

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0470 HISTORY

0470/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0470	21

OPTION A: 19TH CENTURY OPTION

1	Study Sources A and B. How similar are the accounts in these two sources? Explain your answer using details of the sources. [7]					
	Level 0	No evidence submitted or does not address the question	[0]			
	Level 1	Writes about the sources, no valid comparison	[1]			
	Level 2	Different: information that is in one source but not in the other OR Similar: they are on the same topic	[2]			
	Level 3	Similarities and/or differences of detail e.g. The bomb misses in A, hits the car in B. Gun fired in A, fired twice in B. The car went the wrong way in both, etc.	[3–5]			
	Level 4	Different on who was to blame for the war <i>i.e. Germany in A, Austria in B.</i>	[6]			
	Level 5	L3 plus L4	[7]			

2 Study Sources C and D. How far does Source C explain why Berchtold issued the statement in Source D? Explain your answer using details of the sources and your knowledge. [8]

Level 0	No evidence submitted or does not address the question	[0]
Level 1	Writes about the sources, no valid conclusion	[1]
Level 2	Answers explaining why he issued the statement, but no use of C	[2]

Level 3 Comparison of content of C and D to explain yes OR no [3–4] e.g. It does explain it because in Source C the Germans give the green light to Austria, and in Source D they are going ahead in dealing with Serbia. It does not fully explain it. In Source C it urges Austria to go to war, but in Source D Berchtold is taking a fairly moderate line and not humiliating Serbia.

Level 4 As L3, but yes AND no

[5–6]

- Level 5 No: Source C is insufficient because there are reasons other than those in C and D [7] *i.e. Gives reason(s) from C but shows there are others too, e.g. the assassination of the Archduke.*
- Level 6 Yes: uses contextual knowledge to explain the critical importance of Germany's guarantee in Source C in Austria's action against Serbia [8]

	Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
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3	Study Sources E and F. Does Source E make you surprised by Source F? Explain your answer using the sources and your knowledge. [8]					
	Level 0 No	evidence submitted or does not address the question	n	[0]		
	Level 1 Writ OR	es about the sources, no surprised/not surprised		[1]		
		ntifies something surprising/not surprising in F, no ex	planation of why			
	Level 2 Exp	lains whether or not F is surprising, no use of E		[2]		
	e.g. acco e.g.	npares source content to decide surprised OR not Not surprised because in both sources they agre epted the Austrian demands. Surprised because in E he says it will be evidence of y, but in F he suggests that they should seek further	of ill-will if Austria			
		npares source content to decide surprised AND not	-	[5–6]		
		DR L4, plus evaluates either/both of E and F to decid Aluation of E could be of Grey, the Serbian ambassa				
4		ces G and H. Does Source H prove that Grey w r using details of the sources and your knowledg		ce G? Explain [8]		
	Level 0 No	evidence submitted or does not address the question	n	[0]		
	Level 1 Writ	es about sources, no valid conclusion		[1]		
	Level 2 Yes	/No: explained using undeveloped provenance of G/	Ή	[2]		
	Level 3 Ans	wers explaining whether content of G can be believe	ed, no use of H	[3–4]		
	Level 4 Yes	/No: compares content of G and H – they differ so so	omeone's lying	[5]		
	Level 5 Con	npares content for difference: evaluates G to conclue	de Grey is lying/no	ot lying [6]		
		the difference explained by evaluation of H as ons/shift blame to Britain	an attempt to	justify German [7]		
	actio	the difference explained by Bethmann-Hollweg's ons <i>To try and stop Britain from declaring war.</i>	purpose of influe	encing Britain's [8]		

Page 4	L I	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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-		e I. What is the message of this source? Expland your knowledge.	ain your answer i	using details of [7]
Level 0	No e	vidence submitted or does not address the question	on	[0]
Level 1	Level 1 Surface description of cartoon		[1]	
Level 2		nterpretations That Serbia will get what it deserves.		[2–3]
Level 3	[wato	messages ch out for points that are no more than description] Serbia is plucky, Austria is more powerful than Se		[4–5]
Level 4	This <i>i.e.</i> 7 OR The <i>e.g.</i> Rese	Big Message must encompass Austria and Serbia, and Austria' <i>That Austria will not be justified in retaliation agains</i> cartoonist's opinion <i>The cartoonist is expressing disapproval of Austria</i> erve 7 marks for answers that include the ide roportionate.	st Serbia. a retaliating agains	t Serbia.

6 Study all the sources. How far do these sources provide convincing evidence that Austria was responsible for the start of the First World War? Use the sources to explain your answer. [12]

Level 0	No evidence submitted or does not address the question	[0]
Level 1	No valid source use	[1–3]
Level 2	Uses sources to support OR reject the statement	[4–6]

Level 3 Uses sources to support AND reject the statement [7–10]

- Up to 2 bonus marks for proper source evaluation (max.1 per source)
- Source use must include identification of a source by letter, provenance or direct quote. It must use examples from source content and explanations of how these support/do not support the statement.
- Indicate valid source use in the margin by writing 'Y' for 'Austria responsible' and 'N' for 'Austria not responsible/someone else responsible'.
- Where the candidate groups sources, award only one Y/N for the whole group and only if the explanation is valid for all the sources grouped.

Yes	No
BCEI	ABCDEFGHI

Page (5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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		OPTION B: 20 TH CENTURY OPTIC	ON	
		ces A and B. How far do these two sources ag e sources.	ree? Explain you	r answer using [8]
Level 0	No e	evidence submitted or does not address the quest	ion	[0]
Level 1	Write	es about the sources, no valid comparison		[1]
Level 2	OR	agreement: information that is in one source but no ee: they are on the same topic	ot in the other	[2]
Level 3	e.g.	eements of detail That there was an explosion on the railway, that the Lytton Commission was set up etc.	the Japanese inva	[3–5] aded Manchuria,
Level 4		greement on the consequences of the crisis for th not too damaging in A, first great defeat/League lo	0	[6–7] nfidence in B.
Level 5	L3 p	lus L4		[8]
		ces C and D. How would Chiang Kai-shek hav r using details of the sources and your knowle		rce D? Explain [7]
Level 0	Νο ε	evidence submitted or does not address the quest	ion	[0]
Level 1	Ansv	wers that give no reaction from Chiang		[1]
Level 2		lains Chiang's reaction based on a misinterpretation He would be pleased because the League is deal		[2]
Level 3	Rea	ction based on everyday empathy		[3]

- i.e. How anyone would have reacted to what is happening in Source D, no use of Source C or contextual knowledge to explain how Chiang would have reacted.
- Level 4 Judges Chiang's reaction based on comparison of content between C and D [4–5] e.g. He would have been shocked because in Source C he expects the League to deal with the matter, but in Source D the League is just giving in to Japan.
- Level 5 Explains Chiang's reaction to the message of Source D using the context of 1932–3[6–7] e.g. The cartoon shows the League using the Lytton Commission report as a way of saving face. Chiang would have been appalled by the way the League was prepared to abandon him and allow the Japanese to take over the whole of Manchuria.

	Page 6		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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3	3 Study Source E. Are you surprised by this source? Explain your answer using the source and your knowledge.				ising details of [7]
	Level 0	No e	evidence submitted or does not address the question	n	[0]
	Level 1	OR	es about the source, no mention of surprised/not su		[1]
		Iden	tifies something in the source as surprising/not surprising	orising, but no exp	Dianation
	Level 2		prised/not surprised, explained through undevelope He's a British government minister so…	d provenance	[2]
	Level 3	sour	prised OR not surprised: explained by checking co rce(s)/contextual knowledge But no use of the provenance.	ntent of the sour	ce against other [3–4]
		e.g. isola	Not surprised that you will get only words out ationist at this time/Surprised that Japan could seiz a powerful navy and would stop them.		-
	Level 4	As L	3, but surprised AND not surprised		[5]
	Level 5		surprised: explained using cross-reference/conte sh government in 1931 to Manchurian crisis	extual knowledge	on attitude of [6–7]
4	-		ces F and G. Does Source F prove that Sou g details of the sources and your knowledge.	rce G is wrongʻ	Explain your [8]
	Level 0	No e	evidence submitted or does not address the question	n	[0]
	Level 1	Write	es about the sources, no valid explanation of right/v	vrong	[1]
	Level 2		No: explained by face value comparison of content <i>No, because in both sources it says that Japan i</i> s g		[2–3]
	Level 3	Ansv OR	wers on whether or not G is wrong, no use of F		[4]
		Ansv	wers on whether or not F is wrong, no use of G Explained by cross-reference to sources/ contextua	l knowledge.	
	Level 4		both sources have the same attitude They both approve of Japan's actions.		[5]
	Level 5	Com	npares F and G, uses evaluation of Source G to dec	cide right/wrong	[6]
	Level 6	e.g. you	npares F and G, uses evaluation of Source F to dec The two sources seem to agree that Japan was rig can't say that F proves G is right about this as F is ted into the newspaper by the Chinese to make the	ght to expand into obviously untrust	worthy. It's been

	Page 7		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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5	-		es H and I. How far do these two sources ha using details of the sources and your knowled		sage? Explain [8]
	Level 0	No ev	vidence submitted or does not address the question	on	[0]
	Level 1		ace description Io interpretation of either source.		[1]
	Level 2		alid comparison, but some interpretation Of one or both cartoons.		[2–3]
	Level 3		parison of sub-messages They both say the League is failing, they both see	Japan as an aggre	[4–6] essor etc.
	Level 4	i.e. T e.g. Mano Leag	parison of the Big Message That the League is useless both now and in the futu They have the same message because in Source churian crisis, but will be useless next time too, tue is going to regret its failure to act effectively in tve the situation.	H the League ca and in Source I it	shows that the
	Level 5		parison of the cartoonists' attitudes/points of view Both are condemning the League's inaction.		[8]

6 Study all the sources. How far do these sources provide convincing evidence that the League's response to Japan can be defended? Use the sources to explain your answer. [12]

i.e. Was the League genuinely trying or not? Is there a valid excuse for its failure? Do NOT allow responses which simply deal with the League failing.

Level 0 No evidence submitted or does not address the question	[0]
Level 1 No valid source use	[1–3]
Level 2 Uses sources to support OR reject the statement	[4–6]

Level 3 Uses sources to support AND reject the statement	[7–10]
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- Up to 2 bonus marks for proper source evaluation (max.1 per source)
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- Where the candidate groups sources, award only one Y/N for the whole group and only if the explanation is valid for all the sources grouped.

Yes	Νο
ABCE	ABDEGHI