## ACCOUNTING

0452/01
Paper 1 Multiple Choice

Additional Materials:
Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.
Calculators may be used.

This document consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page.

1 Businesses use financial records to prepare final accounts.
Which record is used in the preparation of the balance sheet?
A bank statement
B cash book
C purchases journal
D sales journal

2 What does the owner of a business discover from the profit and loss account?
A bank account balance
B how much has been spent on fixed assets
C how much she withdrew from the business
D whether gross profit has exceeded expenses

3 Which is a liability of a business?
A amount owing by debtors
B amount owing to creditors
C long term loan to employee
D property tax paid in advance

4 Which appears in both the trading account and the profit and loss account?
A cost of sales
B gross profit
C net profit
D sales

5 A trader reduced the telephone expenses in the final accounts by the amount of his personal telephone bill, which had been included in the telephone expenses account.

Which accounting principle is the trader using?
A business entity
B going concern
C matching
D prudence

6 A payment of rent of $\$ 100$ is debited to the rent account and credited to the bank account.
Which accounting principle is being applied?
A consistency
B duality
C prudence
D realisation

7 Which would not be recorded in the accounting records of a business when applying the money measurement principle?

A cost of computers purchased
B fees paid for staff computer training course
C new computer skills acquired by staff
D repair bill for computers

8 When are credit sales recorded in the seller's book-keeping records?
A when the cash is received
B when the goods are delivered
C when the goods are invoiced
D when the sales order is received

9 Bashir buys goods on credit from Khalid. The goods are damaged and Bashir returns them to Khalid.

Which document does Khalid send to Bashir to confirm the return?
A credit note
B debit note
C invoice
D statement

10 Which book of prime entry is also a ledger account?
A cash book
B journal
C purchases journal
D sales journal

11 A trader provides the following extract from her petty cash book.

| Date | Details | Total paid | Analysis columns |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Stationery <br> $\$$ | Cleaning <br> $\$$ | Ledger accounts <br> $\$$ |
| April 10 | Window cleaner | 10 |  | 10 |  |
| 19 | M. Ali | 12 |  |  | 12 |
| 26 | Printer paper | 25 | 25 |  |  |
| 30 | Total for month | 47 | 25 | 10 | 12 |

Which entries are made in the ledger on 30 April?
A credit stationery account: credit cleaning account: credit ledger accounts
B credit stationery account: credit cleaning account: credit M. Ali account
C debit stationery account: debit cleaning account: debit ledger accounts
D debit stationery account: debit cleaning account: debit M. Ali account

12 Simon sells goods on credit to Linda. The list price of the goods is $\$ 2000$. Simon allows his customers a trade discount of $25 \%$. A cash discount of $2 \%$ is also allowed if the customer pays the account in 30 days.

What amount will be entered in Simon's sales journal?
A $\$ 1460$
B $\$ 1470$
C $\$ 1500$
D $\$ 1960$

13 Which transaction is recorded in the journal?
A correction of an error in recording sales returns
B drawings in cash by the owner
C purchase of a motor vehicle by cheque
D purchase of goods on credit

14 Rent is paid to J. Perigo in cash.
How is this recorded?

|  | account to be debited | account to be credited |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | cash | rent |
| B | J. Perigo | rent |
| C | rent | cash |
| D | rent | J. Perigo |

15 The totals of the discount columns in a cash book are as follows:

| debit | $\$ 2000$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| credit | $\$ 1250$ |

Which entries are made in the ledger accounts?

|  | account to be debited | $\$$ | account to be credited | $\$$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | discounts allowed | 1250 | discounts received | 2000 |
| B | discounts allowed | 2000 | discounts received | 1250 |
| C | discounts received | 1250 | discounts allowed | 2000 |
| D | discounts received | 2000 | discounts allowed | 1250 |

16 On 1 April 2007 Chan owes Tan $\$ 570$. During April 2007 the following transactions took place.
Tan sold goods, $\$ 380$, on credit to Chan
Chan returned goods, \$150, to Tan
Chan paid Tan $\$ 500$ by cheque
What is the balance brought down on Chan's account in Tan's ledger on 1 May 2007?
A $\$ 300$ credit
B $\$ 300$ debit
C $\$ 840$ credit
D $\$ 840$ debit

17 How is the purchase of goods on credit recorded?

|  | general ledger | purchases ledger |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | debit cash | credit purchases |
| B | credit cash | debit purchases |
| C | debit purchases | credit supplier |
| D | credit purchases | debit supplier |

18 Saddique's trial balance failed to balance. The debit column totalled $\$ 12250$ and the credit column totalled \$12 200.

The following errors were discovered and corrected.
No entry had been made for cash sales, $\$ 150$.
The total of the discount received account, $\$ 50$, had been omitted from the trial balance.
What will be the totals of the amended trial balance?
A $\$ 12 \mathbf{2 5 0}$
B $\$ 12300$
C $\$ 12350$
D $\$ 12400$

19 The difference on a trial balance was entered in a suspense account.
It was found later that a payment of $\$ 1600$ for rent had been entered correctly in the cash book but credited in the rent account.

Which entry corrects this error?

|  | account to be debited | $\$$ | account to be credited | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| A | rent | 1600 | suspense | 1600 |
| B | rent | 3200 | suspense | 3200 |
| C | suspense | 1600 | rent | 1600 |
| D | suspense | 3200 | rent | 3200 |

20 Mohammed deals in office equipment. A desk intended for use by the business was recorded as the purchase of goods for resale.

Which entry corrects this error?

|  | account to be debited | account to be credited |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | purchases | office equipment |
| B | office equipment | purchases |
| C | sales | office equipment |
| D | office equipment | sales |

21 A business receives a bank statement and updates its cash book.
Which item will increase the bank balance in the cash book?
A bank charges
B credit transfers received
C interest charges
D standing orders paid

22 Why should all accrued expenses be shown in a business's final accounts?
A so that the correct total of current assets is shown in the balance sheet
B so that the income of a period is matched against the costs of that period
C to show how much customers owe the business
D to show the amount owed to trade suppliers

23 Susan receives a cheque from a tenant on 10 December 2006. This is rent due to the business for the period 1 January to 31 March 2007.

How is this treated in Susan's final accounts for the year ended 31 December 2006 ?
A accrued expense
B accrued income
C prepaid expense
D prepaid income

24 Which is a capital receipt?
A discount received
B interest received from bank account
C proceeds from sale of fixed asset
D sales income

25 A purchase of equipment is debited to the equipment repairs account in error.
What is the effect of this error on the business's final accounts?

|  | net profit |  | fixed assets in balance sheet |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | too high | too low | too high | too low |
| A | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| B | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| C |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| D |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |

26 A business fails to depreciate its fixed assets.
What is the effect of this?
A fixed assets are overstated and net profit is overstated
B fixed assets are overstated and net profit is understated
C fixed assets are understated and net profit is overstated
D fixed assets are understated and net profit is understated

27 Paul purchased a motor vehicle for $\$ 15000$. He estimated that it would be used for 5 years and then be sold for $\$ 2000$. Paul decided to spread the depreciation of the motor vehicle equally over its working life at the rate of $20 \%$ per annum.

What is the accumulated depreciation at the end of year 2?
A $\$ 4680$
B $\$ 5200$
C $\$ 5400$
D $\$ 6000$

28 How should stock be valued?
A higher of selling price and cost
B higher of net realisable value and cost
C lower of selling price and cost
D lower of net realisable value and cost

29 The following information is provided.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| sales for the year | 220000 |
| purchases for the year | 130000 |
| opening stock | 10000 |
| closing stock | 12000 |

What is the cost of goods sold?
A $\$ 90000$
B $\$ 92000$
C $\$ 128000$
D $\$ 132000$

30 Abu is a trader. In March 2006 he wrote off a credit customer's account as a bad debt.
Where will this bad debt appear in Abu's final accounts prepared at 31 December 2006?
A deducted from creditors in balance sheet
B deducted from debtors in balance sheet
C deducted from gross profit in profit and loss account
D deducted from sales in trading account

31 Which is not entered in a partnership profit and loss appropriation account?
A drawings
B interest on capital
C interest on drawings
D partners' salaries

32 Amy and Beth are in partnership, sharing profits equally. No salaries are paid to the partners.
For the financial year ended 31 December 2006:

|  |  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| net profit |  | 100000 |
| interest charged on partners' drawings | Amy | 6000 |
|  | Beth | 4000 |

How much is credited to Beth's current account for the year ended 31 December 2006 ?
A $\$ 50000$
B $\quad \$ 51000$
C $\$ 55000$
D $\$ 59000$

33 A trader provides the following information.

|  | 1 January 2006 <br> $\$$ | 31 December 2006 <br> $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| total assets | 50000 | 60000 |
| total liabilities | 15000 | 22000 |

The owner's drawings for the year ended 31 December 2006 were $\$ 12000$.
What was the net profit for the year?
A $\$ 3000$
B $\quad \$ 9000$
C $\$ 10000$
D $\$ 15000$

34 A trader does not keep complete accounting records but is able to provide the following information at the end of her first year of trading.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| cheques received from customers | 628 |
| cash received from customers | 149 |
| amount owed by customers at the |  |
| end of the year | 73 |
| discounts allowed | 25 |

What are the sales for the year?
A $\$ 726$
B $\$ 825$
C $\$ 850$
D $\$ 875$

35 A trader's balances at 31 December include the following.

|  | \$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| creditors | 500 |
| cash | 50 |
| stock | 1100 |
| bank overdraft | 400 |
| equipment | 750 |
| debtors | 200 |

What is the total of the current assets?
A $\$ 1350$
B $\$ 1650$
C $\$ 1750$
D $\$ 2100$

36 Which group contains only tangible fixed assets?
A bank, cash, debtors, stock
B bank, debtors, loan, prepaid expenses
C equipment, goodwill, machinery, vehicles
D equipment, machinery, premises, vehicles

37 How is working capital calculated?
A current assets - current liabilities
B current assets - current liabilities - long term liabilities
C fixed assets + current assets - current liabilities
D fixed assets - long term liabilities

38 The net profit of a business was $\$ 15000$. Balances in the books of the business include the following:

|  | \$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| premises | 80000 |
| debtors | 12000 |
| creditors | 7000 |
| stock | 2000 |
| cash | 1000 |
| long term loan | 20000 |

What is the return on capital employed (ROCE) \%?
A $15.79 \%$
B $17.05 \%$
C $19.23 \%$
D $22.06 \%$

39 A business provides the following information for the year ended 30 April 2007.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| sales | 90000 |
| cost of sales | 55000 |
| expenses | 15000 |

What is the percentage of gross profit to sales?
A $22.22 \%$
B $38.89 \%$
C $61.11 \%$
D $77.78 \%$

40 The table shows information about Ahmed's business for the last two years.

|  | 2005 | 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| sales | $\$ 40000$ | $\$ 50000$ |
| gross profit as a percentage of sales | $35 \%$ | $28 \%$ |
| net profit as a percentage of sales | $15 \%$ | $14 \%$ |

What does a comparison of these results show about Ahmed's business?
A Expenses were controlled better in 2005 than in 2006.
B Expenses were controlled better in 2006 than in 2005.
C The value of gross profit was greater in 2005 than in 2006.
D The value of gross profit was greater in 2006 than in 2005.

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