

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of the page. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use						
1						
2						
3						
4						
Total						

This document consists of **9** printed pages and **3** blank pages.



The aim of this experiment is to determine the internal volume of a test-tube using two

2

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Carry out the following instructions referring to Figs. 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3. You are supplied with a beaker of water.



1

displacement methods.

(iii) Calculate the increase in water level $(V_4 - V_3)$.



For

2 In this experiment, you will investigate the heating of a thermometer bulb.

Carry out the following instructions, referring to Figs. 2.1 and 2.2.



Fig. 2.1

You are provided with a lamp and a rule. Do not move the lamp or the rule. During the experiment, you will read temperature values from the thermometer. You should use the card provided to shield your eyes from the direct rays of the lamp.

(a) Record the value of room temperature $\theta_{\rm R}$ shown on the thermometer.

- (b) Switch on the lamp. Leave the lamp switched on until you have completed all the readings.
 - (i) Place the thermometer so that its bulb is a horizontal distance d = 100 mm from the surface of the lamp, as shown in Fig. 2.1. Record in Table 2.1 the distance d between the thermometer bulb and the surface of the lamp. Also record the temperature θ shown on the thermometer.
 - (ii) Move the thermometer so that its bulb is a distance d = 80 mm from the surface of the lamp.

In the table, record the distance d and the temperature θ .

d/	θ /

Table 2.1

- (iii) Repeat the steps described in (b)(ii), but using values of *d* of 60 mm, 40 mm, 20 mm and 10 mm.
- (iv) Complete the column headings in the table.

For Examiner's Use (c) Move the thermometer away from the lamp and wait for about a minute for the thermometer to cool.



Fig. 2.2

(i) Place the thermometer so that its bulb is a vertical distance $d_V = 100 \text{ mm}$ from the top surface of the lamp, as shown in Fig. 2.2. Use the 100 mm rod provided to obtain the correct distance. Record the temperature θ_V shown on the thermometer.

(ii) Calculate the difference between θ_V and the thermometer reading θ_H at a horizontal distance of 100 mm from the lamp. State whether θ_V is higher, lower or the same as θ_H .

temperature difference =

 θ_{V} is[1]

(d) A student suggests that θ_V will be higher than the thermometer reading θ_H because thermal energy will travel by infra-red radiation and convection to the thermometer bulb above the lamp but by infra-red radiation only when the bulb is to one side of the lamp.

If the experiment were to be repeated in order to investigate this suggestion, it would be important to control the conditions. Suggest two such conditions, relevant to this investigation, that should be controlled.

(e) Briefly describe a precaution that you took in this experiment in order to obtain a reliable result.

.....[1] [Total: 10]

5

For Examiner's Use 3 In this experiment, you will determine the resistance of a resistor in a circuit.

Carry out the following instructions referring to Fig. 3.1. The circuit is set up for you.



Fig. 3.1

- (a) (i) Place the sliding contact **C** on the resistance wire at a distance d = 30.0 cm from point **A**. Switch on. Measure and record in Table 3.1 the current *I* in the circuit and the p.d. *V* across the resistor **R**. Switch off.
 - (ii) Repeat the procedure in step (i) using *d* values of 40.0 cm, 50.0 cm, 70.0 cm and 90.0 cm.
 - (iii) Complete the column headings in the table.

d/	V/	1/
30.0		
40.0		
50.0		
70.0		
90.0		

Table 3.1

[2]

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4 In this experiment, you will determine the focal length of a lens.

Carry out the following instructions referring to Fig. 4.1.





- (a) Place the screen at a distance d = 0.800 m from the illuminated object.
- (b) Place the lens between the object and the screen and close to the object. Move the lens towards the screen until an **enlarged** image is formed on the screen. Adjust the position of the lens until the image is as clearly focused as possible.
- (c) Measure and record the distance *x* between the centre of the lens and the screen.

- (d) Without moving the illuminated object or the screen, move the lens towards the screen until a clearly focused **diminished** image is formed on the screen.
- (e) Measure and record the distance *y* between the centre of the lens and the screen.

(f) Calculate the focal length f of the lens using the equation $f = \frac{xy}{d}$.

f =[1]

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(g)	Turn the lens through an angle of 180° so that the other side of the lens faces the screen. Repeat steps (a) to (f).	For Examiner's Use
	X =	
	<i>y</i> =	
	f =	
	[3]	
(h)	A student suggests that the two values of the focal length <i>f</i> should be the same. State whether or not your results support this suggestion. Justify your answer by reference to the results.	
	statement	
	justification	
	[2]	
(i)	Briefly describe a precaution that you took in this experiment in order to obtain a reliable result.	
	61	
	[1]	
	[Total: 10]	

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