## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2007 question paper

## 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/03
Paper 3, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 (a) The petty cashier starts each period with the same amount of money (1) (the imprest).
At the end of the period the chief cashier will make up the cash remaining so that it is equal to the imprest amount (1)
(b)
John Paihia - Petty Cash Book

| Total Received | Date | Details | Total Paid | Postages \& stationery | Travelling expenses | Cleaning | Ledger accounts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 2007 |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 48(1) | Sept 1 | Balance b/d |  |  |  |  |  |
| 252(1) |  | Cash/Bank |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6 | Postage stamps | 15 | 15 (1) |  |  |  |
|  | 11 | Paul Ahipara | 95 |  |  |  | 95 (1) |
|  | 19 | Cleaner | 24 |  |  | 24 (1) |  |
|  | 23 | Travelling expenses | 9 |  | 9 (1) |  |  |
|  | 25 | Stationery | 72 | 72 (1) |  |  |  |
| 6(1) | 29 | Refund on stationery | $\overline{215}$ (1) | $\overline{87}$ | 9 | 24 | 95 |
|  | 30 | Balance c/d | $\underline{91}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 306 |  |  | 306 |  |  |  |  |
| 91(1)O/F 209(1)O/F | Oct 1 | Balance b/d Cash/Bank |  |  |  |  |  |

Dates
4 O/F totals of analysis columns 2 Matching O/F totals of Total Columns
(1)
(1)
(1)
(c) At the end of each period (1) the totals of the analysis columns for expenses (1) are debited to the appropriate expense account (1)

The individual items in the ledger accounts column are debited to the appropriate creditors' accounts (1)
[Total: 20]

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2 (a) If stock is not valued at the lower figure then both the net profit and the current assets may be overstated (2)
Or
It is the application of the principle of prudence (2)
(b)

## Red Barn Manufacturing <br> Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 August 2007

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of raw material |  |  |
| Opening stock of raw material | 43500 (1) |  |
| Purchases | $\underline{576000(1)}$ | 619500 |
| Less Closing stock of raw material |  | 37000 (1) |
|  |  | 582500 |
| Direct factory wages |  | 473600 (1) |
| Prime cost |  | 1056100 (1) |
| Factory indirect wages | 197 600\} |  |
| Factory general expenses | 335 500\} (1) |  |
| Depreciation factory machinery | 32000 (1) | 565100 |
|  |  | 1621200 (1)O/F |
| Add Opening work in progress |  | 21400 (1) |
|  |  | 1642600 |
| Less Closing work in progress |  | 15800 (1) |
| Cost of production |  | 1626800 (1)O/F |

Horizontal format acceptable
(c)

Red Barn Manufacturing
Trading Account for the year ended 31 August 2007

|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sales |  | 2249400 |
| Less Cost of sales |  |  |

Horizontal format acceptable
(d) Rate of stock turnover $\frac{1605400 \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{F}}{(142100+163500) \div 2}=10.51$ times (1)O/F
(e) Reduce stock levels (1)

Generate more sales activity (1)

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3 (a)
AI Shuhada Music Club
Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 30 September 2007

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income |  |  |
| Subscriptions (9550 + 350 (1)-150 (1)) |  | 9750 |
| Concert - Ticket sales | 3000 |  |
| Less Expenses | $\underline{2730}$ | 270 (1) |
|  |  | $\overline{10020}$ |
| Expenditure |  |  |
| Property tax (3130-400 (1)-240 (1) | 2490 |  |
| Insurance | $1780\}$ |  |
| General expenses | $5820\}$ (1) |  |
| Bank charges | 210 (1) |  |
| Depreciation - musical instruments $(9800+750-8700)$ | 1850 (1) | 12150 |
| Deficit for the year |  | $\underline{2130}$ (1)O/F |
| Horizontal format acceptable |  |  |

## (b) Either

Opening bank balance (1)
This is neither income nor expenditure for the year as it represents the bank overdraft on 1 October 2006. (1)

Or
Purchase of new instruments (1)
This is not regarded as revenue expenditure as it is the purchase of a fixed asset. (1)

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(c)

AI Shuhada Music Club
Balance Sheet at 30 September 2007

| \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fixed Assets |  |
| Premises at cost | 32000 |
| Musical instruments at valuation | 8700 |
|  | 40700 (1) |
| Current Assets |  |
| Property tax prepaid 240 (1) |  |
| Current Liabilities |  |
| Bank overdraft (15830-12550 (1) |  |
| + bank charges 210 (1)) $\underline{3490}$ |  |
|  | (3250) |
|  | 37450 |
| Accumulated Fund |  |
| Opening balance | 39580 |
| Any 2 correct items (1) to max of (3) |  |
| Less Deficit for the year | $\underline{2130}$ (1)O/F |
|  | 37450 |


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4 (a) Ann and Fay lose a degree of control
Ann and Fay will have to share any future profits with Kim
The risk of conflict of opinion is increased
May involve extra costs (accommodation/staff support etc.)
Or other acceptable point
Any 1 point (1)
(b) (i) To avoid disagreements/misunderstandings later
(ii) Interest on capital
(iii) Partner's salary
(c) (i)

Goodwill account

| 2007 | \$ | 2007 | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct 1 Ann Capital | 10200 (1) | Oct 1 Ann Capital | 8500 (1) |
| Fay Capital | 6800 (1) | Fay Capital | 5100 (1) |
|  |  | Kim Capital | 3400 (1) |
|  | 17000 |  | 17000 |

Alternative presentation
Goodwill account

| 2007 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Debit } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Credit } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct 1 Ann Capital | 10200 (1) |  | 10200 Dr |
| Fay Capital | 6800 (1) |  | 17000 Dr |
| Ann Capital |  | 8500 (1) | 8500 Dr |
| Fay Capital |  | 5100 (1) | 3400 Dr |
| Kim Capital |  | 3400 (1) | 0 |


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(c) (ii)

## Capital accounts



## Alternatively allow three separate "T" accounts

[Total: 22]
(c) (ii) Alternative presentation

| Ann Capital account |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | Debit <br> \$ | Credit \$ | Balance \$ |
| Oct 1 Balance |  | 30000 (1) | 30000 Cr |
| Goodwill |  | 10200 (1)O/F | 40200 Cr |
| Goodwill | 8500 (1)O/F |  | 31700 Cr (1)O/F |

Fay Capital account

|  | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| Oct 1 Balance |  | 15000 (1) | 15000 Cr |
| Goodwill |  | 6800 (1)O/F | 21800 Cr |
| Goodwill | 5100 (1)O/F |  | 16700 Cr |
|  |  |  |  |

Kim Capital account

|  | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| Oct 1 Bank |  | $10000(1)$ | 10000 Cr |
| Office Eqp. <br> Goodwill |  | 3400 (1)O/F | 1000 (1) |
|  |  |  | 11000 Cr |
| 7600 Cr (1)O/F |  |  |  |

[Total: 22]

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5 (a) (i) Gross profit $=72000-(5200+54400-4900)=17300$ (1)
Gross profit as \% of sales $\frac{17300}{72000} \times \frac{100}{1}=24.03 \%(1) \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{F}$
(ii) Look for cheaper supplies

Increase selling prices
Change proportions of different types of goods sold

## Or other acceptable point

Any 2 points (1) each
(b) (i) Net profit $=17300$ (O/F) $-(15 \% \times 72000)=6500(1)$

Net profit as \% of sales $\frac{6500}{72000}$ (O/F) $\times \frac{100}{1}=9.03 \%$ (1)O/F
(ii) Increase gross profit e.g. increase profit margin, increase selling prices etc.

Increase sales
Reduce expenses e.g. reduce staffing levels, reduce advertising etc.
Increase other income e.g. rent out part of premises, earn more discount

## Or other acceptable point

Any 2 points (1) each
(c) (i) Comparability
(ii) Information provided in financial statements must be reliable (1)

## Either

It must be capable of being depended upon as a faithful representation of the underlying transactions and events it represents (1)
Or
It must be capable of being independently verified (1)
Or
It must be free from bias (1)
Or
It must be free from significant errors (1)
Or
It must be prepared with suitable caution being applied to any judgements and estimates (1)

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(d) Bank manager

Assessment of prospects of any requested loan/overdraft repaid when due Assessment of prospects of any interest on loan/overdraft being paid when due Assessment of the security available to cover any loan/overdraft

Lenders
Assessment of prospects of any requested loan when due
Assessment of prospects of any interest on loan being paid when due
Assessment of the security available to cover any loan
Creditor for goods
Assessment of the liquidity position
Identifying how long the business takes to pay creditors
Identifying future prospects of the business
Identifying what credit limit is reasonable
Managers (if any)
Assessment of past performance
Basis of future planning
Control the activities of the business
Identifying areas where corrective action is required
Or other suitable interested persons e.g. trades unions/employees/ government bodies/take-over-bidders/competitors etc

Three parties to be identified - (1) each giving a total of (3)
One acceptable reason required in each case - (1) giving a total of (3)
[Total: 17]

