

	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education
CANDIDATE NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER
BIOLOGY	0610/22
Paper 2 Core	May/June 2011

Paper 2 Core

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
Total	

1 hour 15 minutes

This document consists of 14 printed pages and 2 blank pages.



1 A remote-controlled submarine gathered a sample of mud from the bottom of the sea.

Fig. 1.1 shows an apparatus that was set up to investigate if the mud contained any living organisms.

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air in air out $\overline{\mathbf{0}}$ $\overline{\mathbf{C}}$ 0 0 ō D 0 0 0 solution solution deep sea mud solution to remove to test for to test for carbon dioxide carbon dioxide carbon dioxide Fig. 1.1 (a) (i) Name a solution that could be used to test for carbon dioxide. [1]

(ii) Carbon dioxide was detected coming from the mud.

Suggest the two characteristics of living organisms that could be linked to this observation.

- (b) List three other characteristics of living organisms.

	1.
	2.
[3]	3.
[Total: 6]	

Table 2.1

2 (a) Table 2.1 gives the daily energy requirements of some different people.

activity of 25 year old adult	daily energy requirement / kJ
very active male	14 700
average male	11 550
breastfeeding female	11 300
average female	9450

(i) Suggest two reasons for the difference in energy needed by the average female and the average male in Table 2.1.

..... (ii) Suggest an explanation for the difference in energy needed by the average female and the breastfeeding female in Table 2.1. [2]

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person	age / years	daily protein requirement / g
pregnant female	25	85
breastfeeding female	25	100
average female	25	64
male	11 - 15	70
female	11 - 15	58

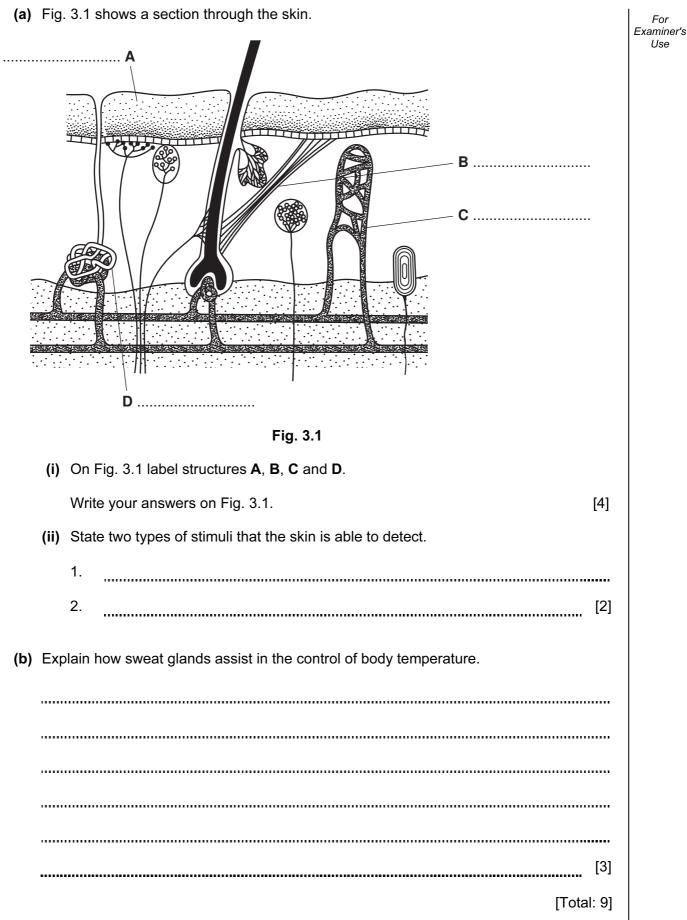
(b) Table 2.2 gives the daily protein requirements of some different people.

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Table 2.2

(i) Suggest explanations for the difference in the protein needs shown in Table 2.2, of the average female compared with the pregnant female and the breastfeeding female.

		[3]
	(ii)	Suggest two reasons for the difference in protein needed by a male aged $11 - 15$ years compared with a female of the same age in Table 2.2.
		[2]
(c)		e average female needs a higher iron intake in her diet than the average male. ggest a reason for this.
		[1]
		[Total: 10]



5

4 Fig. 4.1 shows a section through the female reproductive and other systems.

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[4]

- front of body Fig. 4.1(a) (i) Name the structures labelled E, F and G.

.....

7

(b) Humans use a variety of methods of birth control.(i) State what has to be carried out in the body of a female to surgically sterilise her.	For Examiner's Use
[1]	
(ii) Another method of birth control is the femidom that may prevent pregnancy. State what else may be prevented by using the femidom.	
[1]	
(iii) Name and explain one chemical method of birth control.	
[2] [Total: 11]	

5 (a) Two types of variation, continuous and discontinuous, occur in living organisms.Complete Table 5.1 about the two types of variation.

Table	5.1
-------	-----

	continuous variation	discontinuous variation
example of variation in humans		
factors that influence variation		

[4]

(b) State the meaning of the terms gene and allele.

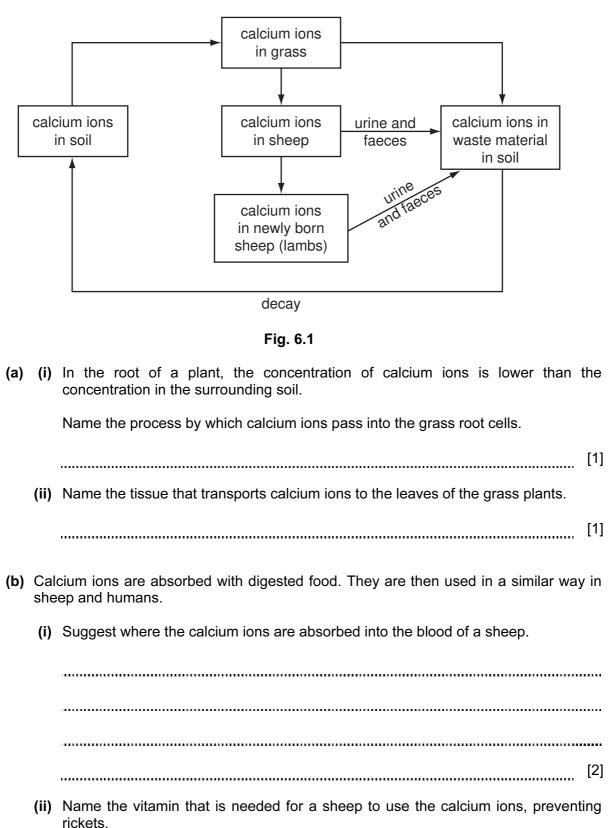
gene	
allele	
	[2]

(c) Nuclei can be diploid or haploid.

Compare these **two** types of nuclei.

[3] [Total: 9] For Examiner's Use 6 Calcium ions are cycled in ecosystems.

Fig. 6.1 represents a calcium cycle.



.....

9

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	(iii) Identify one tissue in which the sheep uses the calcium ions.	For Examiner's Use
	(iv) Suggest how the calcium ions are passed from the sheep to its lamb.	
	[1]
(c)	Chemical energy is stored in the grass. The amount of energy passed from the grass to the sheep is greater than the energy passed from the sheep to its lamb.	
	Suggest reasons for this difference.	
	[4]

[Total: 11]

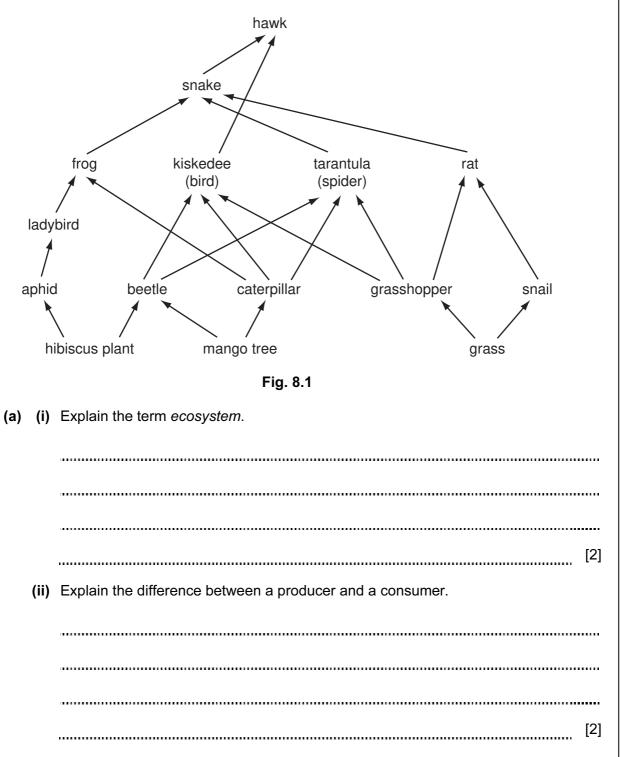
Fig	. 7.1	shows a photograph of a section through a leaf.	For
			Examiner's Use
		Fig. 7.1	
(a)	(i)	Explain the functions of the cuticle of a leaf.	
		[2]	
	(ii)	Explain how carbon dioxide in the atmosphere passes to the cells inside the leaf.	
		[2]	
(b)	The	cells in the leaf use carbon dioxide to carry out photosynthesis.	
. /	Stat	te two environmental factors, apart from carbon dioxide, that can affect the rate of tosynthesis.	
	1.		
	2.	[2]	
		[Total: 6]	

11

7

For Examiner's Use

8 Fig. 8.1 shows a food web of a community living in a Caribbean ecosystem.



(b) Using information in Fig. 8.1 construct a complete food chain of **only five** organisms. The food chain **must** include the hawk.

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[3]

(c) In the past the mango trees were sprayed with a very powerful insecticide. The insecticide destroyed the beetles and caterpillars that damaged the crop.

Predict and explain the effect on the snake population of the loss of the beetles and caterpillars.

(d) Suggest two other effects of the use of powerful insecticides.

1.

2.

[2]
[Total: 13]

- **9** There are many people in the world who are not able to digest lactose, a sugar in milk produced by cows, goats and sheep. These people do not make the enzyme lactase that breaks down lactose in the small intestine.
 - (a) Describe what is meant by the term *enzyme*.

[2]

(b) People who cannot digest lactose sometimes drink a liquid containing the enzyme lactase before they eat food containing milk products.

The aim of this treatment is to digest any lactose in the food, but it is not likely to be successful.

Suggest why this treatment is **not** likely to be successful.

[3]

[Total: 5]

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