Location Entry Codes

As part of CIE's continual commitment to maintaining best practice in assessment, CIE uses different variants of some question papers for our most popular assessments with large and widespread candidature. The question papers are closely related and the relationships between them have been thoroughly established using our assessment expertise. All versions of the paper give assessment of equal standard.

The content assessed by the examination papers and the type of questions is unchanged.

This change means that for this component there are now two variant Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports where previously there was only one. For any individual country, it is intended that only one variant is used. This document contains both variants which will give all Centres access to even more past examination material than is usually the case.

The diagram shows the relationship between the Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiners' Reports that are available.

Question Paper

Introduction First variant Question Paper Second variant Question Paper

Mark Scheme

Introduction
First variant Mark Scheme
Second variant Mark Scheme

Principal Examiner's

neport
Introduction
First variant Principal Examiner's Report
Second variant Principal Examiner's Report

Who can I contact for further information on these changes?

Please direct any questions about this to CIE's Customer Services team at: international@cie.org.uk

The titles for the variant items should correspond with the table above, so that at the top of the first page of the relevant part of the document and on the header, it has the words:

• First variant Question Paper / Mark Scheme / Principal Examiner's Report

or

Second variant Question Paper / Mark Scheme / Principal Examiner's Report

as appropriate.

First Variant Question Paper



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

MATHEMATICS

Paper 2 (Extended) May/June 2009

1 hour 30 minutes

0580/21, 0581/21

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator

Geometrical instruments Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

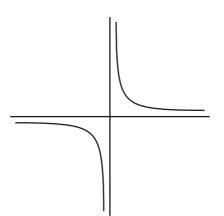
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 70.







(a) Write down the order of rotational symmetry of the diagram.

Answer(a)	[1]
Aliswel (u)	1

(b) Draw all the lines of symmetry on the diagram.

[1]

2 Write the following in order of size, smallest first.

$$\sqrt{\frac{9}{17}}$$

$$\frac{5}{7}$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{-}$$

- 3 At 05 06 Mr Ho bought 850 fish at a fish market for \$2.62 each. 95 minutes later he sold them all to a supermarket for \$2.86 each.
 - (a) What was the time when he sold the fish?

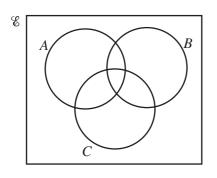
$$Answer(a)$$
 [1]

(b) Calculate his total profit.

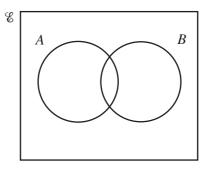
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For Examiner's Use

4 Shade the region required in each Venn Diagram.



 $A \cap B \cap C$



 $A \cup B'$ [2]

5

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find A^{-1} , the inverse of the matrix A.

Answer () [2]

6 In 2005 there were 9 million bicycles in Beijing, correct to the nearest million.

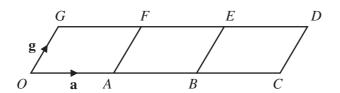
The average distance travelled by each bicycle in one day was 6.5 km correct to one decimal place.

Work out the upper bound for the **total** distance travelled by all the bicycles in one day.

Answer km [2]

7 Find the co-ordinates of the mid-point of the line joining the points A(2, -5) and B(6, 9).

Answer (, , , ,) [2]



The diagram is made from three identical parallelograms.

O is the origin. $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OG} = \mathbf{g}$.

Write down in terms of a and g

(a) \overrightarrow{GB} ,

- Answer(a) [1]
- **(b)** the position vector of the centre of the parallelogram *BCDE*.

Answer(b) [1]

9 Rearrange the formula to make y the subject.

$$x + \frac{\sqrt{y}}{9} = 1$$

$$Answer y = [3]$$

10 Write $\frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{d} - \frac{c-d}{cd}$ as a single fraction in its simplest form.

Answer [3]

	, and the second						
11	In January Sunanda changed £25 000 into dollars when the exchange rate was $\$1.96 = £1$. In June she changed the dollars back into pounds when the exchange rate was $\$1.75 = £1$. Calculate the profit she made, giving your answer in pounds (£).						
	Answer £	[3]					
12	Solve the simultaneous equations						
	2y + 3x = 6,						
	x = 4y + 16.						
	Answer x =						
	y =	[3]					
	у	[3]					
13	A spray can is used to paint a wall. The thickness of the paint on the wall is <i>t</i> . The distance of the spray can from the wall is <i>d</i> . <i>t</i> is inversely proportional to the square of <i>d</i> .						
	t = 0.2 when $d = 8$.						
	Find t when $d = 10$.						
	$Answer\ t =$	[3]					
	Answer t –						

14 (a) There are 10⁹ nanoseconds in 1 second. Find the number of nanoseconds in 5 minutes, giving your answer in standard form.

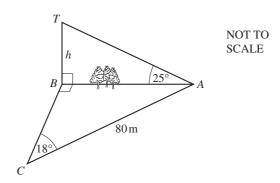
For Examiner's Use

(b) Solve the equation

$$5(x + 3 \times 10^6) = 4 \times 10^7$$
.

$$Answer(b) x = [2]$$

15



Mahmoud is working out the height, h metres, of a tower BT which stands on level ground. He measures the angle TAB as 25° .

He cannot measure the distance AB and so he walks 80 m from A to C, where angle $ACB = 18^{\circ}$ and angle $ABC = 90^{\circ}$.

Calculate

(a) the distance AB,

Answer(a) m [2]

(b) the height of the tower, *BT*.

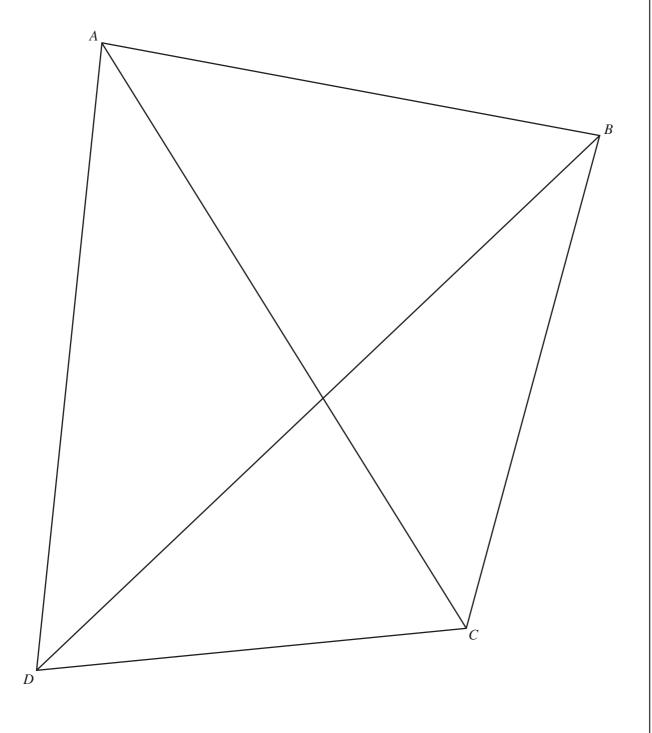
Answer(b) m [2]

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16 Using a straight edge and compasses only, draw the locus of all points inside the quadrilateral *ABCD* which are equidistant from the lines *AC* and *BD*.

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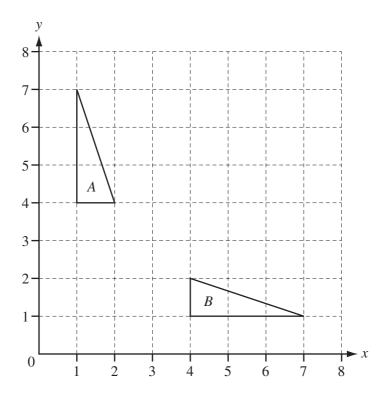
Show clearly all your construction arcs.



[4]







(a)	Describe fully	the single	transformation	which mans	triangle 4	onto	trianole	R
ı	a j	Describe runy	mic single	u ansionnation	willen maps	u langic A	OHIO	urangic.	ν.

4 ()	[0]
Answeriai	171
21110 WCI (W)	 121

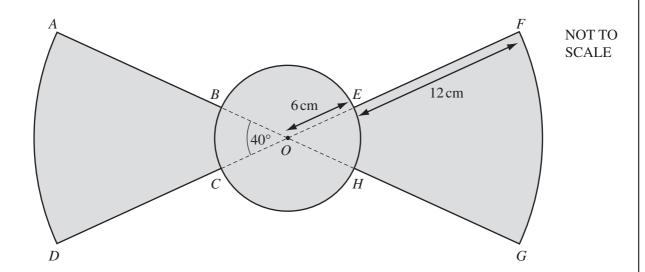
- (b) On the grid, draw the image of triangle A after rotation by 90° clockwise about the point (4, 4). [2]
- 18 Two similar vases have heights which are in the ratio 3:2.
 - (a) The volume of the larger vase is 1080 cm³. Calculate the volume of the smaller vase.

4	3	F 4 7
Answer(a)	 cm	[2]

(b) The surface area of the smaller vase is 252 cm². Calculate the surface area of the larger vase.

Answer(b) cm^2 [2]

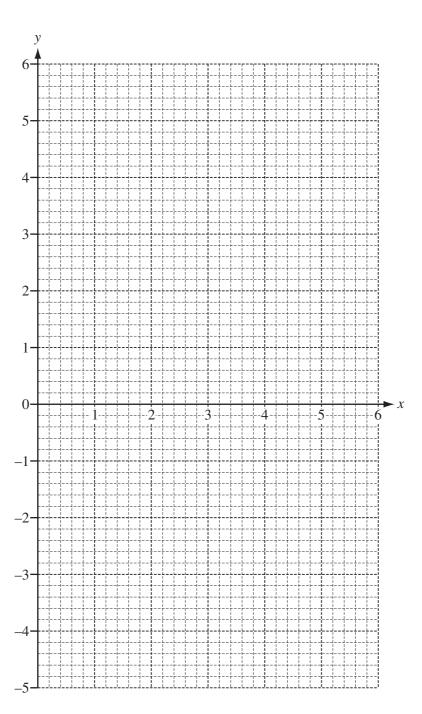
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The diagram shows part of a fan. OFG and OAD are sectors, centre O, with radius 18 cm and sector angle 40°. B, C, H and E lie on a circle, centre O and radius 6 cm. Calculate the shaded area.

Answer cm² [4]

[1]



- (a) Draw the three lines y = 4, 2x y = 4 and x + y = 6 on the grid above. [4]
- (b) Write the letter R in the region defined by the three inequalities below.

$$y \le 4 \qquad 2x - y \ge 4 \qquad x + y \ge 6$$

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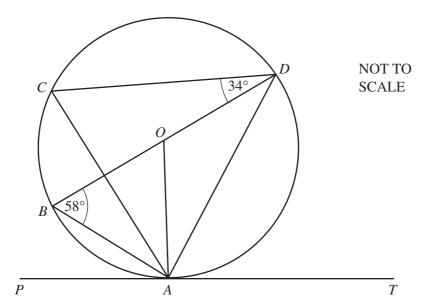
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} x & 6 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a) Find AB.

(b) When AB = BA, find the value of x.

$$Answer(b) x =$$
 [3]

For Examiner's Use



A, B, C and D lie on the circle, centre O. BD is a diameter and PAT is the tangent at A. Angle $ABD = 58^{\circ}$ and angle $CDB = 34^{\circ}$.

Find

(a) angle ACD,

Answer(a) Angle
$$ACD =$$
 [1]

(b) angle *ADB*,

$$Answer(b) \quad Angle ADB = \qquad [1]$$

(c) angle DAT,

$$Answer(c)$$
 Angle $DAT =$ [1]

(d) angle CAO.

Answer(d) Angle
$$CAO =$$
 [2]

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Second Variant Question Paper



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

MATHEMATICS

0580/22, 0581/22

Paper 2 (Extended)

May/June 2009

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator

Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

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Answer all questions.

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Electronic calculators should be used.

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For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

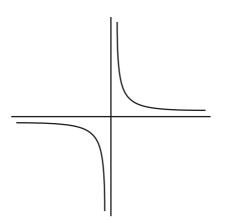
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 70.







(a) Write down the order of rotational symmetry of the diagram.

Angwarda)	[17
Answer(a)	 [I]

(b) Draw all the lines of symmetry on the diagram.

[1]

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2 Write the following in order of size, smallest first.

$$\sqrt{\frac{8}{15}}$$

$$\frac{18}{25}$$

$$\left(\frac{27}{20}\right)^{-}$$

Answer < < [2]

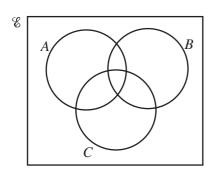
- 3 At 0518 Mr Ho bought 950 fish at a fish market for \$3.08 each. 85 minutes later he sold them all to a supermarket for \$3.34 each.
 - (a) What was the time when he sold the fish?

$$Answer(a)$$
 [1]

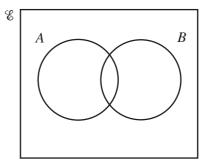
(b) Calculate his total profit.

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4 Shade the region required in each Venn Diagram.



 $A \cap B \cap C$



 $A \cup B'$ [2]

5

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 7 \\ -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find A^{-1} , the inverse of the matrix A.

Answer () [2]

6 In 2005 there were 9 million bicycles in Beijing, correct to the nearest million.

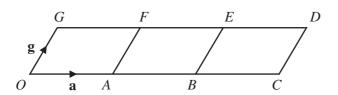
The average distance travelled by each bicycle in one day was 6.5 km correct to one decimal place.

Work out the upper bound for the **total** distance travelled by all the bicycles in one day.

Answer km [2]

7 Find the co-ordinates of the mid-point of the line joining the points A(4, -7) and B(8, 13).

Answer (, , , ,) [2]



The diagram is made from three identical parallelograms.

O is the origin. $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OG} = \mathbf{g}$.

Write down in terms of a and g

(a) \overrightarrow{GB} ,

- Answer(a) [1]
- **(b)** the position vector of the centre of the parallelogram *BCDE*.

Answer(b) [1]

9 Rearrange the formula to make y the subject.

$$x + \frac{\sqrt{y}}{8} = 1$$

$$Answer y =$$
 [3]

10 Write $\frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{d} - \frac{c-d}{cd}$ as a single fraction in its simplest form.

Answer [3]

11	In January Sunanda changed £20 000 into dollars when the exchange rate was \$3.92 = £1. In June she changed the dollars back into pounds when the exchange rate was $3.50 = £1$. Calculate the profit she made, giving your answer in pounds (£).							
	Answer £	[3]						
12	Solve the simultaneous equations							
	2x + 3y = 4, $y = 2x - 12.$ $Answer x = $ $y =$	[3]						
13	A spray can is used to paint a wall. The thickness of the paint on the wall is t . The distance of the spray can from the wall is t . t is inversely proportional to the square of t . $t = 0.4$ when $t = 0.4$ wh							
	Answer t =	[3]						

14 (a) There are 10⁹ nanoseconds in 1 second. Find the number of nanoseconds in 8 minutes, giving your answer in standard form.

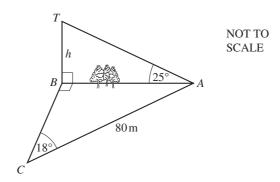
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(b) Solve the equation

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$$Answer(b) x = [2]$$

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Mahmoud is working out the height, h metres, of a tower BT which stands on level ground. He measures the angle TAB as 25° .

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Calculate

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Answer(a) m [2]

(b) the height of the tower, *BT*.

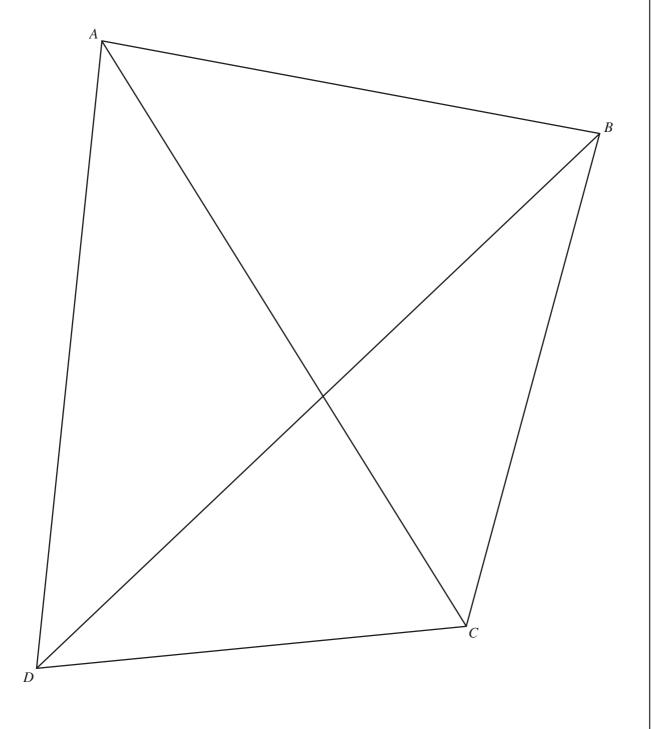
Answer(b) m [2]

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16 Using a straight edge and compasses only, draw the locus of all points inside the quadrilateral *ABCD* which are equidistant from the lines *AC* and *BD*.

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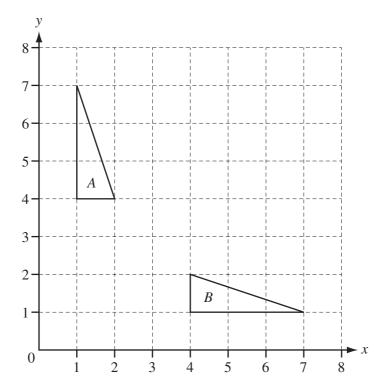
Show clearly all your construction arcs.



[4]







(a)	Describe fully	the single	transformation	which mans	triangle 4	onto	trianole	R
ı	a j	Describe runy	mic single	u ansionnation	willen maps	u langic A	OHIO	urangic.	ν.

4 ()	[0]
Answeriai	171
21110 WCI (W)	 121

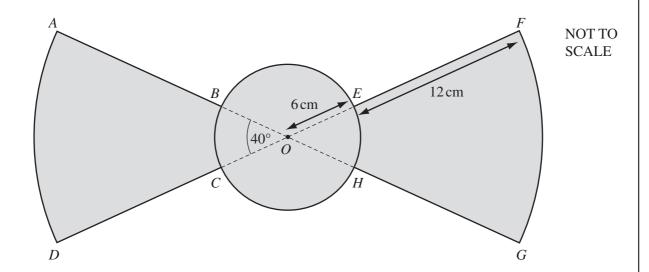
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- 18 Two similar vases have heights which are in the ratio 3:2.
 - (a) The volume of the larger vase is 1080 cm³. Calculate the volume of the smaller vase.

Answer(a)	cm^3	[2]
Answer (a)	 CIII	[4]

(b) The surface area of the smaller vase is 252 cm². Calculate the surface area of the larger vase.

Answer(b) cm^2 [2]

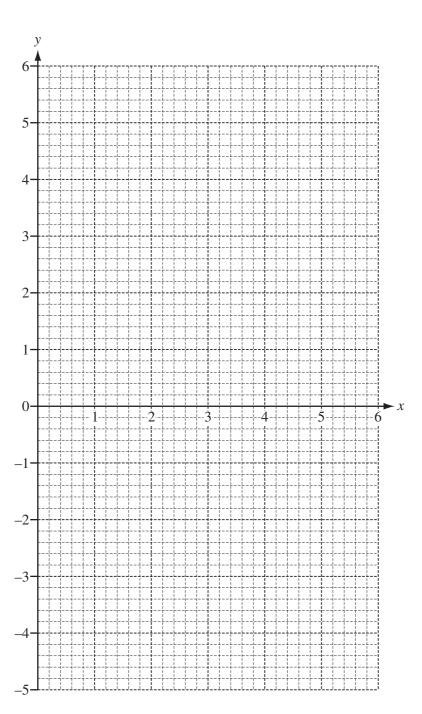
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The diagram shows part of a fan. OFG and OAD are sectors, centre O, with radius 18 cm and sector angle 40°. B, C, H and E lie on a circle, centre O and radius 6 cm. Calculate the shaded area.

Answer cm² [4]

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- (a) Draw the three lines y = 4, 2x y = 4 and x + y = 6 on the grid above.
- (b) Write the letter R in the region defined by the three inequalities below.

$$2x - y \ge 4$$

$$x + y \ge 6$$

[1]

[4]

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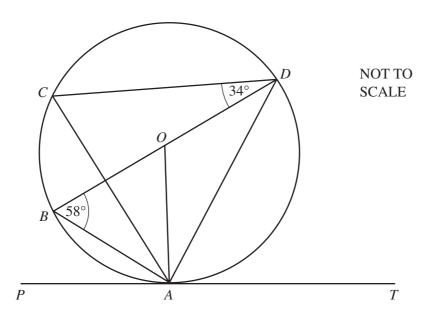
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} x & 6 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a) Find AB.

(b) When AB = BA, find the value of x.

$$Answer(b) x =$$
 [3]

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A, B, C and D lie on the circle, centre O. BD is a diameter and PAT is the tangent at A. Angle $ABD = 58^{\circ}$ and angle $CDB = 34^{\circ}$.

Find

(a) angle ACD,

Answer(a) Angle
$$ACD =$$
 [1]

(b) angle *ADB*,

$$Answer(b) \quad Angle ADB = \qquad [1]$$

(c) angle DAT,

$$Answer(c)$$
 Angle $DAT =$ [1]

(d) angle CAO.

Answer(d) Angle
$$CAO =$$
 [2]

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