MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

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0500 FIRST LANGUAGE ENGLISH

0500/33

Paper 3 (Directed Writing and Composition), maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Note: All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Section 1: Directed writing

Question 1

This question tests Writing Objectives W1–W5 (15 marks):

- Articulate experience and express what is thought, felt and imagined
- Order and present facts, ideas and opinions
- Understand and use a range of appropriate vocabulary
- Use language and register appropriate to audience and context
- Make accurate and effective use of paragraphs, grammatical structures, sentences, punctuation and spelling

AND aspects of Reading Objectives R1-R3 (10 marks):

- Understand and collate explicit meanings
- Understand, explain and collate implicit meanings and attitudes
- Select, analyse and evaluate what is relevant to specific purposes.

Imagine that you and a schoolfriend heard the broadcast. You disagree on whether you would want to become like Daniel Li. Write the dialogue you have with your friend, in which you discuss Daniel Li's life so far and argue about the desirability of becoming successful in business at a young age.

In your dialogue you should identify and comment on the personal characteristics which have made Daniel Li successful and evaluate the sacrifices he has made and whether they are worth it.

Base what you write on the transcript you have read. You should write between $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 sides, allowing for the size of your handwriting. Up to ten marks will be available for the content of your answer, and up to fifteen marks for the quality of your writing. [25]

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General notes on likely content

- A Characteristics required to be successful in business (implicit)
- Precociousness (started age 13).
- Determination in pursuing a goal (needed an instrument).
- Commitment (stayed up all night).
- Self-belief (have a nose for a good deal).
- Versatility; being willing to diversify (branched out; music just the start).
- Instinct for what people need (realising potential market for under-18 discos).
- Resilience (bounced back from major loss).
- Ability to learn from mistakes (choosing partners more carefully).
- Not afraid to take risks (business ventures always involve some risk).
- Not needing to conform to expectations (didn't go to university with peers; not 'conventional').
- Enjoyment of variety and travel ('constantly on the move'; not wanting to be bored).
- Not afraid to try something new ('revolutionary'; going into new markets).
- Positive thinking; confidence in future (no reason why company shouldn't grow).
- Patience and perseverance (nine months to launch new project; 'can't be rushed').
- Ability to accept reality (know when to walk away).
- Not complacent ('new challenges' and new ideas).
- Always looking ahead ('in five years').
- Ambitious (rock band at 13; politics while still in his twenties); always aiming higher.
- Excitement and enthusiasm (lying awake at night making plans).
- **B** Sacrifices (explicit and implicit)
- Spent all his time in his room as a teenager; no friendships, sport or 'normal life'.
- Losing a quarter of a million dollars; having to start again 'from scratch'.
- No social or personal life now; lonely.
- Lost touch with family; grew away from them because of his wealth.
- No qualifications; could be a problem later.
- Did not have experience of university; may have disappointed parents' hopes for him.
- Never achieved his ambition to have a band because no time to pursue it.
- No prospect of getting married (or spending time with a future family).
- No time to ever visit his four houses.
- Nomadic existence; never anywhere longer than a week; can't settle; nowhere to call home.
- Constant travel exhausting.
- Lives entirely indoors; sees very little of countries he visits.
- No time for hobbies or holidays or keeping fit.
- Physically unhealthy existence (no relaxation, unfit, stressed, no fresh air).
- No peace of mind; fear of envy and ruthless rivals.
- No privacy; need for bodyguard.
- Can not sleep at night; always has to stay one move ahead; can not switch off.

N.B. the discriminator is the evaluation of whether the candidate believes the sacrifices were worth it; it requires them to draw inferences and make judgements about whether the drawbacks outweigh the 'enviable life-style', and whether they personally would be willing to make them. Perceptive responses will note in **A** that Daniel has some unattractive qualities, and lead on from this in **B**. Ideas and opinions must, however, remain connected to the passage, while developing its claims and assessing their implications. The arguments in the dialogue should be clear and persuasive.

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The question is marked out of 10 for Reading and 15 for Writing.

Use the following table to give a mark out of 10 for Reading.

Band 1	9–10	Makes a thorough, perceptive, convincing evaluation of the ideas in the passage and the speaker's character. Reads effectively between the lines. Develops the reading material and integrates it into the response to the task.
Band 2	7–8	A good evaluation of the passage, using reading material to support the argument. Occasionally effective development of some of the ideas in the material.
Band 3	5–6	A number of points are quoted to make a satisfactory response. Responses cover the material satisfactorily, but may miss opportunities to develop it relevantly or at length.
Band 4	3–4	Selects points from the passage rather literally and/or uses material thinly. Does not combine points into a connected piece.
Band 5	1–2	Parts of the answer are relevant, though material may be repeated injudiciously, or wrongly used.
Band 6	0	Answer does not relate to question and/or too much unselective copying directly from the material to gain a mark in Band 5.

Use the following table to give a mark out of 15 for Writing.

Band 1	13–15	Excellent, consistent sense of audience; persuasive/authoritative style; very fit for purpose. Fluent, varied sentences/wide range of vocabulary. Strong sense of structure, paragraphing and sequence. Virtually no error.
Band 2	10–12	Sense of audience mostly secure; quite stylish and fluent; sense of overall structure; arguments occasionally well developed. Writing is mainly accurate, sentences and language generally effective in places.
Band 3	8–9	Occasional sense of audience; mostly written in accurate, if fairly straightforward sentences; some argument, though not strong; mostly quite well structured; errors minor; language straightforward.
Band 4	5–7	Appropriate if sometimes inconsistent style; sentences mainly accurate; fact rather than argument; basic structure: has beginning, middle and end; fairly frequent (minor) errors; perhaps including sentence separation; sentences and/or vocabulary simple.
Band 5	3–4	Functional expression; largely factual with little/no argument; has a beginning, but main part of response not always well sequenced; some serious errors in grammar/punctuation/use of vocabulary. Errors slightly intrusive.
Band 6	1–2	Language and style not clear; some blurring and lack of order; despite some serious errors, can mainly be followed. Simple sentences.
Band 7	0	Serious inaccuracies and difficulties with language and grammar are too intrusive to gain a mark in Band 6.

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Section 2: Composition

Questions 2 (a), 2 (b), 3 (a), 3 (b), 4 (a) and 4 (b).

the phone call you make.

Give two marks:

- the first mark is out of 13 for Content and Structure: see Table A
- the second mark is out of 12 for Style and Accuracy: see Table B

Remember that these marks will not necessarily match and one mark may well be (much) higher than the other.

The maximum overall mark for the Composition is 25. Write the total clearly at the end as follows: C7 + S10 = 17 (C for Content and Structure, S for Style and Accuracy).

Argumentative/discursive writing 2 (a) Discuss why it is easier to go to war than to achieve peace. [25] (b) Discuss an invention which changed people's lives in some way, commenting on its impact at the time and why it still plays an important role today. [25] **Descriptive writing** 3 (a) Describe the surroundings and your emotions at a time when you felt very alone. [25] (b) Imagine that you are up in a hot air balloon. Describe what you see below and how the experience makes you feel. [25] Narrative writing 4 (a) 'At last I could see a light at the end of the tunnel.' Use this sentence to either begin or end a story. [25] (b) You see an advertisement in a local newspaper which says: 'Are you brave and adventurous? Then telephone this number and change your life.' Start the story with

[25]

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COMPOSITION TASKS: TABLE A – CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

	ARGUMENTATIVE/ DISCURSIVE TASK	DESCRIPTIVE TASK	NARRATIVE TASK
Band 1 11–13	 Consistently well developed, logical stages in an overall, at times complex, argument. Each stage is linked to the preceding one, and sentences within paragraphs are soundly sequenced. 	 There are many well-defined, well-developed ideas and images, describing complex atmospheres with a range of details. Overall structure is provided through devices such as the movements of the writer, the creation of a short time span, or the creation of atmosphere or tension. There is no confusion with writing a story. Repetition is avoided and the sequence of sentences makes the picture clear to the reader. 	 The narrative is complex and sophisticated and may contain devices such as sub-texts, flashbacks and time lapses. Cogent details are provided where necessary or appropriate. Different parts of the story are balanced and the climax carefully managed. Sentence sequences are sometimes arranged to produce effects such as the building up of tension or providing a sudden turn of events.
Band 2 9–10	 Each stage of the argument is defined and developed, although the explanation may not be consistent. The stages follow in a generally cohesive progression. Paragraphs are mostly well sequenced, although some may finish less strongly than they begin. 	 There is a good selection of interesting ideas and images, with a range of details. These are formed into an overall picture of some clarity, largely consistent and effective. There may be occasional repetition, and opportunities for development or the provision of detail may be missed. Sentences are often well sequenced. 	 The writing develops some interesting features, but not consistently so. Expect the use of detail and some attention to character or setting. Writing is orderly and the beginning and ending are satisfactorily managed. The reader is well aware of the climax even if it is not fully effective. Sequencing of sentences provides clarity and engages the reader in events or atmosphere.

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Band 3 7–8	•	There is a series of relevant points and a clear attempt is made to develop some of them. These points are relevant, straightforward and logical/coherent. Repetition is avoided, but the order of the stages in the overall argument can be changed without adverse effect. The sequence of the sentences within paragraphs is satisfactory, but the linking of ideas may be insecure .	•	There is a selection of relevant ideas, images, and details , which satisfactorily address the task. An attempt is made to create atmosphere. The description provides a series of points rather than a sense of their being combined to make an overall picture, but some ideas are developed successfully, albeit straightforwardly. Some sentences are well sequenced.	 with identificatures sincharacter While oppropriation developmare some overall strict competen features of narrative a Sentences 	and setting. portunities for ate nent of ideas times missed, ucture is t, and some of a developed are evident. s are usually d to narrate
Band 4 5–6	•	Mainly relevant points are made and they are developed partially with some brief effectiveness. The overall argument shows signs of structure but may be sounder at the beginning than at the end, or may drift away from the topic. There may be some repetition. The sequence of sentences may be occasionally insecure.	•	Some relevant ideas are provided and occasionally developed a little, perhaps as a narrative. There are some descriptive/ atmospheric episodes, but the use of event may overshadow them. There is some overall structure, but the writing may lack direction and intent. There may be interruptions in the sequence of sentences and/or some lack of clarity.	the topic, series of only brief character • Overall sta sound, but examples particular long or si climax is effectivel or prepar sequence events an	and setting. ructure is it there are where r parts are too hort. The not y described red. Sentence
Band 5 3–4	•	A few relevant points are made and may be expanded into paragraphs, but development is very simple and not always logical. There is weakness of sequencing overall and within paragraphs. Paragraphing is inconsistent. Repetition and a weakness in sustaining relevant argument are obvious.	•	Content is relevant but lacking in scope or variety. Opportunities to provide development and detail are frequently missed. The overall structure, though readily discernible, lacks form and dimension. The reliance on identifying events, objects and/or people sometimes leads to a sequence of sentences without progression.	a beginnir end; it ma everyday fantastic, events. C seem imm • Unequal inapprop importan parts of t Paragraph inconsiste may be us ineffective real clima sequence	or riate ce is given to he story. ning is ent. Dialogue sed ely. There is no x. Sentence s are used k simple series

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Band 6 1–2	di: att is • O∖ pr th	few points are scernible but any tempt to develop them very limited. verall argument only ogresses here and ere and the sequence sentences is poor.	 Some relevant facts are identified, but the overall picture is unclear and lacks development. There are examples of sequenced sentences, but there is also repetition and muddled ordering. 	 and narra indiscrim Endings a lack effect The shap narrative some of th no relevar Sequence 	re simple and t. e of the is unclear; ne content has nee to the plot. es of sentences times poor,
Band 7 0	ma in No	arely relevant, little aterial, and presented a disorderly structure. ot sufficient to be aced in Band 6.	 Rarely relevant, little material, and presented in a disorderly structure. Not sufficient to be placed in Band 6. 	material, a	

COMPOSITION TASKS: TABLE B – STYLE AND ACCURACY

Band 1	11–12	 Writing is consistent, stylistically fluent, linguistically strong and accurate; has sense of audience Look for appropriately used ambitious words Complex sentence structures where appropriate 			
Band 2	9–10	Writing is mostly fluent, sometimes linguistically effective and largelyaccurate; may have some sense of audienceLook for signs of a developing styleSome ability to express shades of meaning			
Band 3	7–8	 Writing is clear, competent (if plain) in vocabulary and grammar; errors perhaps frequent, but minor Look for mostly correct sentence separation Occasional precision and/or interest in choice of words 			
Band 4	5–6	 Writing is clear and accurate in places, and expresses general meaning in vocabulary and grammar; errors occasionally serious Look for simple sentences Errors of sentence separation 			
Band 5	3–4	 Writing is generally simple in vocabulary and grammar; errors are distracting and sometimes serious, but general meaning can always be followed Look for definite weaknesses in sentence structures Grammatical errors such as incorrect use of prepositions and tense 			
Band 6	1–2	 Writing is very limited in correct vocabulary and grammar; error is persistent; meaning is sometimes blurred Look for faulty and/or rambling sentences Language insufficient to carry intended meaning 			
Band 7	0	Writing is difficult to follow because of inadequate language proficiency and error			