 19 - 23;[1]A single number or range within 19 to 23 or three numbers within the range (if they think that they need to include repeats)(d)A 19 - 23;[1]A single number or range within 19 to 23 or three numbers within the range (if they think that they need to include repeats)(e)ideas that carbon dioxide, (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide (dissolves) from the air above apparatus / AW ; carbon dioxide from (plant) respiration ;A 'it' for water as it's in the question					[2]	I if line continues b	beyond first and	d last points because of <b>(d)</b>	
Image: Constraint of the second se	(c)	rate of photo carbon dioxi	osynthesis / it, in de is, raw mater	creases / AW;	[2 max]				
(e)       ideas that carbon dioxide, (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide from (plant) respiration ;       [2]       A 'it' for water as it's in the question         (a)       ideas that carbon dioxide, (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ; carbon dioxide from (plant) respiration ;       [1 max]	(d)	<b>A</b> 19 – 23 ;			[1]	or three numbers v	within the range		
carbon dioxide, (dissolved / present) in (tap) water ;       A 'it' for water as it's in the question         carbon dioxide (dissolves) from the air above apparatus / AW ;       [1 max]         carbon dioxide from (plant) respiration ;       [1 max]		other factor	/ light <u>intensity</u> /	temperature / AW, is limiting (factor)		concentration of C			
[Total: 13]	(e)	carbon dioxi carbon dioxi	de (dissolves) fr	om the air above apparatus / AW;	[1 max]	A 'it' for water as it	t's in the questi	ion	
					[Total: 13]				

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4 (a)	<ul> <li>P glomerulus / Bowman's capsule ;</li> <li>Q first convoluted tubule ;</li> <li>R collecting duct ;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><b>R</b> if the letter is in white space around the diagram</li> <li><b>R</b> if label line for <b>Q</b> ends in a capillary</li> <li>]</li> </ul>
(b)	osmosis ; <b>A</b> diffusion down / AW, (water) potential gradient ; <b>A</b> high to low antidiuretic hormone / ADH ; increases permeability of collecting duct walls ; [2 max	<i>ignore</i> osmoregulation <b>R</b> across / along gradient unless clear from use of 'high(er)' or 'low(er)' in the answer
(c)	ureter ;         peristalsis ;         stored in bladder ;         urethra ;         urination / micturition / correct ref to sphincter (muscle)         [2 max]	<i>if two structures given, then they must be in the correct sequence</i>
(d)	deamination / described ; <u>excess</u> amino acids ; makes ammonia ; ammonia → urea / urea produced ;	A removal of, NH <sub>2</sub> / N-containing part <i>ignore</i> excess protein <i>note that ammonia must come from something</i>
	breakdown of, red blood cells / haemoglobin ; makes bile (pigments) / appropriate ref to bile ; production of carbon dioxide in respiration ;	R bile salts
	<i>max 2 for</i> breakdown of, hormones <i>or</i> drugs <i>or</i> alcohol <i>or</i> poisons <i>or</i> hydrogen peroxide ;;	<b>A</b> toxins / toxic materials / toxic substances, as alternatives for poisons
	[Total: 10	

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5 (a)	phenotype ; gene ; haploid ; mitosis ; [4]	
(b)	<ul> <li><i>if there is an error in the genetic diagram allow ecf even if final phenotypes are NOT all different as stated in the question</i></li> <li>I<sup>A</sup>I<sup>o</sup> × I<sup>B</sup>I<sup>o</sup>;</li> <li>I<sup>A</sup>, I<sup>o</sup> + I<sup>B</sup>, I<sup>o</sup>;</li> <li>I<sup>A</sup>I<sup>o</sup>, I<sup>A</sup>I<sup>B</sup>, I<sup>B</sup>I<sup>o</sup>, I<sup>o</sup>I<sup>o</sup>;</li> <li>A AB B O; blood types must match genotypes [4]</li> </ul>	accept IA, IB and IO for alleles A, B and O for alleles MP2 and 3 in Punnett square ignore spaces, commas or dots in diploid genotypes very little space between gamete genotypes reject I <sup>AB</sup> etc as genotypes for parents or children I without A, B and o
(c)	<ol> <li>two (or more) alleles ; R two blood groups</li> <li>two / both, are expressed / equally dominant / both dominant / give different phenotype ;</li> <li>in heterozygous / described (individual) ;</li> <li>AB, I<sup>A</sup>I<sup>B</sup> (as example) ; [3 max]</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>A two (or more) implied, e.g. 'neither' / 'each other' / 'both' ignore ref. to genes</li> <li>'neither is fully expressed' = 1 mark for MP1</li> <li>'neither is dominant over the other' = 2 marks</li> <li>R ref. to recessive and dominant</li> <li>A <i>idea</i> 'when both alleles are present in the genotype'</li> <li>A refs. roan cattle, pink flowers as other correct examples</li> </ul>

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(d)	accept converse staten	nents				
	1 used to treat diabe	tes (wherever in answer) ;				
	2 insulin the same as	human / uses human DNA / human g	ene / AW ;	0	•	n' / bovine insulin has es from human insulin /
	3 not rejected ; A 'p	eople not allergic'			ne different / in	sulin from dead animal, is
	4 no risk of, infection	/ disease (from animals) ;				
	5 GE insulin can be,	modified / improved / AW ;		amino acid sequence can be modified <b>A</b> religious / ethical objections to using animals, but <b>not</b> using GE insulin MP7 is related to production <b>A</b> animal insulin has to be obtained from animal soon aff its death		
	6 animals not killed /	suitable for vegans ;				
		dily available / produced quickly / cons scale; <b>R</b> 'easier'	tantly / large			
	8 ref. to bacteria repr	oduce quickly ;				
	9 increasing numbers A don't respon	s of people with diabetes / don't produc d to insulin	ce insulin ; [3 max]	<b>R</b> refs. to side effect	cts	
(e) (i)	note that this is 2 mark	S				
	plasmid; DNA / <u>genes</u> ;		[2]	<b>R</b> plasmic / plasma <b>R</b> nucleic acid unqu		4
(ii)	(restriction) enzyme / endonuclease ; <b>ignore</b> restrictive, etc human / insulin, gene / DNA ; [1			<b>R</b> incorrect enzyme <b>R</b> gene unqualified	• •	
			[Total: 17]			

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6 (a)	carbon ; hydrogen ; oxygen ; nitrogen ; sulfur ; [4 max]	R CHONS		
(b)	<ol> <li>N / nitrogen, fixation ;</li> <li>bacteria / <i>Rhizobium</i> ; <b>R</b> 'nodules are bacteria'</li> <li>convert, nitrogen / N<sub>2</sub> / AW, into, ammonia / NH<sub>3</sub> / ammonium / NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> / amino acid(s) ;</li> <li>plants use (fixed) nitrogen to make, amino acids / proteins / AW ; [3 max]</li> </ol>	N-fixing bacteria = 2 marks <b>R</b> to nitrite / nitrate <b>A</b> plants use $NH_3 / NH_4^+$		
(c)	<ul> <li>1 (dead plants) eaten by, animals / detritivores / scavengers ;</li> <li>e.g. earthworms / termites / AW ;</li> <li>ref. their faeces / increase in surface area ;</li> <li>decay / decomposition ; A decomposers</li> <li>by, bacteria / fungi / saprophytes / saprotrophs ;</li> <li>break down proteins to amino acids ;</li> <li>deamination ;</li> <li>ammonia / NH<sub>3</sub> / NH<sub>4</sub> ; }</li> <li>ammonia to <u>nitrite</u> ;</li> <li>10 <u>nitrite</u> to nitrate ;</li> <li>A one mark for ammonia to nitrate</li> <li>11 nitrification / nitrifying bacteria ;</li> <li>12 <i>Nitrosomonas / Nitrobacter</i> in correct context of nitrification ; [6 max]</li> </ul>	MP3 must be related to MP1 or 2 <b>A</b> even if linked to incorrect organism <b>R</b> if wrong type of bacteria (e.g. N-fixing) <b>A</b> if in context of MP1 or 2 but do not award twice protein $\rightarrow$ ammonia / AW = 1 mark if 6, 7, 8 not given <b>R</b> 'nitride' unless qualified by NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup> <b>R</b> nitrate unqualified by nitrite or ammonia		

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2 ligh 3 wa 4 can 5 ter 6 con 7 gra 8 per 9 pa	nt duration ; <b>A</b> day len ter / moisture availabi bon dioxide, availabili nperature ; mpetition / overcrowdi azing / herbivores / pre sts ; rasites / disease ; e of (inappropriate) he	lity ; <b>A</b> drought / flood / humidity / soil w ity / concentration / tension / level ; ng / space / weeds ; edation / primary consumers ; erbicides / nearby use of herbicides ;		<b>R</b> heat / warmth		
12 soi 13 wir	A drift of herbicides lution / sulphur dioxid l pH / depth of soil / ty nd speed ; t concentration of soil	e / acid rain ; pe of soil / poor soil / oxygen in the soil	; [3 max]	<b>R</b> oxygen unqualifie	ed	
1 sm 2 tak 3 no 4 ap 5 too 6 ref 7 ref 8 ref 9 no	all population to start es time for eggs to ha enough food / soya to hids, not sexually mat cold / too wet / AW (a to, predators / ladybi to, parasites / diseas to, pesticides / insectimmigration ; mpetition (between ap	atch ; bean plants not grown enough / AW ; ure / cannot breed / finding mates ; another appropriate weather condition) rds ; se ;	;	do not expect know I names of phases ( I 'adjusting to surrou refs. to soya must re A few soya plants / slowly R unfavourable con (e.g. correct ref. bio	(lag, log) undings' efer to food for competition fo	r aphids or food / soya grows ified
			Fotal: 19]			- ,