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## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/62

Paper 62 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Page 2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2010		62

## **General notes**

Symbols used in mark scheme and guidance notes.

/ separates alternatives for a marking point

; separates points for the award of a mark

A accept – as a correct response

R reject – this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any

marks

I ignore/irrelevant/inadequate - this response gains no mark, but any following correct

answers can gain marks.

( ) the word/phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets context of response

for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose

cuticle then no mark.

<u>Small</u> underlined words – this word only/must be spelled correctly

ORA or reverse argument/answer

ref./refs. answer makes appropriate reference to

AVP additional valid point (e.g. in comments)

AW alternative words of equivalent meaning

Page 3 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2010		62

Questic	on	Expected Answers		Marks	Guidance
1 (a)	(i)	both have different types of teeth / named teeth / both have teeth on upper and lower jaws;		[1]	<ul><li>I. reference to canines</li><li>A. have teeth for grinding /chewing</li></ul>
	(ii) sheep No teeth /incisors in upper jaw at front Space between front and back teeth / diastema No / short canines  Ridged / not smooth / interlocking back teeth AV		both jaws; No space / diastema; long / pointed canines / canines present; smooth / not so ridged / not	[max 2]	Only accept one correct answer per box.  Need correct statement in both columns or correct comparative answer.  A. horny pad in sheep / none in dog I. size of incisors / teeth in general as no scale I. space between teeth A. fangs A. correct reference to carnassial teeth I. rough / sharp I. reference to number / spacing of teeth  R. sketched / artistic lines A. shading for dentine only / reject any other shading.
		S: larger size than Fig. 1.2; R: ridges; L: root / crown / ridges/ dentine / enamel /cusp;		[max 2] [max 1]	<ul> <li>I. broken lines, may be due to scanning</li> <li>A. detail of ridges internally or on top surface Mark with a vertical line of ticks / crosses down in order [O, S, R, L] but enter correct total, they may not tally.</li> <li>I. root canal</li> </ul>
	(ii)	herbivore ridges / rough / more points worn / incomplete enamel / dentine visible	carnivore Smooth / less or 4 points; not worn / enamel complete / dentine not visible;	[2]	Only accept one correct answer per box.  A. comparative answer.  I. sharp / blunt I. edges I. decay / food remains / plaque / hole I. size / shape / narrow / wide / surface area / black / white

Page 4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2010		62

(c)	less / low protein / fat ( in green leaves);		If not stated, assume answers refer to herbivores  I. less nutrients / reference to carbohydrates
	(herbivores) take energy in form of carbohydrate (not fat); carbohydrate has less energy / half the energy of fat;	[max 2]	I. amylase / chewing / fibre
(d)	Fat: equal amounts food;     equal amounts reagents;     grind up / homogenise food;     add ethanol / alcohol/methanol;     dissolve the <u>fat;</u> pour / decant into tube of water / add water;     emulsion / cloudiness / goes white / milky;     compare;  safety precautions;	[max 6]	A. cut up / chop – any process to increase S.A.  I. grind in water  A. at any stage I. to dissolve food  I. precipitate I. length of time taken for comparison E.g. 'the one which is cloudier / thicker has more fat' = 2  A. one safety precaution e.g. goggles / no naked flame / hair tied back / lab. coat / AVP. I. alcohol is inflammable without safety precaution. If use heat then [max 5] – not safe If omit alcohol / add cooking oil – no marks for emulsion and can only have [max 5]  Alternative if no reference to ethanol, then look for grease test: A. Grease test: qual amounts food;
		[Total: 16]	

Page 5	e 5 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2010	0610	62

2 (a) (i)	Upper surface	or	Lower surface		If not stated, assume answer is for upper surface.
	shiny		dull;		Need only one statement, it need not be comparative.
	dark(er)		light(er);		I. waxy
	more varied colour		uniform colour;		I. veins
	thick(er) midrib		thin(ner) midrib;	[max 1]	
(ii)	Working: marks on grused to calculate area squares and part squanswer: Accept 8–11	a / reference to col ares (covered by l	rrect number of	[2]	
(b) (i)	Number spines	Tally	Total no: leaves		Mark incorrect answers with a cross.
(-, (-,	6 or fewer	<b>,</b>	1		1 or 2 incorrect = 2
	7		0 0		3 or 4 incorrect = 1
	8		(0)or/1		5 or more incorrect = 0
	9		3/or(2)		For 8 and 9 spines the answers are linked.
	10		$\sqrt{3}$		Look at 8 spines, if 0 or 1 then 9 spines must be linked as
	11		3		in table.
	12		4		If 8 spines answer is incorrect, mark 9 spines
	13		4		independently, can be 3 or 2.
	14 or more		2		If a cumulative total is given in 'total number of leaves'
	***				column then look at 'tally' column and give credit if correct
				[3]	(numbers or tally marks). <b>A</b> . blank box as no leaves for this number of spines.
(::)	A			[၁]	·
(ii)	A axes – orientation a	and labels;			Minimum labels are 'spines' [x axis] and 'leaves' [y axis]  I. tally alone for axis label.
	<b>S</b> scale – to fill greate	er than half of grid	and to be even (as		A. '6' or '6 and fewer' and '14' or '14 or more' as labels
	far as possible);	a anam man or gina	and to 20 01011 (ac		Check for incorrect use of 0 on x axis e.g. 0–6 = 1 square
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				and 6–7 = 1 square is incorrect.
					Must label under middle of columns on x axis.
					If line graph allow <b>A</b> and <b>S</b> only [max 2]
	P – heights of column	ns;			
	N – neat lines – ruler	used and columns	s of equal width;	[4]	A. columns touching or equally spaced.

Page 6	Page 6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2010	0610	62

(iii)	larger sample size; leaves from trees of same species; use leaves of the same maturity / size / age / AW; sample set number of leaves from growing point e.g. 3 <sup>rd</sup> leaf back; make sure all from same height of tree;	[max 3]	<ul> <li>A. larger as an independent mark. e.g. larger sample from different trees = 1.</li> <li>I. repeat alone / repeat with different trees but</li> <li>A. repeat with same type of leaves</li> <li>I. average /accurate</li> </ul>
		[Total: 13]	
3 (a) (i)	line shows less steep gradient / line levels off / line goes down;	[1]	could be a time delay, <b>A.</b> change some time after X
(ii)	shortage of food / build up of toxins / lack of space;	[1]	I. optimum / competition
(b) (i) and (ii)	correct label hyphum / hypha / (i) to any part below the spores; spore / (ii) to any of the spores;	[2]	
(c)	no chloroplasts / chlorophyll; cell wall / vacuole / nucleus; cell wall / large or permanent vacuole;	[3]	If not stated then assume answer refers to fungus e.g. no cell wall = 0 I. structures which are not visible e.g. cell membrane / glycogen
(d)	human cells lack cell wall; human cells not affected; bacteria can't grow / killed / weakened / unable to reproduce;	[max 2]	<ul> <li>I. living cells, not qualified</li> <li>I. humans unqualified</li> <li>I. references to white blood cells / antibodies / immunity</li> <li>White blood cells / antibodies kill bacteria = 0</li> <li>A. bacteria burst</li> </ul>
(e) (i)	<u>E</u> ;	[1]	more than one letter = 0
(ii)	largest clear area surrounding disk /more bacteria are affected / killed;	[1]	give credit for numerical comparison of clear area  I. it spreads more – need idea of less bacteria or larger area cleared
		[Total: 11]	