## 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/03
Paper 3, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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1 (a) Work can be shared between several people
Easier for reference as same type of accounts are kept together
Easier to introduce checking procedures

Or other suitable point
Any 1 point [1]
(b)

Purchases Ledger
Oman El Gamal account

| 2007 |  | $\$$ |  | 2007 |  | $\$$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mar 19 | Bank | 429 | [1] | Mar 8 | Purchases | 440 | [1] |
|  | Discount recd | $\underline{11}$ | [1] |  |  | $\underline{440}$ |  |
|  |  | $\underline{440}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Mohammed El Wakil account

| 2007 |  | \$ |  | 2007 |  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mar 24 | Purchase returns | 128 | [1] | Mar 21 | Purchases | 304 | [1] |
| 26 | Cash | 110 | [1] |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Balance c/d | 66 | [1] |  |  | $\underline{304}$ |  |
|  |  | 304 |  | 2007 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Apr 1 | Balance b/d | 66 | [1] O/F |

+ [1] Dates
(b) Alternative presentation

| Omar El Gamal account |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| 2007 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Mar 8 Purchases |  | 440 [1] | 440 Cr |
| 19 Bank | 429 [1] |  | 11 Cr |
| Discount recd | 11 [1] |  | 0 |

Mohammed El Wakil account

|  |  | Debit |  | Credit | Balance |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2007 |  | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |  |  |
| Mar21 | Purchases |  |  | 304 | [1] | 304 | Cr |  |
| 24 | Purchase returns | 128 | [1] |  |  | 176 | Cr |  |
| 26 | Cash | 110 | [1] |  |  | 66 | Cr | [2]C/F |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | [1]O/F |  |

+ [1] Dates

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(c)

Nominal Ledger
Purchases account

| 2007 |  | \$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Mar31 | Total from |  |  |  |
|  | purchases journal | 744 | $[1]$ |  |
|  | Cash | 990 | $[1]$ |  |

Purchases returns account

(c) Alternative presentation

Purchases account

|  |  | Debit | Credit | Balance |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |  |  |  |
| Mar31 | Total from | purchases journal | 744 | [1] |  |  |
|  | Cash |  | 744 | Dr |  |  |
|  | 990 | [1] |  | 1734 | Dr |  |

Purchases returns account

| $\begin{aligned} & 2007 \\ & \text { Mar } 31 \end{aligned}$ | Total from returns journal | $\begin{gathered} \text { Debit } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Credit | Balance |  |
|  |  |  |  | 128 | C |

(d) Assist in the location of errors

Provide instant totals of debtors/creditors
Proves the arithmetical accuracy of sales/purchases ledgers
Enable the Balance Sheet to be prepared quickly
Provide a summary of the transactions relating to debtors/creditors
Provide an internal check on sales/purchases ledgers - may reduce fraud
Or other relevant points
Any 2 points [1] each
(e)

|  | Item | Entry in sales ledger <br> control account |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (ii) | Cheques received from debtors | credit | [1] |
| (iii) | Trade discount allowed to debtors | no entry | [1] |
| (iv) | Contra item transferred to purchases ledger | credit | [1] |


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2 (a) (i) So that the profits for the year are not over-stated [1]
(ii) So that the debtors in the Balance Sheet are shown at a realistic amount [1]
(b) Matching principle
(c) (i)

(ii)

Bad debts account

| 2007 |  | $\$$ | 2007 |  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan 31 | J.Ukata | $\underline{80}$ | [1] | Jan 31 | Profit \& Loss |
|  | $\underline{80}$ | $\underline{80}$ | [1] O/F |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

(iii)

Bad debts recovered account

| 2007 |  | \$ | 2006 | $\$$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan 31 | Profit \& Loss* | $\underline{35}$ | [1] | $\operatorname{Dec} 31$ | Cash |
|  | $\underline{\underline{35}}$ |  | $\underline{35} \quad$ [1] |  |  |

(iv)

Provision for doubtful debts account

|  |  | $\$$200 |  | 2006 |  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan 31 Balance c/d |  | [1] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb } 1 \\ & 2007 \end{aligned}$ | Balance b/d | 150 | [1] |
|  |  |  |  | Jan 31 | Profit \& Loss | 50 | [1] |
|  |  | $\underline{\underline{200}}$ |  |  |  | $\underline{200}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2007 \\ & \text { Feb } 1 \end{aligned}$ | Balance b/d | 200 | [1]O/F |

* Alternatively, transfer to bad debts account. The transfer from bad debts to profit \& loss would then be $\$ 45$.

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(c) Alternative presentation
(i)

(ii)

Bad debts account

| 2007 |  | Debit | $\begin{gathered} \text { Credit } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan 31 | J.Ukata <br> Profit \& Loss | 80 [1] |  | [1]O/F | 80 | Dr |

(iii)
Bad debts recovered account

|  |  | Debit | Credit |  | Balance |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2006 | $\$$ | $\$$ |  |  |  |  |
| Dec31 | Cash |  |  | 35 | [1] |  |
| 2007 |  | 35 | Cr |  |  |  |
| Jan 31 | Profit \& Loss* | 35 | [1] |  |  |  |

(iv)

Provision for doubtful debts account

|  |  | Debit | Credit |  | Balance |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 2006 | \$ | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |  |  |
| Feb 1 | Balance |  | 150 | [1] | 150 | Cr |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan 31 | Profit \& Loss |  | 50 | [1] | 200 | Cr [2]C/F |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Alternatively, transfer to bad debts account. The transfer from bad debts to profit \& loss would then be $\$ 45$.
(d)

|  | Item | Overstated |  | Understated |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (ii) | Net profit for the year ended 31 <br> January 2007 | $\$$ | $\$$ |  |  |
| (iii) | Total of current assets in Balance <br> Sheet at 31 January 2007 | 200 | O/F [1] | No effect | [1] |


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3 (a)
Jamil and Sara Suliman
Trading Account for the year ended 30 April 2007

Sales
Less cost of sales
Opening stock
Purchases
Less Closing stock - Stock remaining
Stock lost


|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| 4500 | $[1]$ |  |
| 2500 |  |  |
|  |  | $[2]$ |$\quad$ C/F

4500 [1]
2500 [2] C/F
[1] $\mathrm{O} / \mathrm{F}$

26000 [1] 31000

7000
$\underline{24000}$
6000
(2)

Horizontal format acceptable
(b) Calculation of net profit -

|  | $\$$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Gross profit | 6000 | O/F |  |
| Less Expenses | $\underline{4600}$ |  |  |
| Net profit | $\underline{1400}$ | [1] | O/F |

(c) Calculation of partners' share of the residual net profit/loss -

|  |  | \$ | \$ | [1] O/F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net profit |  |  | 1400 |  |
| Interest on capital - | Jamil | 2000 |  |  |
|  | Sara | 1000 | $\begin{gathered} 3000 \\ (1600) \end{gathered}$ | [1] |
| Share of loss - | Jamil Sara | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 800 \\ 800 \end{array}\right\}[1]$ | (1600) |  |

(d)

Current accounts

| 2006 | Balance b/d | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jamil } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\$}{\text { Sara }}$ |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\$}{\text { Jamil }}$ | Sara |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2006 |  |  |  |
| May 1 |  | 200 |  |  |  | May 1 | Balance b/d |  | 600 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |
| Apr 30 | Drawings | 3100 | 2800 | [1] |  | Apr 30 | Interest on capital | 2000 | 1000 |
|  | Share of Loss | 800 | 800 | [1] | O/F |  | Balances c/d | $\underline{2100}$ | 2000 |
|  |  | $\underline{4100}$ | $\underline{3600}$ |  |  |  |  | $\underline{4100}$ | $\underline{3600}$ |

2007
May 1 Balances b/d 2100 [1] O/F
In all cases the marks are for suitable wording and two figures
Alternatively allow two separate " T " accounts

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(d) Alternative presentation

Jamil Current account

|  |  | Debit | Credit | Balance |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 2006 |  | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |  |
| May 1 | Balance | 200 |  | 200 | Dr |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr 30 | Drawings | 3100 |  | 3300 | Dr |
|  | Share of loss | 800 |  | 4100 | Dr |
|  | Interest on Capital |  | 2000 | 2100 | Dr |

Sara Current account

|  |  | Debit | Credit | Balance |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | :--- |
| 2006 |  | $\$$ | $\$$ |  |  |
| May 1 | Balance |  | 600 | 600 | Cr |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr 30 | Drawings | 2800 |  | 2200 | Dr |
|  | Share of loss <br>  <br> Interest on Capital | 800 | 1000 | 3000 | Dr |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Opening balances
Drawings
Share of loss
Interest on capital
Closing balances
[1] for suitable wording and two figures
[1] for suitable wording and two figures
[1] O/Fs for suitable wording and two figures
[1] for suitable wording and two figures
[1] O/Fs for two figures
(e) (i) To enter goodwill on the books

| account(s) to be <br> debited | $\$$ |  | account(s) to be <br> credited | $\$$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goodwill | 20000 | [1] | Jamil Capital <br> Sara Capital | 10000 | [1] |
| 10000 | [1] |  |  |  |  |

(ii) To write off the goodwill

| account(s) to be <br> debited | $\$$ |  | account(s) to be <br> credited | $\$$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Jamil Capital | 8000 | [1] | Goodwill | 20000 |  |
| [1] |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sara Capital | 8000 | [1] |  |  |  |
| Fatima Capital | 4000 | [1] |  |  |  |


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4 (a)
Peter Mpho
Balance Sheet at 31 January 2007
\$ \$

47000

Stock 17500
Debtors (19 200 + 150) 19350 [1]
Petty cash
Current Liabilities
Creditors
29000
Bank overdraft (300-1050)
Accrual

750 [1]
200 [1]

Fixed Assets
Premises at cost

100
36950 [1]O/F
Equipment at valuation

## $\underline{29950 ~[1] O / F ~}$

Working Capital

Capital
Opening Balance 145000
*Net Profit (13500-200 + 600-3000-1050 + 150)
[1] [1] [1] [1] [1]
10000 [1]O/F
155000
11000
[1]
144000
Horizontal format acceptable
7000
144000
[1]O/F

Drawings (10 $400+600$ )
*Calculation of net profit
Original figure
Add goods for own use 600
carriage outwards
150

$$
\frac{750}{14250}
$$

Less wages owing
200
revaluation of equipment 3000
bank charges
1050
4250
10000
(b) (ii) Reliability
[1]
(iii) Comparability
(iv) Understandability [1]
(c) Financial information is only relevant if it can be used -

To confirm or correct prior expectations about past events
To assist in forming, revising or confirming expectations about the future
As the basis for financial decisions
Explanation of any 1 point [2]

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5 (a) (i) Current ratio
(ii) Quick ratio
(iii) Collection period for debtors
(iv) Payment period for creditors

$$
70000: 40000=1.75: 1 \text { [1] }
$$

$$
(70000-34000): 40000=0.90: 1 \text { [1] }
$$

$$
\frac{29000}{275000} \times \frac{365}{1}[1]=39 \text { days [1] }
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{40000}{465000} \times \frac{365}{1}[1]=32 \text { days [1] } \tag{6}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b) Does not include stock in the calculation [1]

## Either

Stock is not regarded as a liquid asset - a buyer has to be found and then the money collected. Some stock may prove to be unsaleable. [1]
Or
The quick ratio shows whether the business would have any surplus liquid funds if all the current liabilities were paid immediately from the liquid assets. [1]
(c) Satisfied if (a) (ii) is higher than the ratio for 2005

Not satisfied if (a) (ii) is lower than the ratio for 2005
(d) Increase in current liabilities greater than the increase in current assets Increase in creditors and no significant change in current assets
Decrease in debtors and no significant change in current liabilities
Decrease in bank and no significant change in current liabilities
Decrease in stock and no significant change in current liabilities
Or suitable response based on own figure calculation in (a) (i)
Any 1 acceptable point [2]
[2]
(e) (i) Not satisfied if (a) (iii) is more than the ratio for 2005 Satisfied if (a) (iii) is less than the ratio for 2005
(ii) Debtors are taking 9 days longer to pay than the previous year Or suitable explanation based on O/F answer to (a) (iii)
(f) Debtors are taking longer to pay so this may have a knock-on effect and mean that the creditors may have to wait longer for their accounts to be paid.
Or suitable explanation based on O/F answer to (a) (iii) and (a) (iv)
(g) Rate of stock turnover

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(h) The accounts may be for 1 year only and not show trends

The accounts may not be for a typical year
The financial year may end at a different point in the trading cycle
The businesses may operate different accounting policies e.g. depreciation
The accounts do not show non-monetary items but these are important in the success of a business
It is not always possible to obtain all the information about a business in order to make a true comparison

## Or other suitable points

Any 3 correct points [1] each
[Total: 20]

