UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME	

| CENTRE NUMBER | | | | | | CANDIDATE NUMBER | | | | |

BIOLOGY   **0610/61**

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical   **October/November 2010**

1 hour

Candidates answer on the Question Paper

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
3	
Total	

This document consists of **9** printed pages and **3** blank pages.

UNIVERSITY *of* CAMBRIDGE
International Examinations

[Turn over

1 Enzymes are used commercially to extract fruit juices. The use of enzymes increases the volume of juice produced.

An investigation was carried out to determine the volume of apple juice produced at different temperatures.

Mixtures of apple pulp and enzyme were left for 15 minutes at different temperatures.

After 15 minutes, the mixtures were filtered and the juice collected.

Fig.1.1 shows the volume of juice collected from each mixture.

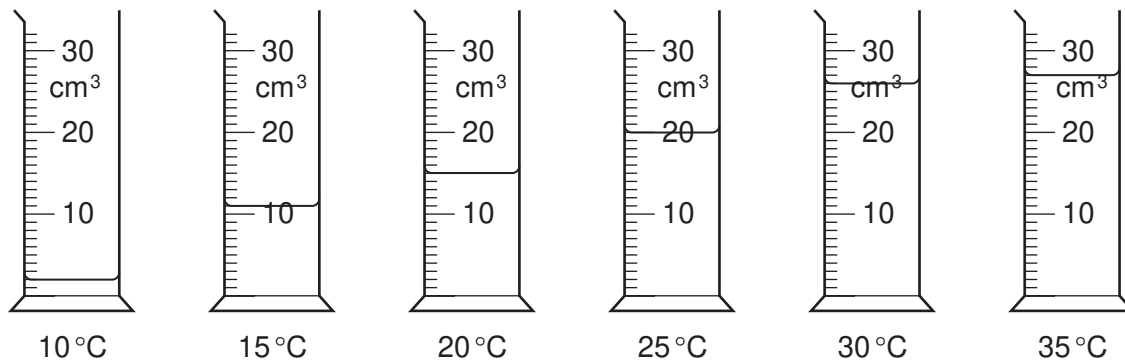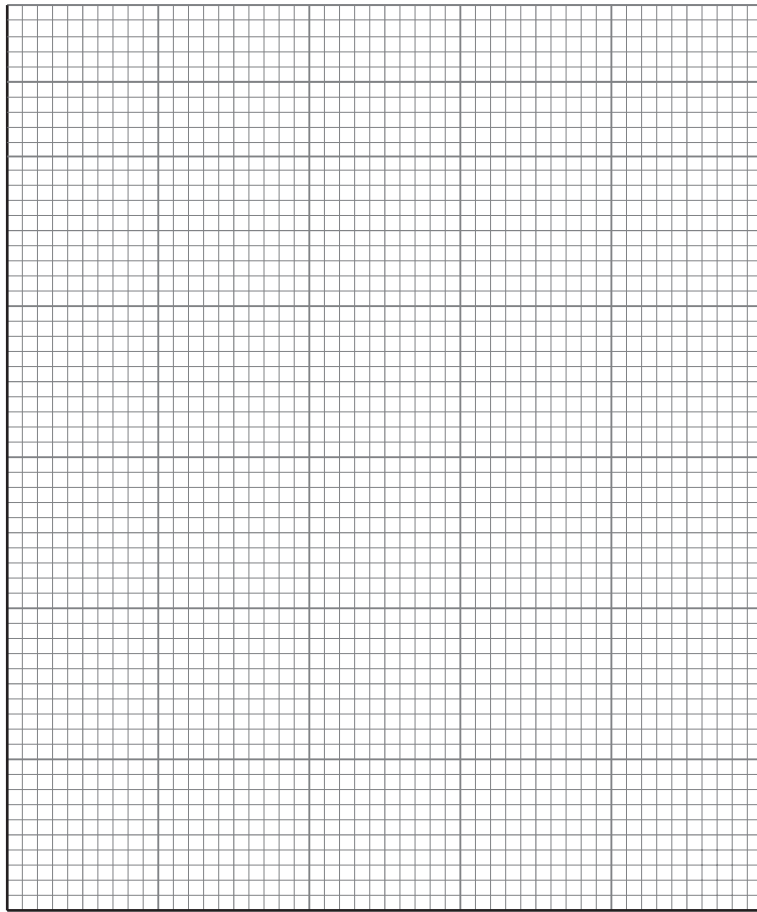**(a) (i)** Record the volume of juice in each measuring cylinder in Table 1.1.

Fig. 1.1.

Table 1.1

temperature / ºC	volume of juice collected / cm^3
10	
15	
20	
25	
30	
35	

[3]

(ii) Present the data in a suitable graphical form.

[5]

(iii) Describe the results.

....

....

....

....

....

.... [2]

[Turn over

(b) Describe an investigation to show the effect of pH on the activity of the enzyme that is used to extract apple juice.

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

.... [6]

[Total : 16]

2 Fig. 2.1 shows a honey bee, *Apis mellifera*.

Fig. 2.1

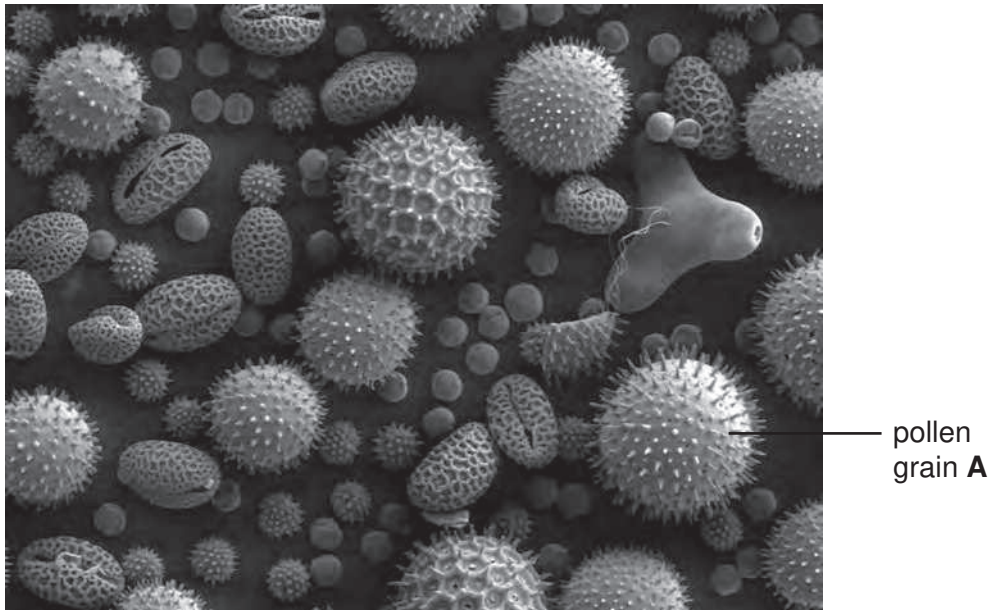**(a)** Make a labelled drawing of the back leg of the honey bee shown in Fig. 2.1.

[5]

[Turn over

Honey bees are important in pollination when they gather nectar from flowers.
The nectar is used for making honey.
Honey contains pollen grains which identify the flowers that the nectar was gathered from.

Fig. 2.2 shows some pollen grains in a sample of honey as seen with a microscope.

pollen
grain **A**

$\times 500$

Fig. 2.2

(b) (i) Measure the diameter of pollen grain **A**. Draw a line on Fig. 2.2 to show where you have made your measurement.

diameter of pollen grain **A** in Fig. 2.2 .... mm   [1]

(ii) Calculate the actual diameter of pollen grain **A**. Show your working.

actual diameter of pollen grain **A** .... mm   [2]

(c) Describe how you could safely test a sample of honey for starch and reducing sugar:

....

....

....

....

....   [4]

Honey production has been affected by parasites found on both the adult and larval stages of honey bees.

One of the latest pests has been identified as a blood sucking parasite, *Varroa destructor*.

Fig. 2.3 shows the external appearance of this parasite.

$\times 60$

Fig. 2.3

(d) (i) *Varroa* is a parasite. Using the information above, suggest the meaning of the term parasite.

....

....

.... [2]

(ii) Name the arthropod groups to which the honey bee, *Apis mellifera*, and the parasite, *Varroa destructor*, belong. For each organism, give one feature which leads to your identification.
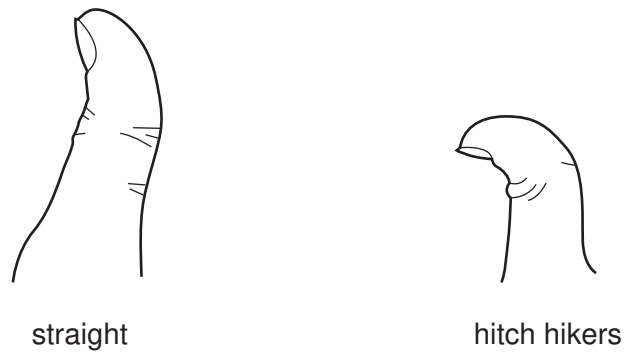
organism	arthropod group	feature
honey bee (*Apis mellifera*)	....	....
parasite (*Varroa destructor*)	....	....

[4]

[Total : 18]

3 There is variation in the shape of human thumbs.

Fig. 3.1 shows the two forms referred to as 'straight' and 'hitch hikers'.

straight   hitch hikers

Fig. 3.1

A survey of thumb shape was carried out on 197 students. The results are shown in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1

age / years	number of students with 'straight' thumbs		number of students with 'hitch hiker' thumbs	
	male	female	male	female
12	21	24	4	2
13	18	28	3	5
14	19	15	2	3
15	26	20	3	4
total	84	87	12	14

(a) Describe the results shown in Table 3.1.

....

....

....

....

.... [3]

(b) Scientists think that thumb shape is controlled by a single gene.

What evidence is there from Table 3.1 to support this idea?

....

....

.... [3]

[Total : 6]

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

12

BLANK PAGE