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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/43

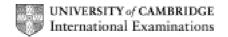
Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

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Abbreviations

cao correct answer only cso correct solution only

dep dependent

ft follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

www without wrong working art anything rounding to soi seen or implied

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	(a) $200 \div 10 \times 3$ oe $200 \div 10 \times 2$ oe	M1 M1	
	(b) 65	2	M1 for $\frac{39}{60} \times 100$ oe 35 is M0
	(c) 46	3	M2 for $36.80 \div 0.8$ oe or M1 for $80\% = 36.80$ oe
	(d) 0.6(0)	3	M2 for $5(x + 12) + 2x = 64.2$ oe or $(64.2 - 5 \times 12) \div 7$ or $5x + 2(x - 12) = 64.2$ oe or $(64.2 + 2 \times 12) \div 7$ or M1 for $y = x + 12$ and $5y + 2x = 64.2$ or $y = x - 12$ and $5x + 2y = 64.2$ After M0, SC1 for $k(x \pm 12)$ seen
2	(a) $(\cos Q =) \frac{4^2 + 4.5^2 - 7^2}{2 \times 4 \times 4.5}$ o.e. 110.74	M2 E2	M1 for $7^2 = 4^2 + 4.5^2 - 2 \times 4 \times 4.5 \times \cos(Q)$ If E0 then A1 for $-0.354(1)$
	(b) $(RS =) \frac{7\sin 40}{\sin 85}$ 4.516	M2 E1	M1 for $\frac{RS}{\sin 40} = \frac{7}{\sin 85}$ o.e. Can be implied by second M
	(c) Angle $R = 55^{\circ}$ $0.5 \times 7 \times 4.52 \times \sin(\text{their } 55)$ o.e. $0.5 \times 4 \times 4.5 \times \sin 110.7$ o.e. Triangle $PRS + \text{Triangle } PQR$ $21.4 \ (21.36 - 21.42)$	B1 M1 M1 M1 A1	(May be seen on diagram) (12.95 – 13.0) their 55 is (180 – 40 – 85) (8.418 – 8.42) (s = 7.75) Dependent on M1, M1 www 5

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3	(a) $5x^2 - x$ or $x(5x - 1)$	2	M1 for $x^2 + 3x$ or $4x^2 - 4x$ correct
	(b) $27x^9$	2	B1 for 27 or for x^9
	(c) (i) $7x^7(1+2x^7)$	2	M1 for any correct partially factorised expression
	(ii) $(y+w)(x+2a)$	2	or $7x^{7}(1 +)$ M1 for $x(y + w) + 2a(y + w)$ or $y(x + 2a) + w(x + 2a)$
	(iii) $(2x+7)(2x-7)$	1	y(x + 2u) + w(x + 2u)
	(d) $\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(2)(1)}}{2(2)}$ oe	2	In square root B1 for $5^2 - 4(2)(1)$ or better (17) If in form $\frac{p + \sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p - \sqrt{q}}{r}$ B1 for $p = -5$ and $r = 2(2)$
	-2.28 -0.22	1	SC1 for -2.3 or -2.281 to -2.280 and -0.2 or -0.220 to -0.219
4	(a) (i) $\binom{25}{43}$	1	If 0, 0 then SC1 for 25 and 43 seen
	(ii) (16)	2	B1 for 16 without brackets
	(iii) $\frac{1}{-2} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ isw	2	B1 for determinant = -2
	or $\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{2} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$		or B1 for $k \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
	(b) Reflection only	1	If more than one transformation given – no
	x-axis oe	1	marks available independent
	(c) $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for one correct column

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5	(a) (i) Accurate perpendicular bisector, with 2 pairs of arcs, of CD.	2	SC1 if accurate without arcs.
	(ii) Accurate angle bisector, with two pairs of arcs, of angle A.	2	SC1 if accurate without arcs.
	(b) SHOP written in correct region	S1	Dependent on at least SC1 in (i) and (ii) and intersection
	(c) (i) Arc, centre B, radius 5cm,	1	Allow good freehand
	reaching across <i>ABCD</i> . (ii) Area outside their arc centre <i>B</i> and outside SHOP shaded	1ft	dep on S1
6			Accept fraction, %, dec equivalents (3sf or better) throughout but not ratio or words i.s.w. incorrect cancelling/conversion to other forms Pen -1 once for 2 sf answers
	(a) (i) 33	1	
	(ii) $\frac{243}{3125}$ (0.07776)	2	Accept 0.0778. M1 for $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^5$ oe
	(b) (i) $\frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{7}{8}$	3	B1 for $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ B1 for $\frac{1}{8}$ B1 for $\frac{7}{8}$
	(ii) $\frac{1}{20}$ (0.05) cao	2	M1 for their $\frac{2}{5}$ × their $\frac{1}{8}$
	(iii) $\frac{1}{5}$ (0.2) ft	2ft	ft $\frac{3}{20}$ + their (b)(ii) or M1 for $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$
7	(a) -5.4 3.7	1	
	(b) 8 points correctly plotted ft	Р3	P3ft their table.
	Smooth cubic curve through all 8 points	C1	P2ft for 6 or 7 points. P1ft for 4 or 5 points Only ft points if shape not affected.
	(c) -2, -4, 4	2	B1 for 2 correct
	(d) 7 points correctly plotted ft Two separate smooth branches of rectangular hyperbola	P2 C1	P2ft P1ft for 5 or 6 points Must pass through all 7 points, only ft if shape not affected and no contact with either axis.
	(e) (i) $-2.9 \le x \le -2.8$ $2.05 \le x \le 2.15$ (ii) $a = 10$ b = -40	1 1 1 1	Not with y coordinates

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8	(a) (i) 396 (395.6 – 396)	4	M1 for $\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 3^3$ and M1 (independent) for $\pi \times 3^2 \times 12$,
			M1 (dependent on M2) for adding
	(1) 2 12 (2 125 2 120) 0	2.0	126π implies M3
	(ii) 3.13 (3.125 – 3.128) ft	2ft	ft their (i) \times 7.9 ÷ 1000 . M1 for \times 7.9 soi by figs 313 or 3125 – 3128
	(iii) 144 (144 – 144.4) ft	2ft	ft $15 \times 6 \times 6$ – their (a)(i) M1 for $6 \times 6 \times 15$ oe
	(b) (i) 311 (310.8 – 311.1)	5	M1 for $2 \times \pi \times 3^2$ and M1 (independent) for $\pi \times 6 \times 12$ and M1 for $\pi \times 3^2$,
			M1 (dependent on M3) for adding. (99π implies M4)
	(ii) 3.50 (3.496 to 3.50) ft	2ft	ft their (b)(i) × 0.01125 M1 for their (b)(i) ÷ 8 and × figs 9 implied by figs 3496 to 350
	(0)		
9	(a) (i) $\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
	(ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$	1 1	If 0, SC1 for $\overrightarrow{CB} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ seen
	(iii) \overrightarrow{BA} or $-\overrightarrow{AB}$	1	BA not indicated as a vector is not enough.
	(iv) 10.3 (10.29 – 10.30)	2	M1 for $(\text{their } 9)^2 + (\text{their } 5)^2$
	(b) (i) 2u	1	
	(ii) $\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{t} - \mathbf{u})$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2}$ (their $\overrightarrow{BA} + \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DC}$) or equivalent
			correct route for \overrightarrow{BM} , along obtainable vectors in terms of \mathbf{t} and \mathbf{u} or $\mathbf{M1}$ for correct unsimplified answer
	(iii) $\frac{3}{2}\mathbf{u} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{t}$ oe ft	2ft	ft their (i) + their (ii) simplified or t + u - their (b)(ii) simplified M1 for correct (or ft) unsimplified (i) + (ii) or t + u - their (b)(ii)

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10	(a) 7, 8, 8, 10, 11, 16 and 8, 8, 8, 10, 10, 16	5	Mark answer spaces only or clearly indicated lists. Allow numbers in any order but must be lists of 6 integers B4 for either correct list If not B4 then B1 for a series with mode 8 and B1 for a series with median 9 and B1 for a series with sum 60
	(b) (i) $(30 \times 65 + 35 \times 85 + 40 \times 95 + 40 \times 110 + 15 \times 135) \div 160$ 94.7 $(94.68 - 94.69)$ (ii) Heights of 4, 2, 0.5 with correct interval widths	4	M1 for mid-values soi (allow 1 error/omission) and M1 for use of $\sum fx$ with x in correct interval including both boundaries allow one further error/omission and M1 (dependent on second M) for \div 160 www 4 B3 for 2 correct or B2 for 1 correct or B1 for all three freq. densities correct but no/incorrect graph
11	(a) 30 42 42 56 71 97	4	B3 for 2 correct rows or B2 for 1 correct row or B1 for any term in column 5 correct
	(b) (i) 2550 (ii) 30	1	
	(c) $(n+1)(n+2)$ oe final ans	1	
	(d) (i) $2n^2 + pn + 1 = t$ Uses a value of n up to 6 and a matching t from the table e.g. puts $n = 3$ and $t = 31$	2	
	$2 \times 3^2 + 3p + 1 = 31$ M1 OR		Correct solution shown with 1 intermediate step to $p = 4$ E1
	Use $p = 4$ to get $2n^2 + 4n + 1 = 31$ and simplifies to 3 term eqn M1		Solve correctly to get $n = 3$ E1
	OR both $2 \times 9 + 4 \times 3 + 1 (= 31)$ with one part evaluated		Conclusion e.g. 31 = 31 E1
	OR n(n+1) + (n+1)(n+2) - 1 or better M1		Correct simplification to $2n^2 + 4n + 1$ E1
	(ii) 241 (iii) 12	3	M1 for $2n^2 + 4n + 1 = 337$ and M1 for $(n - 12)(n + 14)$ or correct expression for <i>n</i> using formula
	(e) $L = A + D - 1$ oe	1	